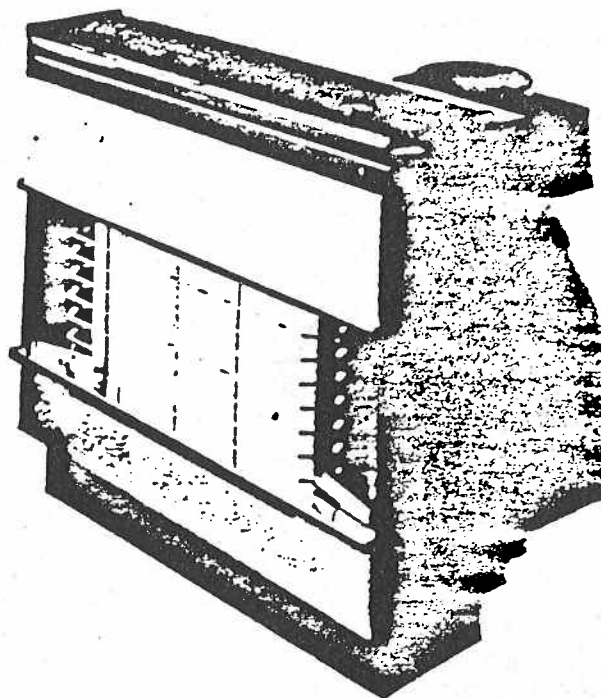


**GALAXIE
GALAXIE**

**246 &
246 'N'**

**COMBINED CENTRAL
HEATING BOILER
AND SPACE HEATER**



G.C. Nos.

44 315 15 Galaxie 246 (Cat. II TN)

44 315 16 Galaxie 246 'N' (Cat. IN)

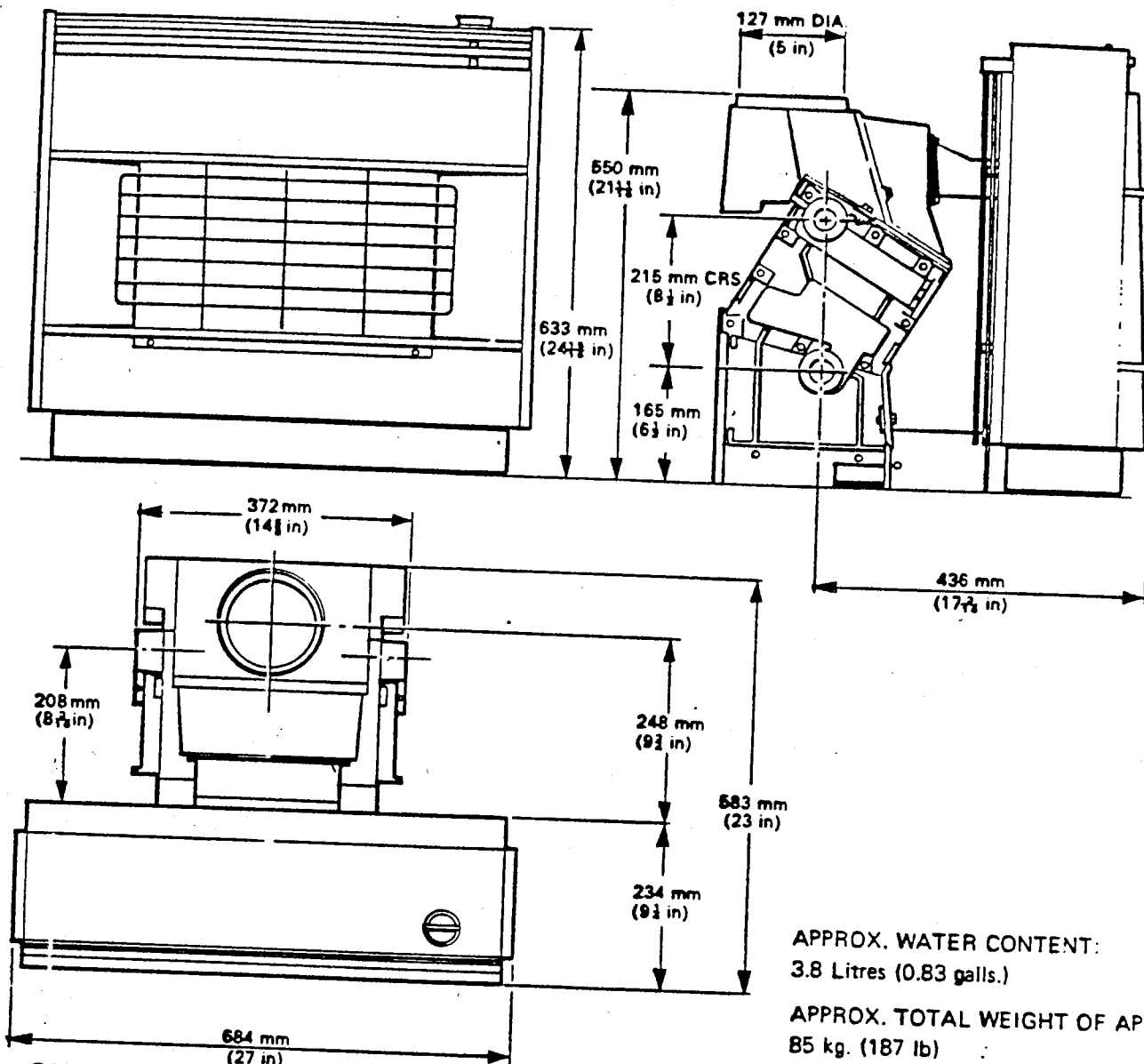
INSTALLATION AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

(To be left with the user or at the gas service meter)

Glow-worm



OVERALL DIMENSIONS



GALAXIE 246

Gas group	BOILER				FIRE		
	Injector		Pressure setting		Injector	Pressure setting	
	Furigas	Bray	mbar	in. w.g.	Bray	mbar in. w.g.	
1st Family (Manufactured Gas)	G4	1 hole x 5.8mm dia.	Cat.37	5.0	2.0	Cat. 29 No. 900	4.0 1.6
	G5		No.500	5.9	2.4	Cat. 29 No. 900	4.8 1.9
2nd Family (Natural Gas)		5 hole x 1.6mm dia.	Cat.37 No.150	14.1	5.7	Cat. 16 No. 300	10.6 4.2

GALAXIE 246 'N'

IMPORTANT NOTICE: The GALAXIE 246 'N' is for use on natural gas only and CANNOT be used on any other gas.

Gas group	BOILER				FIRE	
	Injector		Pressure setting		Injector	Pressure setting
	Furigas	Bray	mbar	in. w.g.	Bray	mbar in. w.g.
2nd Family (Natural Gas)	5 hole x 1.6mm dia.	Cat.37 No.150	14.1	5.7	Cat. 28 No. 220	19.4 7.8

These instructions are applicable to both models. Where differences in procedure occur between the GALAXIE 246 and GALAXIE 246 'N', these are noted in the relevant section. If in doubt of the model, it may be identified from the data badge, visible on the lower L.H. side of the back panel when the casing is removed.

TYPES OF FIXING

a. Wall Mounted (that is, without tiled surround).

The builder's opening dimensions given earlier still apply. The frontal opening required is 580 mm. wide x 590 mm. high (22 $\frac{3}{4}$ in. x 23 $\frac{3}{4}$ in.), which means that a lintel must be fixed at a height of 590 mm. (23 $\frac{3}{4}$ in.) above the base of the builder's opening, and the wall is plastered up to the two sides and top to form the 580 mm. x 590 mm. frontal access. Wall decoration can be taken right up to the sides of the opening, no further register or closure plate is required.

In this type of installation it is quite normal to carpet the floor directly below the fire, and for this reason it is necessary to arrange the floor of the builder's opening at a minimum height of 107 mm. (4 $\frac{1}{4}$ in.) above room floor level to allow the necessary minimum height of 158 mm. (6 $\frac{1}{4}$ in.) from floor level to the underside of the fire casing, after carpet or floor covering has been fitted to avoid overheating of the carpet or unprotected floor fabric.

Under no circumstance must the prepared base in the brickwork setting be closer to the room floor level, unless a fireproof and insulating protection plate or base with minimum dimensions of 700 mm. (27 $\frac{1}{2}$ in.) wide x 300 mm. (12 in.) deep x 12.5 mm. ($\frac{1}{2}$ in.) thick, be fitted below the fire.

b. Tile Surround Fixing

The GALAXIE 246 can be installed with the tiled surround and hearth in position.

All tile surrounds vary in dimensions, it is important therefore to check that the thickness of the existing surround does not bring the boiler too far forward so that it fouls the flue. It must also have a flat face.

The minimum opening required in the tiled surround is 406 mm. (16 in.) wide x 560 mm. (22 in.) high. The maximum opening permitted is 580 mm. (22 $\frac{3}{4}$ in.) wide x 590 mm. (23 $\frac{3}{4}$ in.) high.

The prepared boiler base of the builders opening **MUST** be level with or above, the top surface of the hearth to give a minimum gap of 21 mm ($\frac{7}{8}$ in.) from the bottom of the fire plinth to the hearth. See diagram 2.

