THE
HENRAD
INSTALLATION
& SERVICING
MANUAL

Henrad
the super efficiency combi

Wall mounted, gas fired, fanned flue combination condensing boiler

SEC 80FF
CAUTION. To avoid the possibility of injury during the installation, servicing or cleaning of this appliance, care should be taken when handling edges of sheet steel components.
### Table 1 - General Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gas supply</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Supply Connection</td>
<td>2H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inlet Connection, Domestic Hot Water</td>
<td>22mm copper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outlet Connection, Domestic Hot Water</td>
<td>15mm copper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow Connection, Central Heating</td>
<td>22mm copper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return Connection, Central Heating</td>
<td>22mm copper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flue Terminal Diameter</td>
<td>100 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Working Pressure (Sealed Systems)</td>
<td>2.65 bar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Domestic Hot Water Inlet Pressure</td>
<td>10.0 bar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Domestic Hot Water Inlet Pressure</td>
<td>0.65 bar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical Supply / Power consumption</td>
<td>230 V ~ 50 Hz. / 126 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse Rating</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water content, Central Heating</td>
<td>2.2 litre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Domestic Hot Water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry Weight</td>
<td>49 Kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Installation Weight</td>
<td>41 Kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiler Casing Size</td>
<td>Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Width</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Depth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Supply Connection</td>
<td>22mm copper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inlet Connection, Domestic Hot Water</td>
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<td>Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Width</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Depth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 2 - Performance Data - Central Heating

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler Input:</th>
<th>Min.</th>
<th>Max.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nett CV (kW)</td>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>25.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Btu/h)</td>
<td>(34 500)</td>
<td>(85 700)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross CV (kW)</td>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>27.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Btu/h)</td>
<td>(38 200)</td>
<td>(95 200)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Consumption (l/s) (ft³/h)</td>
<td>0.29</td>
<td>0.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(36.8)</td>
<td>(91.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiler Output:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 °C Mean Water Temp (kW) (Btu/h)</td>
<td>9.6</td>
<td>24.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(32 800)</td>
<td>(81 900)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 °C Mean Water Temp (kW) (Btu/h)</td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td>25.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(37 200)</td>
<td>(87 700)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner Setting Pressure (mbar) (HOT)</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>13.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(in. wg.)</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>5.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3 - Performance Data - Domestic Hot Water

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum DHW Input:</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nett CV (kBtu/h)</td>
<td>25.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Btu/h)</td>
<td>(85 700)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross CV (kBtu/h)</td>
<td>27.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Btu/h)</td>
<td>(95 200)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Consumption (l/s) (ft³/h)</td>
<td>0.72</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(91.5)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum DHW Output:</td>
<td>24.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(kBtu/h)</td>
<td>(81 900)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHW Flow Rate at 35 °C temp. rise. l/min</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner Setting Pressure (HOT) (mbar) (in. wg.)</td>
<td>13.0</td>
<td>5.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seasonal efficiency (SEDBUK)*</td>
<td>[88.3]%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The value is used in the UK Government’s Standard Assessment Procedure (SAP) for energy rating of dwellings. The test data from which it has been calculated have been certified by Gastech NV 0061.

**Key to symbols**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Ireland (Countries of GB = United Kingdom)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMS</td>
<td>Maximum operating pressure of water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C13</td>
<td>A room sealed appliance designed for connection via ducts to a horizontal terminal, which admits fresh air to the burner and discharges the products of combustion to the outside through orifices which, in this case, are concentric. The fan is up stream of the combustion chamber.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IH</td>
<td>An appliance designed for use on 2nd Family gas, Group H only.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note.** Gas consumption is calculated using a calorific value of 38.7 MJ/m³ (1038 Btu/ft³) gross or 34.9 MJ/m³ (935 Btu/ft³) nett

To obtain the gas consumption at a different calorific value:

a. **FOR L/S - divide the gross heat input (kW) by the gross C.V. of the gas (MJ/m³)**

b. **FOR FT³/H - divide the gross heat input (Btu/h) by the gross C.V. of the gas (Btu/ft³)**
INTRODUCTION

The SEC FF is a wall mounted, low water content, balanced flue, combination condensing gas boiler.

Note. Due to the high efficiency of the boiler, a plume of water vapor will form at the terminal during operation.

Central Heating (CH) output is fully modulating between 9.6 kW (32,800 Btu/h) minimum and 24 kW (81,900 Btu/h) maximum.

Instantaneous domestic hot water (DHW) output is also fully modulating, with a maximum of 24 kW (81,900 Btu/h).

The boiler is supplied fully assembled with domestic hot water calorifier, diverter valve, circulating pump, pressure gauge, safety valve, and central heating (CH) expansion vessel.

A variable CH temperature control is fitted and the boiler also features a DHW preheat facility.

The boiler casing is of white painted mild steel with a dropdown controls door.

The heat exchanger is of aluminium.

The boiler is suitable for connection to fully pumped, sealed water systems ONLY. Adequate arrangements for completely draining the system, by provision of drain cocks, MUST be provided in the installation pipework.

OPTIONAL EXTRA KITS

Extension Ducts (1m) Kit

Roof Flue Kit - vertical flue connection (not available for HEES).

Flue Elbow Kits - 90 degree 45 degree (2 per pack).