THE FLUE

The general recommendations of B.S.5440:1 should be observed. In common with all central heating boilers the integral draught diverter on the GALAXIE 246 boiler makes the combustion performance independent of conditions in the chimney flue. It is essential that the flue be an efficient ventilator for the flue products to ensure a trouble-free installation, and of at least 3 metres (10 feet) equivalent height.

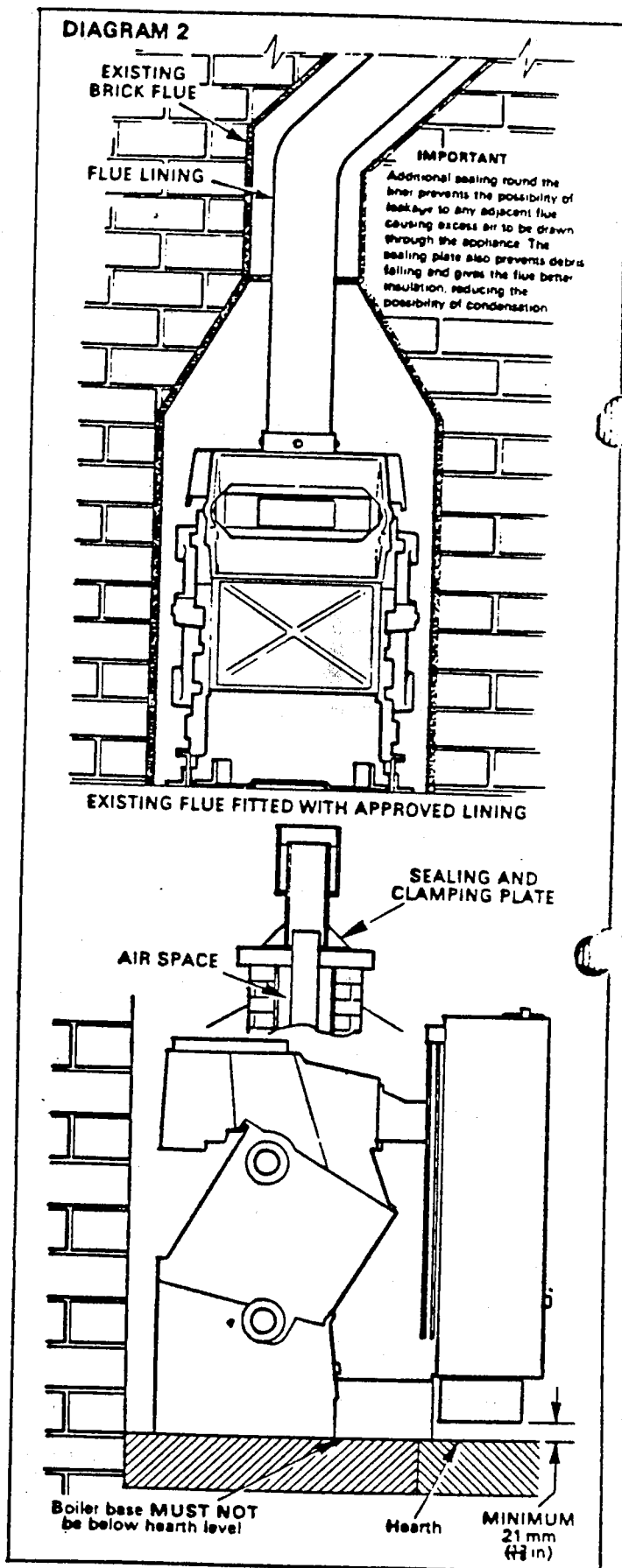
An existing brick chimney must be thoroughly swept and must be lined with a British Gas approved liner sleeve of 127 mm. (5 in.) dia., which must be connected and sealed directly into the flue outlet socket of the boiler. The termination of the liner at chimney top must be adequately sealed and clamped, using proprietary fittings appropriate to the flue liner used. (See diagram 2.)

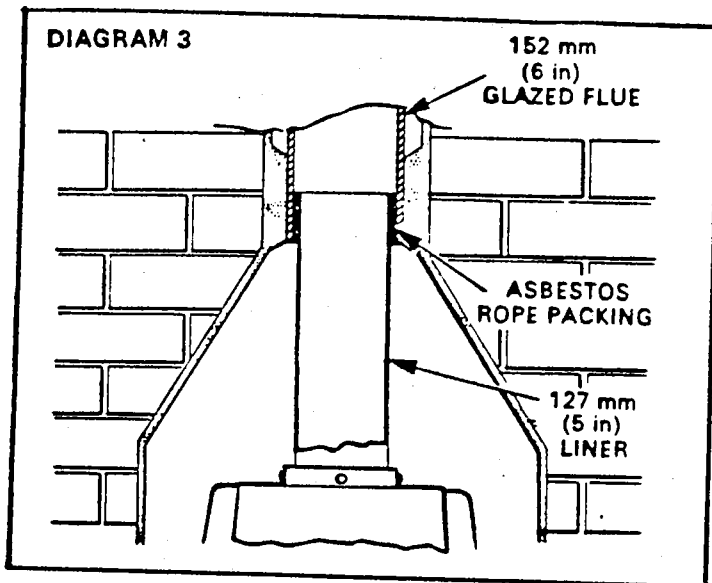
THE EXISTING FLUE MAY NOT BE COMPLETELY SOUND, TO OVERCOME ANY DOUBTS IN THIS RESPECT ADDITIONAL SEALING MUST BE CARRIED OUT BETWEEN THE BASE OF THE CHIMNEY AND THE FLUE LINER, AS RECOMMENDED IN DIAGRAM 2.

A newly-built chimney can be lined with a moisture resistant lining, such as salt glazed pipe, 152 mm. (6 in.) dia.

In the case of a 'salt glazed' lined flue, it is recommended that a short length of flue pipe, possibly flexible metallic as described above, be fixed and sealed to the boiler flue socket and made good with asbestos rope packing into the chimney liner. (See diagram 3.)

All flues must terminate in a British Gas approved terminal. Your local Gas Region will be pleased to advise.





ROOM VENTILATION

It is important that the room in which the GALAXIE 246 is fixed must have adequate air inlets to ensure correct operation of the appliance. A permanent air vent of effective area 77 cm^2 (12 in^2) should be fitted. It may communicate direct with outside or with an internal room or space (such as a hall) which is itself provided with a permanent air vent of the same effective area. The permanent air vent should be located in a position which minimises nuisance to occupants due to draughts.

HEATING SYSTEM

The design and installation of the system should be in accordance with British Standard Code of Practice CP 3006. When used to supply a domestic hot water system combined with a central heating circuit, the hot water cylinder must be indirect. The boiler should never be used on a direct domestic hot water system.

DRAINING

Key operated taps to BS 2879 should be fitted in accessible positions to facilitate complete emptying of the system, except small dips under doors, etc.

SAFETY VALVE

When fitted it should be adjacent to the boiler on the flow pipe. It should not be possible to isolate the valve from the boiler by any intermediate cock.

BOILER CONNECTIONS

The boiler body has two Rp1 (1 in. BSP) tappings on each side.

GAS CONNECTION

The gas installation should comply with the recommendations of CP 331, Parts 2 and 3. The gas supply and meter must be large enough to supply the boiler, together with any other gas appliance connected to them. If in doubt, your local Gas Region should be consulted.

If the gas supply is entering from the right hand side of the appliance, the gas supply should be laid before the boiler is positioned.

If the builders opening and flue were previously used with a solid fuel appliance, the gas supply pipe within the opening should be protected. A suitable method is to wrap with PVC tape.

STAGE 1

INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

It is assumed that the builder's opening has been prepared as described previously.

IMPORTANT

Remove the combustion chamber front cover and extension piece assembly from the boiler body before taking the boiler from the wooden pallet by removing the two slotted hex. head screws and washers securing it to the boiler.

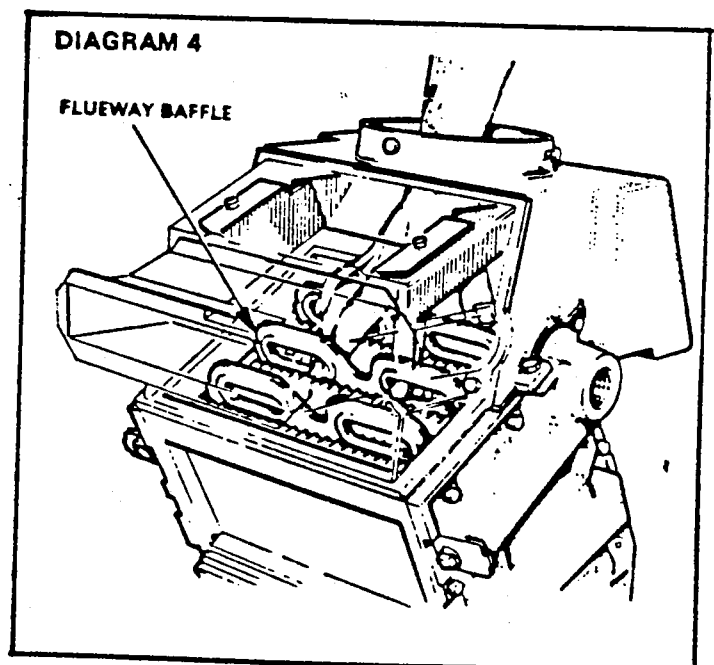
Remove the boiler body and base assembly from its packing and check that the three flueway baffles have not become dislodged in transit and are pushed firmly down into the flueways. (See diagram 4.)

Place the boiler in its approximate position, centrally in the builder's opening. **The gas fire flue off-take should not be used to lift the boiler.** From the fire assembly container remove the formed steel channel, the sheet steel angled template and plastic bag containing screws, nuts and metal Rawlplugs. Attach the gas fire support channel to the top of the gas fire flue duct using the two M6 x 12 mm. long hex. hd. screws, nuts and shakeproof washers. Insert the screws upward through the flue duct into the channel so that the nut and shakeproof washer are uppermost. (See diagram 5.) Make sure that the two captive nuts are on the front face of the channel and that it is parallel with the front face of the flue duct. Check that the front face of the channel overhangs the front face of the flue duct by 3 mm., as shown in diagram 5.

The gas fire support channel should not be used to lift the boiler.

Offer one end of the flue liner into the boiler flue outlet, mark off and pierce three holes to suit the setscrews in the flue socket, then fit the flue liner into the chimney — leaving the lower pierced end approximately 525 mm. (20½ in.) above hearth level, make good at chimney top and trim off any surplus liner. (See diagram 2.)

Re-fit the combustion chamber front cover temporarily with the two slotted hex. head screws and washers previously removed.



STAGE 2

BOILER FIXING

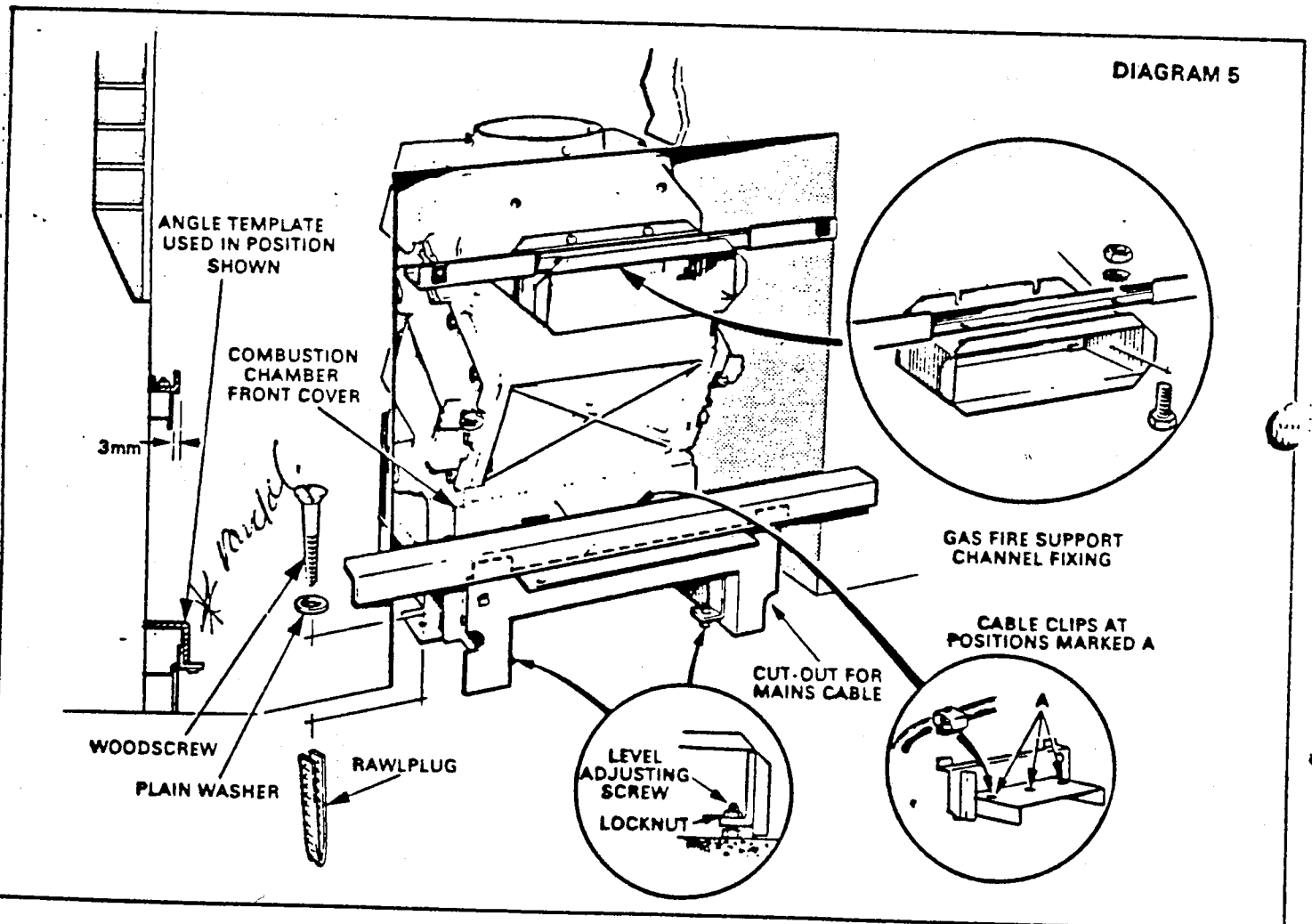
Offer up the angle template, as shown in diagram 5, so that the fire support plate is correctly aligned to the finished face of the plastered wall surface or tiled surround. This will ensure that the gas fire rear panel is fitted in the correct position. Pack under the full width of the boiler base, front or rear as required, to ensure that the boiler is located in the correct position.

After positioning the boiler use the level adjusting screws shown in diagram 5 to align the gas fire support plate and boiler combustion chamber extension, front to rear and across the width, with the base of the builder's opening.

Levelling screws are for fire support purposes and should only be used after levelling boiler by packing, as required. When adjusted lock up the screws with the locknuts provided. If further packing up at the front or rear is required, it must be fitted under the full width of the boiler base.

Ensure that the boiler is central in the builder's opening. With the boiler in position, drill through the holes in the brackets each side of the boiler base to take the metal Rawlplugs, and firmly secure the base to the hearth with the 2 in. x No. 12 wood screws and washers provided.

NOTE.—There should be sufficient tolerance in this fixing to allow final adjustment prior to completing the installation. Re-check from time to time with the template, as described earlier, to see that the boiler has not become mis-aligned.



STAGE 3

WATER CONNECTIONS

All water pipes to the boiler can now be installed (see diagram 6).

IT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT THAT NO SERVICE PIPES CROSS THE FRONT OF THE COMBUSTION CHAMBER FRONT COVER AND FLUE COLLECTOR, AS THIS WOULD MAKE THE REMOVAL OF THESE COVERS FOR SERVICING IMPOSSIBLE.

No pipework should obscure the bottom of the draught diverter, the phial pocket, or the 1/2 in. BSP plug in the boiler body.

Flush the whole of the system, then fill and vent.

Check for water leakage.

All pipes within the fireplace opening should be protected.

A suitable method is to wrap with PVC tape.

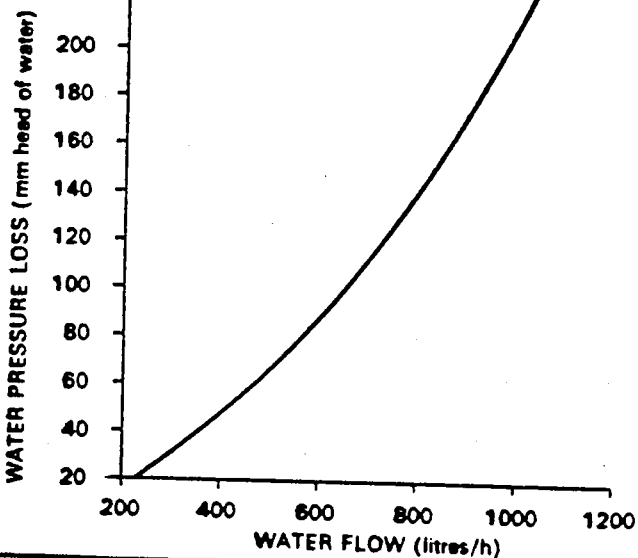
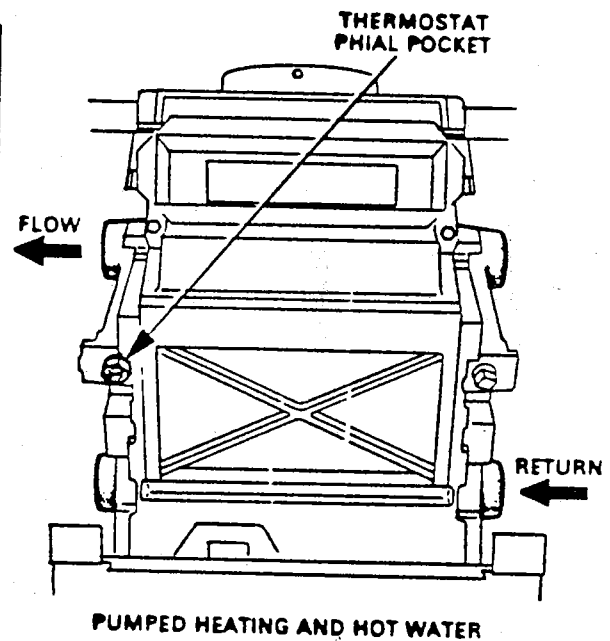
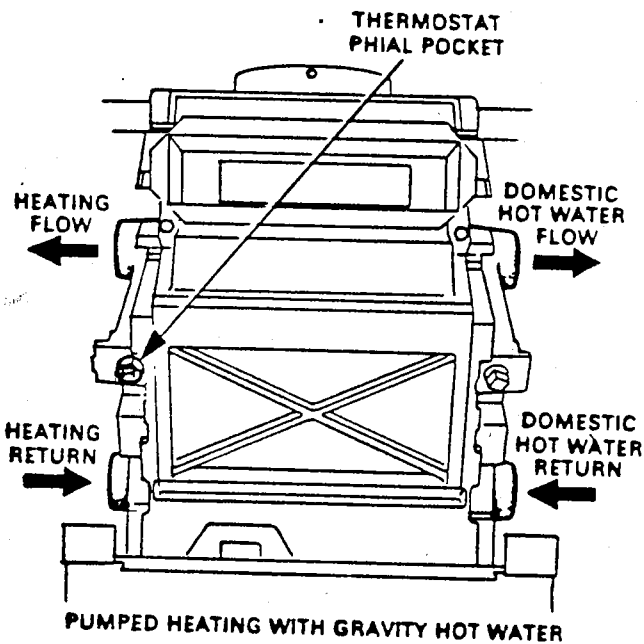
Pumped heating with gravity hot water.

It is important that the scheme illustrated in diagram 6 is adopted when the connections are being prepared. The thermostat phial pocket must be fitted into the same side of the boiler as the heating flow connection. The connections may be fitted on opposite sides to that shown, but always in the same relative positions, including the thermostat phial pocket.

Pumped heating and hot water

Where single flow and return is taken from the boiler, the thermostat phial pocket must be on the same side as the flow connection is made (see diagram 6). It is important that all connections are made as illustrated in diagram 6. The connections may be fitted on opposite side to that shown, but always in the same relative positions, including the thermostat phial pocket.

DIAGRAM 6



CIRCULATING PUMP

The pump should preferably be fitted in the flow from the boiler. If required, it may be fitted in the return.

Boiler Fixing—continued

Use the installation template from time to time to check that the setting has not been disturbed and correct as required.

Fit the lower end of the flue liner into the flue socket, secure with setscrews and seal with fire cement.

STAGE 4

CONTROLS

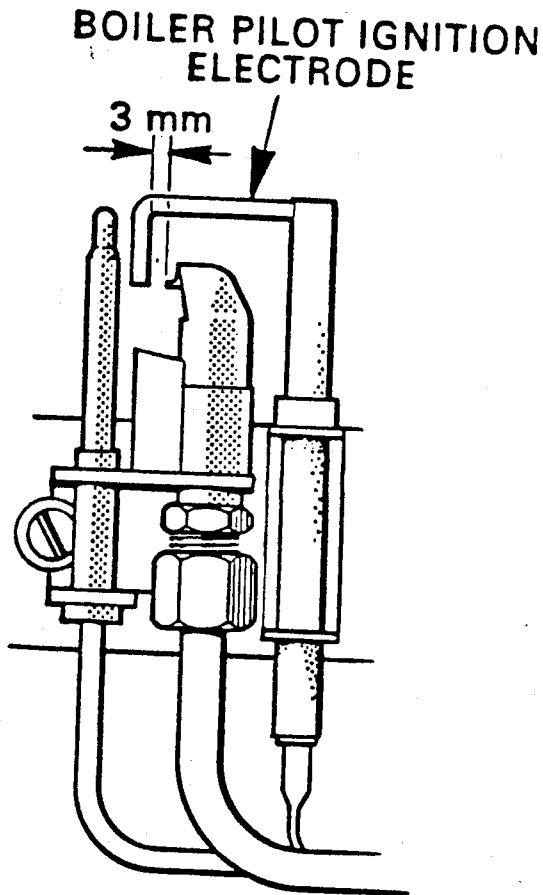
Remove the two slotted hex. hd. screws and washers securing the combustion chamber front cover and extension piece assembly to the boiler body and remove the cover assembly.

Remove the controls and burner assembly from its packing, unscrew the two hex. hd. screws holding the burner supply pipe securing strap to the electrical control box support bracket.

Place the electrical control box and burner support tray assembly on to the two studs in the boiler base. Secure with the two M6 hex. nuts provided. Take the burner and gas valve assembly and place into position in the burner base, entering the burner stub end into the location hole at the rear of the burner support tray, taking care not to disturb or damage the pilot burner or electrode. Ensure that the burner bars are horizontal then secure the assembly to the electrical control box support bracket with the two hex. hd. screws previously removed.

Check the boiler ignition electrode position relative to the pilot burner (see diagram 7).

DIAGRAM 7



The gas service pipe run can now be made and connected to the union cock which is packed loose within the fire assembly carton. Assemble the cock to the gas valve in the position shown in diagram 17 and tighten the union nut.

The service can now be connected, care being taken to ensure that the service pipe does not impose strain upon the union as this may cause mis-alignment in the build-up.

Re-fit the combustion chamber front cover and extension assembly, ensuring an airtight seal between the cover and the boiler base, with the two M6 hex. hd. screws and washers previously removed.

Ensure that the gas service tap is in the 'OFF' position (see diagram 8), and check for gas soundness using soap solution.

DIAGRAM 8

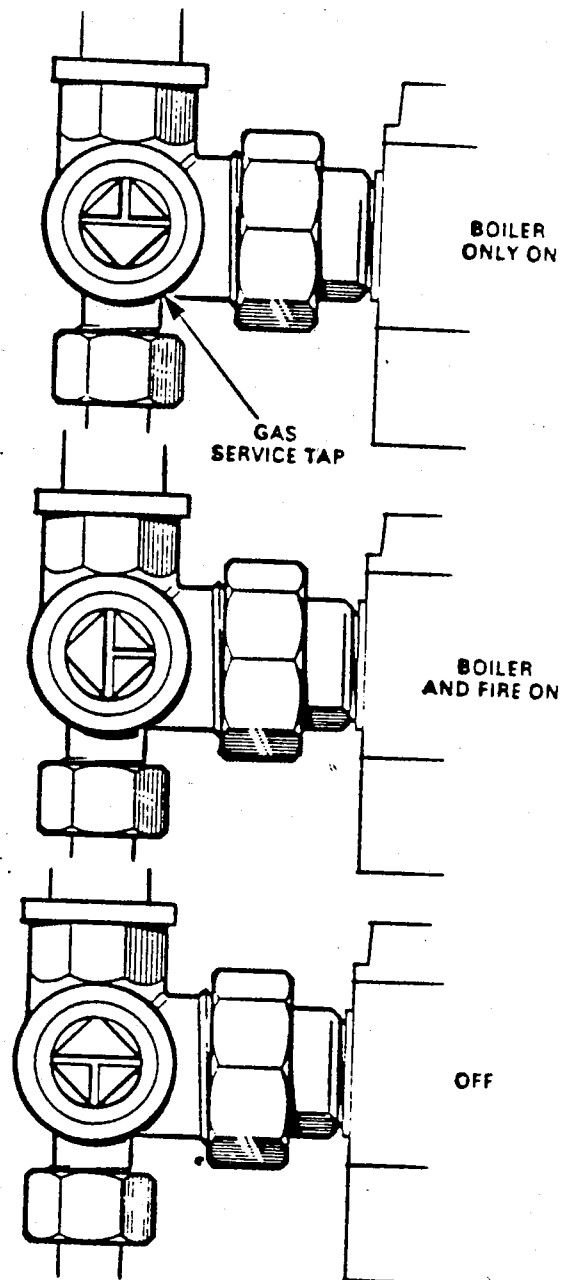
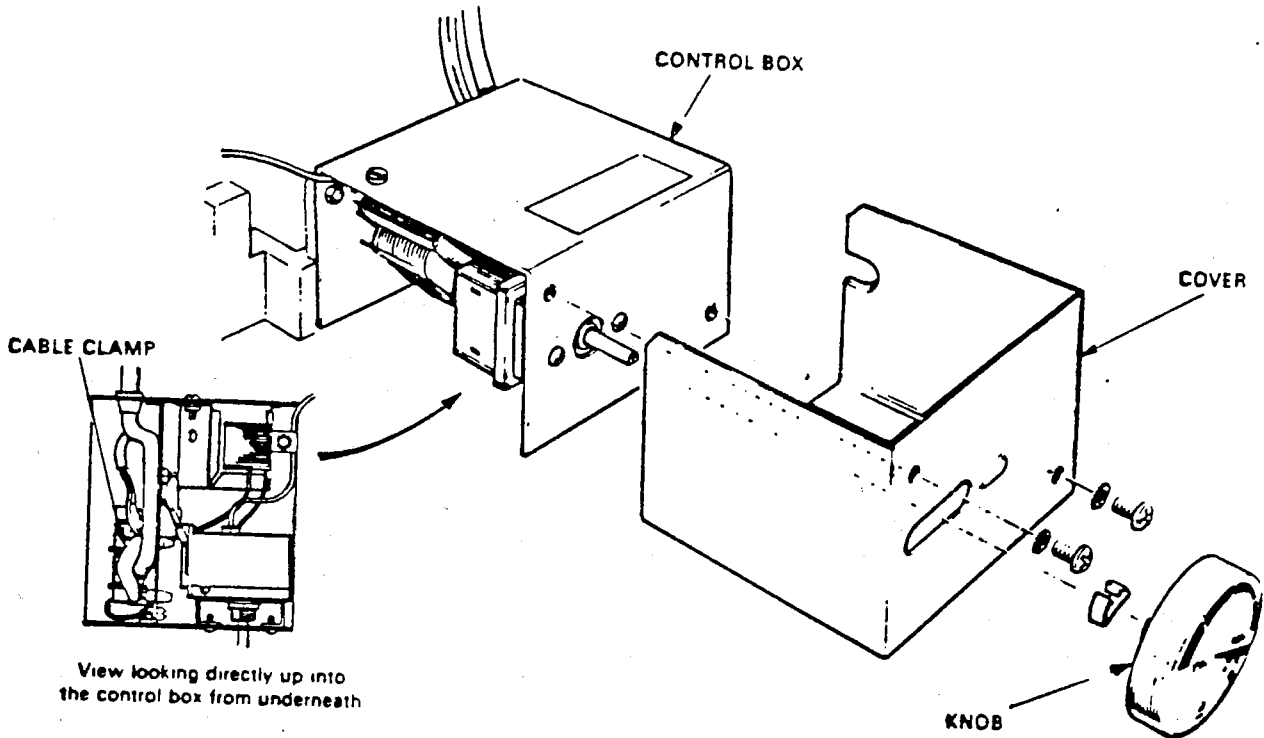


DIAGRAM 9



STAGE 5

ELECTRICAL WIRING

Complete the wiring to the control box.

NOTE.—The mains cable must not cross the fire opening. If concealed wiring is required, i.e. the supply from within the fire opening, for a cable coming from the left-hand side of the opening, safely position the cable away from hot surfaces by leading it across the front of the combustion chamber extension (see diagram 5), using the three cable clips supplied to fix it at the positions marked 'A'.

A cable entering from the right-hand side of the opening should pass via the cut-out at the bottom right-hand side of the extension piece (see diagram 5).

- Remove the boiler thermostat control knob by pulling from its spindle. (See diagram 9.)
- Remove the two Pozidriv pan hd. screws and shake-proof washers securing the cover to the control box and remove the cover.
- Bring the mains cable into the control box through the lower grommet in its rear surface. Slacken off the screws holding the mains cable clamp, pass the mains cable through the clamp and connect the three wires to the appropriate terminals in the terminal strip. See diagram 10. Tighten the screws holding the mains cable clamp.
- Complete the remainder of the wiring leading all cables in through the grommets, see diagrams 10 to 16, replace the control box cover and screws, then push the boiler thermostat control knob on to its spindle. Reconnect the ignition lead to the spark generator and the gas valve leads to the gas valve.

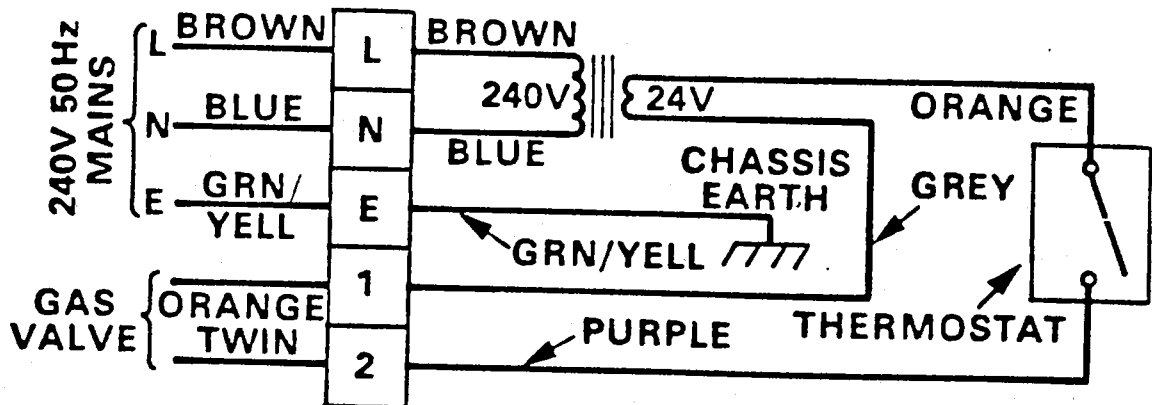
- Fit the boiler thermostat phial into the phial pocket. Ensure that it is inserted fully into the pocket and retained with the fix provided. The capillary should be positioned to pass vertically down the side of the boiler and then horizontally along the base unit.

NOTE.—When the thermostat phial is fitted on the left-hand side, route and secure the capillary as shown in diagram 17, using the clip provided.

X

WIRING INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTROL BOX

THE INSTALLER IS REQUESTED TO ADVISE THE USER OF THE CONTROLS SCHEME USED WITH THIS APPLIANCE AND TO GIVE GUIDANCE ON THE OPERATION OF THE CONTROLS.

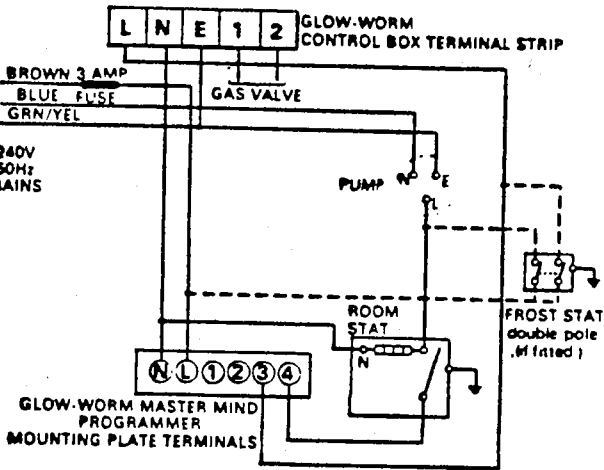


NOTE:—
ELECTRICITY SUPPLY MUST BE
240 V, 3A, 50 Hz.
IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT A 3-AMP FUSE
IS FITTED INTO THE "LIVE" WIRING
BETWEEN THE SUPPLY AND THE
BOILER

WIRING DIAGRAM FOR CONTROL BOX

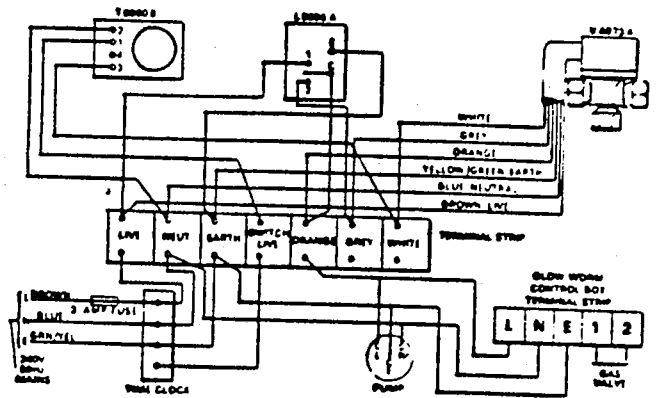
SCHEME 1 (Diagram 11)

Gravity hot water, pumped central heating (ten position programmer).



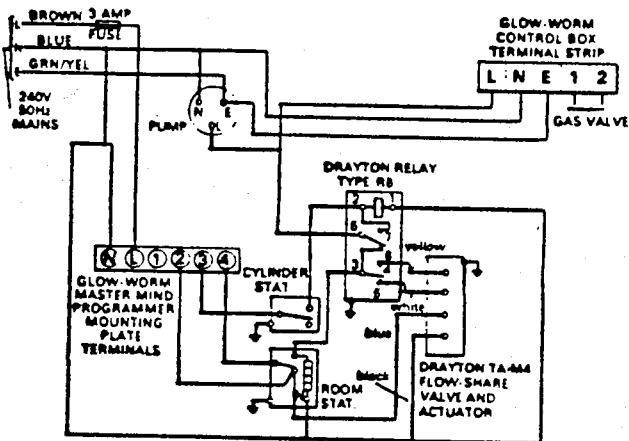
SCHEME 2 (Diagram 12)

Wiring diagram for fitting the Honeywell Sundial Plan Y. NOTE.—The piping arrangement and the installation of the controls should be in accordance with the Honeywell instructions.



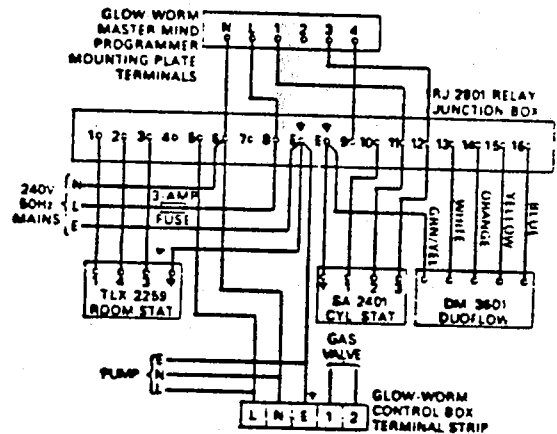
SCHEME 3 (Diagram 13)

Domestic hot water and central heating, both pumped, using a Drayton flow-share valve.



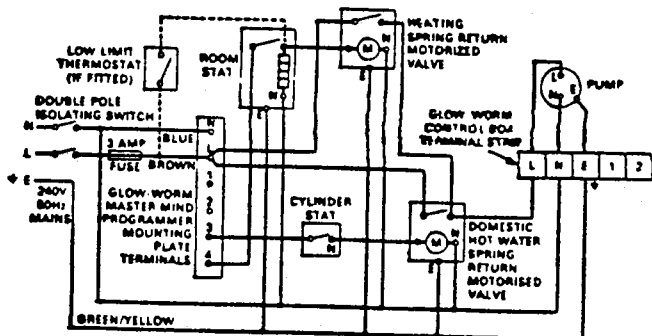
SCHEME 4 (Diagram 14)

Wiring diagram for fitting the Satchwell Duoflow system, using the sixteen position programmer.



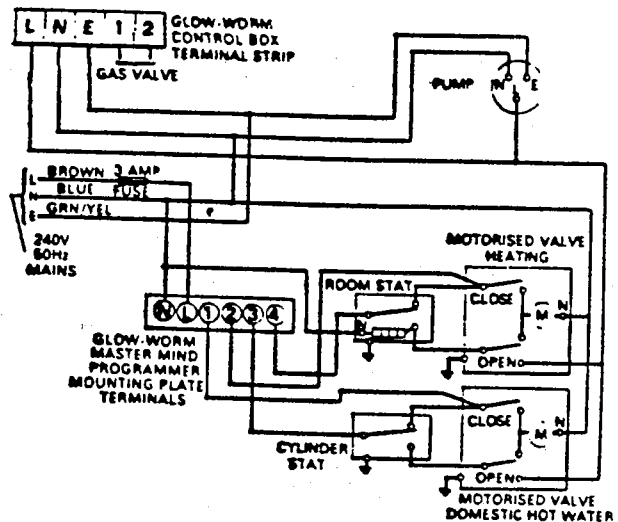
SCHEME 5 (Diagram 15)

Independent control of domestic hot water and central heating, both pumped, using two spring return motorised valves (sixteen position programmer).



SCHEME 6 (Diagram 16)

Independent control of domestic hot water and central heating, both pumped, using two fully motorised valves (sixteen position programmer).



STAGE 6

INITIAL LIGHTING AND ADJUSTMENT OF BOILER

CAUTION.—The following procedure should be carried out by a qualified gas service engineer. The pipes and fittings to the gas control and burner and to some extent the gas pipe to the appliance will contain an appreciable amount of air. It is, therefore, necessary to purge the air from the pipes before the appliance can operate normally. Purging should be carried out as described in CP331, Part 3. Identify the boiler controls with relevant details on diagram 17.

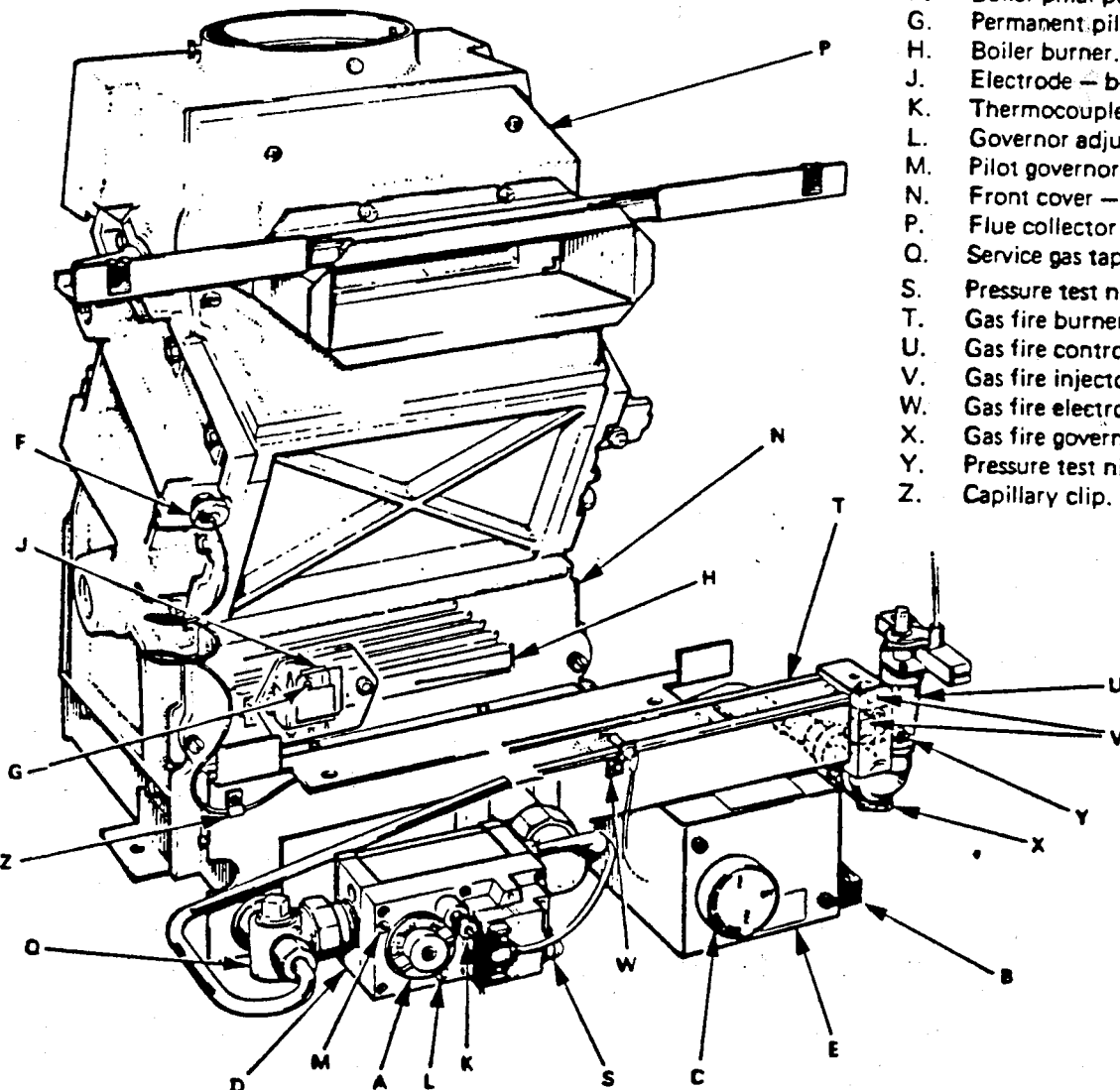
Set all the controls to the 'OFF' position.

Turn the gas service tap to the "Boiler only on" position (see diagram 8). Remove the gas pressure test nipple screw 'S' (see diagram 17), and fit a suitable pressure gauge. Switch on the electrical power to the boiler. Ensure that the boiler thermostat knob 'C' is in the 'OFF' position. Set the boiler gas valve control knob to the pilot position, depress and hold in. Press and release the spark generator button 'B', a single spark should ignite the pilot burner. Hold the boiler gas valve knob in for one minute. The boiler gas valve control knob can then be released.

Adjust the pilot flame as necessary at the gas valve adjustment screw 'M' (see diagram 17), after removing the cover screw, until a pilot flame length of 25 mm. (1 in.) for Natural Gas or 16 mm. ($\frac{1}{2}$ in.) for Town Gas is obtained (see diagram 7). The thermocouple should be enveloped 10 mm. to 13 mm. ($\frac{3}{8}$ in. to $\frac{1}{2}$ in.) by the pilot flame. Turn anti-clockwise to increase. When the pilot is stable and set, turn the boiler gas valve control knob 'A' to the 'ON' position and ensure that all other controls are set for heating. Then turn the boiler thermostat control knob 'C' to 'MAX'. The burner should light smoothly and the primary cones should be well defined when the pressure setting has been adjusted at the governor screw 'L' to the correct gas pressure, see page 2.

Turn the boiler thermostat to 'OFF'. Remove the pressure gauge and replace the gas pressure test nipple screw.

Turn boiler thermostat to 'MAX' and allow system to reach maximum operating temperature. Examine the whole system for leaks, turn boiler thermostat to 'OFF' and then drain whilst still hot to give a final effective flushing. Re-fill and vent. Give final examination for leaks.



Key

- A. Gas control knob.
- B. Spark generator — boiler.
- C. Thermostat control knob.
- D. Gas valve.
- E. Electrical control box.
- F. Boiler phial pocket.
- G. Permanent pilot — boiler.
- H. Boiler burner.
- J. Electrode — boiler.
- K. Thermocouple union.
- L. Governor adjustment — boiler.
- M. Pilot governor adjustment.
- N. Front cover — combustion chamber.
- P. Flue collector — front.
- Q. Service gas tap.
- S. Pressure test nipple — boiler.
- T. Gas fire burner.
- U. Gas fire control tap and spark generator.
- V. Gas fire injectors.
- W. Gas fire electrode.
- X. Gas fire governor (Galaxie 246 only).
- Y. Pressure test nipple — fire.
- Z. Capillary clip.

DIAGRAM 17

STAGE 7

INSTALLATION CONTINUED

Remove the gas fire unit from its packing by opening the four carton flaps outward and turning the complete unit and carton up the correct way. The carton can then be lifted off leaving the fire unit standing in its base packing. Remove the dress guard by easing it forward in the centre until the side location wires are clear of the reflector and pulling forward at the top and upward. Remove the radiant packing piece and the radiants. Lift the gas fire unit from its base packing and lay the assembly on its back on the floor. The casing can now be removed. First remove the gas fire control knob by pulling it off the spindle. Unscrew the two lower casing securing screws, positioned just below the bottom reflector strip (see diagram 18). Pull the bottom of the casing forward slightly and raise the casing approximately 13 mm. (½ in.), easing the bottom forward and lifting vertically to clear the spindle.

Unscrew the four Pozidriv pan head screws securing the inclined upper casing protection plate to the sides of the rear panel and remove the protection plate.

Remove the two louvres from the packing and fit on to the sides of the fire heat exchanger and rear panel assembly by engaging the louvre brackets in the slotted locations in the rear panel (see diagram 19).

Lower the fire heat exchanger and rear panel assembly on to the combustion chamber extension piece tilting the top of the assembly forward slightly, ensuring that the dowels on the bottom of the heat exchanger assembly locate in the holes in the extension piece, and incline backward to make a seal between the fire flue spigot and the boiler flue mouth. Secure the fire heat exchanger assembly to the fire support channel with the two M6 x 20 mm. lg. slotted hex. head dogpoint screws and M6 large dia. plain washers provided in positions shown in diagram 19. Connect the gas fire supply pipe to the union gas cock at the left hand side of the fire by means of the tubing nut.

Check that all the joints on the gas fire supply pipe are secure and gas tight.

Re-fit the upper casing protection plate to the sides of the rear panel using the four Pozidriv pan hd. screws previously removed.

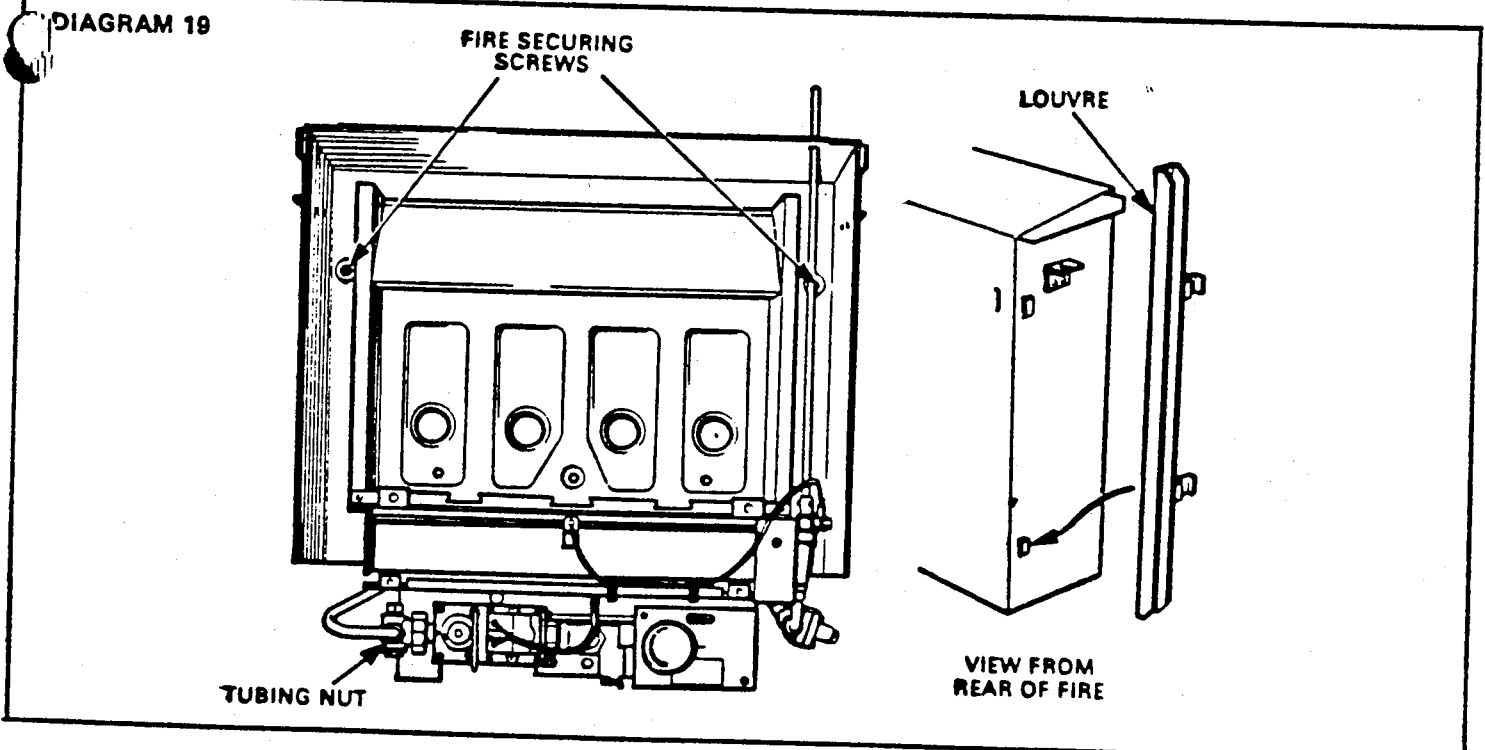
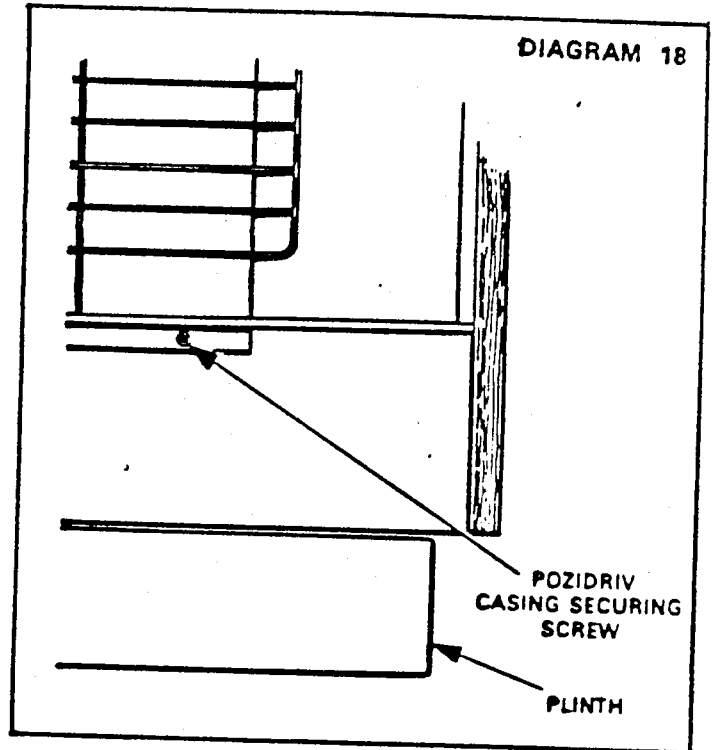
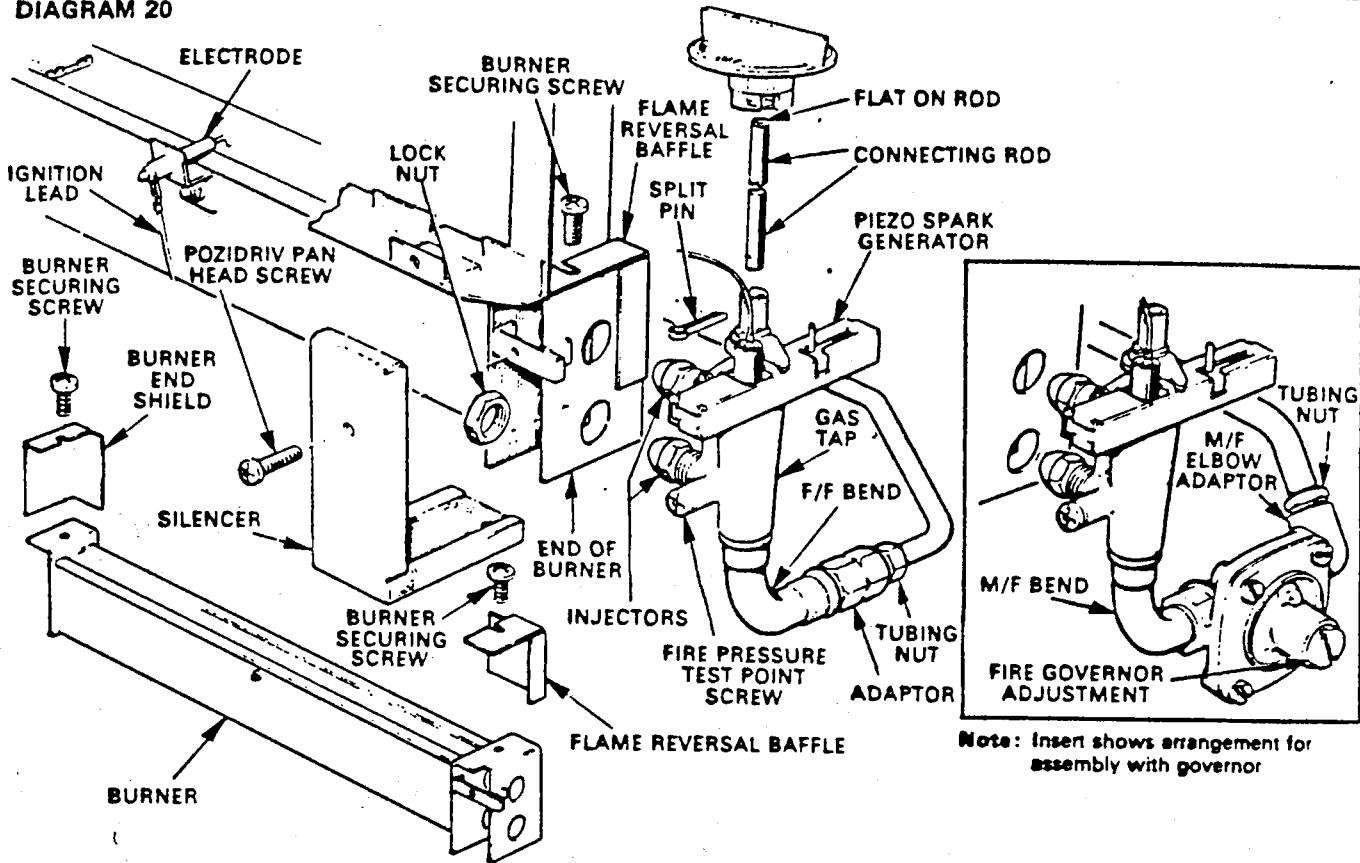


DIAGRAM 20



STAGE 8

INITIAL LIGHTING AND ADJUSTMENT OF FIRE

Set all controls to the 'OFF' position. Fit the gas fire control knob temporarily to the connecting rod. Ensure the gas fire is turned off. The 'OFF' on the control knob should be facing the front of the fire. Remove the gas fire test point screw from the fire gas tap (see diagram 20), and fit the pressure gauge. Turn the gas service tap to the "Boiler and fire on" position (see diagram 8), ensuring that all other controls are set for heating and turn the boiler thermostat to 'MAX' to re-light the boiler burner. Light the fire by pushing in the fire control knob and turning fully anti-clockwise until the 'H' marking is facing the front of the fire (see diagram 21). The fire burner should now be alight. If the fire fails to light it may be due to air being present in the gas fire piping, which may require purging. Set the gas pressure to that indicated on page 2, by adjusting fire governor screw 'X' (see diagram 17), after removing cover screw.

NOTE.—On the GALAXIE 246 'N', the gas fire pressure is pre-set at the factory and can be checked only.

The primary cones on the gas fire burner should be 20 mm. (¾ in.) to 25 mm. (1 in.) in height with a clean burner. Turn off the fire by turning the control knob fully clockwise depressing slightly to pass 'L' and remove the control knob. Turn the boiler thermostat to the 'OFF' position, remove the pressure gauge and replace the test point screw.

Fit the gas fire radiants by offering the top upwards into the heat exchanger, before pushing backwards and lowering on to the support strip.

STAGE 9

CASING FITTING

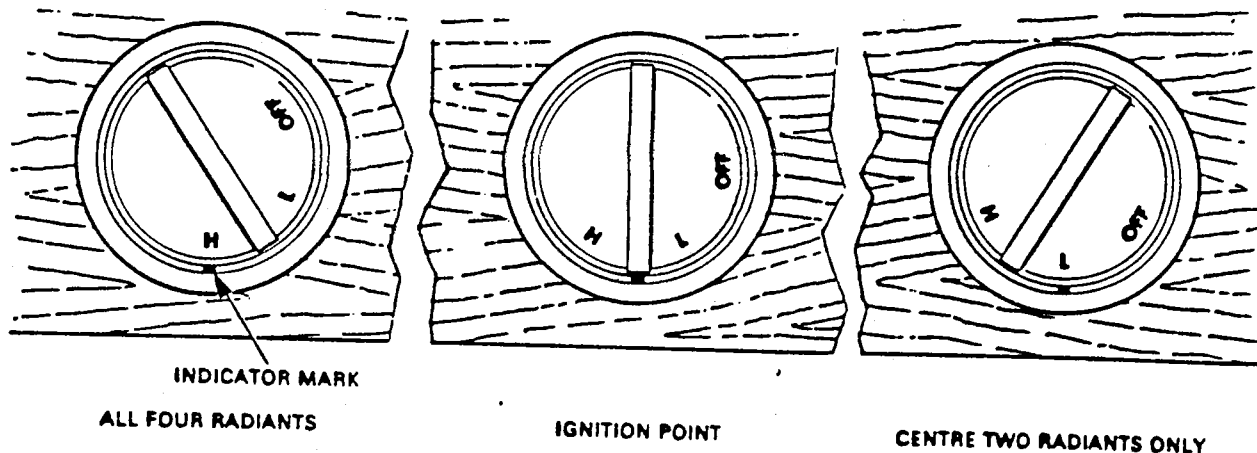
Lower the gas fire casing on to the heat exchanger assembly, tilting the bottom forward slightly, so that the dowels in the brackets on the sides of the casing locate in the holes in the brackets on the sides of the fire rear panel. Ensure that the gas control tap connecting rod passes through the hole in the casing top. Secure the casing with the two Pozidriv screws, just below the bottom reflector strip (see diagram 18). Fit the fire control knob to the connecting rod.

NORMAL BOILER LIGHTING PROCEDURE

It is assumed that the assembly and initial commissioning have been completed in accordance with described procedure.

1. Turn on gas and electricity at the supply point outside the unit.
2. See that all other controls are set for heating. The clock, room thermostat and programmer, if fitted, will be situated away from the unit.
3. Turn thermostat knob 'C' to the 'OFF' position (see diagram 17).
4. Turn the boiler gas control knob 'A' until 'PILOT' is opposite the red arrow.
5. Push in knob 'A' as far as it will go, and hold it there.
6. Press and release ignition button 'B' until the pilot burner is lit, and keep knob 'A' pushed in for approx. 20 secs. Look underneath the fire casing above the gas control valve for a circular viewing aperture where the pilot flame should be visible.
7. If pilot fails to light or to remain alight, do not force knob 'A' from the 'OFF' position; wait three minutes, then repeat from stage 4.
8. Make sure that the burner pilot is alight and stable, and then turn gas control knob 'A' to the 'ON' position. Set the boiler thermostat to maximum. The main burner will light at once.

DIAGRAM 21



NORMAL FIRE LIGHTING PROCEDURE

The fire features spark ignition. This is actuated by pushing down the control knob and rotating it anti-clockwise. Ignition then occurs as the bar between 'H' and 'L' on the knob passes the indicator mark on the bezel on the top panel (see diagram 21).

To light the fire, push in and turn the control knob fully anti-clockwise to the 'H' position as indicated by the mark on the bezel on the top panel. All four radiants will light.

If the fire fails to light, turn the knob to the 'OFF' position and repeat the above lighting sequence.

To adjust the heat from the fire after it has been lit turn the control knob clockwise to the 'L' position. The centre two radiants only will be alight (see diagram 21).

TO TURN OFF

Turn the gas tap knob fully clockwise, depressing slightly to pass 'L' position to reach 'OFF'.

TO EXTINGUISH THE BOILER BURNER

The burner may be extinguished and re-established in any of the following ways:

1. By turning gas control knob 'A' to the 'OFF' position. This results in complete shut-down of both main and pilot burners. Thermostat knob 'C' should be turned to the 'OFF' position to de-energise the gas control electric operator leaving the electric clock running, but not controlling.

Follow the Users' Lighting Instructions to re-light when THREE MINUTES have elapsed.

2. By turning the gas control knob 'A' to the 'pilot' position. This shuts off the main burner only. Thermostat knob 'C' should be turned to the 'OFF' position, as above; electric clock running, but not controlling; pilot burner alight. Re-light by turning gas control knob 'A' to the 'ON' position, re-set thermostat knob 'C' to the required temperature.

3. By turning the thermostat knob 'C' to the 'OFF' position. This shuts off the main burner only, leaving the electric clock running, but not controlling, and the pilot burner alight. Re-light by turning thermostat knob 'C' to the required temperature.
4. By switching off the electricity supply. This cuts out all electrical controls and the main burner, leaving the pilot burner alight. Re-light by switching on the electricity supply. Re-set electric clock to correct time.

CONTROL CHECK-OUT

After the initial lighting and adjustments have been carried out, the following check-out procedure may be used to ensure the correct operation of the controls.

OPERATION OF THERMOSTAT

1. With the main burner alight, turn the thermostat knob to the 'OFF' position. Result — the main burner should shut off.
2. Turn thermostat knob to the original setting. Result — the main burner should re-light.

OPERATION OF FLAME FAILURE DEVICE

With the main burner alight, turn the gas control knob 'A' to the 'OFF' position. After one minute the flame failure device should have closed. (A click from the control valve will indicate its operation.) After the flame failure device has closed, it will be possible to re-set knob 'A' back to pilot position.

It should not be possible to re-light the appliance without following the sequence of the Users' Lighting Instructions detailed earlier.

SETTING OF FIRE

Having completed the boiler control check-out, re-light the boiler burner and set the control devices to maintain the boiler burner on whilst the fire burner is checked for ignition.

PLINTH FITTING

Engage the upper return flanges of the plinth in the channels in the casing and slide the plinth backward as far as it will go.