Refer to the separate fitting instructions supplied with each kit.
OPERATION
With no call for CH the boiler fires only when DHW is drawn off, or periodically for a few seconds without any DHW draw-off, in order to maintain the DHW calorifier in a heated condition.

When there is a call for CH, the heating system is supplied at the selected temperature of between 40 °C and 82 °C, until DHW is drawn off. The full output from the boiler is then directed via the diverter valve to the calorifier to supply a maximum DHW draw-off of 10 l/min at 35 °C temperature rise.

At low DHW draw-off rate the maximum temperature is limited to 60 °C by the modulating gas control.

Refer also to Frame 1 - ‘Boiler Water Circuit Diagrams’

The boiler features a comprehensive diagnostic system which gives detailed information on the boiler status when operating, and performance of key components to aid in commissioning and fault finding.

1 BOILER WATER CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

Domestic Hot Water Circuit

Central Heating Circuit
GAS SAFETY

Current Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations, or rules in force.

It is law that all gas appliances are installed and serviced by a CORGI registered installer (identified by ) in accordance with the above regulations. Failure to install appliances correctly could lead to prosecution. It is in your own interest, and that of safety, to ensure the law is complied with.

The installation of the boiler MUST also be in accordance with the latest I.E.E (BS.7671) Wiring Regulations, local building regulations, bye-laws of the local water authority, the building regulations and the Building Standards (Scotland) and any relevant requirements of the local authority.

Detailed recommendations are contained in the following British Standard Codes of Practice:
BS. 5440:1 Flues (for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 60 kW).
BS. 5440:2 Ventilation (for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 60 kW).
BS. 5449 Forced circulation hot water systems.
BS. 5546 Installation of gas hot water supplies for domestic purposes (2nd Family Gases)
BS 6700 Design, installation testing and maintenance of services supplying hot water for domestic use.
BS. 6798 Installation of gas fired hot water boilers of rated input not exceeding 60 kW.
BS. 6891 Low pressure installation pipes.

Health & Safety Document No. 635.
The Electricity at Work Regulations, 1989.
The manufacturer's notes must NOT be taken, in any way, as overriding statutory obligations.

IMPORTANT. These appliances are CE certificated for safety and performance. It is, therefore, important that no external control devices, e.g. flue dampers, economisers etc., are directly connected to these appliances unless covered by these Installation and Servicing Instructions or as otherwise recommended by Caradon Plumbing Limited in writing. If in doubt please enquire.

Any direct connection of a control device not approved by Caradon Plumbing Limited could invalidate the certification and the normal appliance warranty. It could also infringe the gas safety regulations and the above regulations.

SAFE HANDLING OF SUBSTANCES.

Care should be taken when handling the boiler insulation panels, which can cause irritation to the skin. No asbestos, mercury or CFCs are included in any part of the boiler.

LOCATION OF BOILER AND FLUE OUTLET

The boiler must be installed on a flat and vertical wall, capable of adequately supporting the weight of the boiler and any ancillary equipment.

The boiler may be fitted on a combustible wall and insulation between the wall and the boiler is not necessary, unless required by the local authority.

The boiler must not be fitted outside.

Timber Framed Buildings

If the boiler is to be fitted in a timber framed building it should be fitted in accordance with the Institute of Gas Engineering document IGE/UP/7:1998

Bathroom Installations

The boiler may be installed in any room or internal space, although particular attention is drawn to the requirements of the current I.E.E. (BS.7671) Wiring Regulations and, in Scotland, the electrical provisions of the building regulations applicable in Scotland with respect to the installation of the boiler in a room or internal space containing a bath or shower.

Where a room sealed appliance is installed in a room containing a bath or shower then the appliance and any electrical switch or appliance control utilising mains electricity should be so situated that it cannot be touched by a person using the bath or shower.

Note. It is not permissible to install a mains socket in a bathroom.

Where installation will be in an unusual location, special procedures may be necessary and BS 6798 gives detailed guidance on this aspect.

Compartment Installations

A compartment used to enclose the boiler should be designed and constructed specially for this purpose.

An existing cupboard or compartment may be used, provided that it is modified for the purpose.

In both cases, details of essential features of cupboard / compartment design, including airing cupboard installation, are to conform to the following:

- BS 6798
- The position selected for installation MUST allow adequate space for servicing in front of the boiler. Ventilation of the compartment is not necessary.
- For the minimum clearances required for safety and subsequent service, see the wall mounting template and Frame 3. In addition, sufficient space may be required to allow lifting access to the wall mounting plate.

AIR SUPPLY

It is NOT necessary to have a purpose-provided air vent in the room or internal space in which the boiler is installed. Neither is it necessary to ventilate a cupboard or compartment in which the boiler is installed, due to the low surface temperatures of the boiler casing during operation; therefore the requirements of BS 6798, Clause 12, and BS 5440:2 may be disregarded.

Henrad SEC FF - Installation
GAS SUPPLY

The local gas supplier should be consulted, at the installation planning stage, in order to establish the availability of an adequate supply of gas. An existing service pipe must NOT be used without prior consultation with the local gas supplier.

A gas meter can only be connected by the local gas supplier or by a registered CORGI installer.

Check that the appliance is suitable for the proposed gas supply. A working gas pressure of 20 mbar MUST be available at the boiler inlet.

IMPORTANT.

Installation pipes MUST be fitted in accordance with BS. 6891. Pipework from the meter to the boiler MUST be 22mm O.D.

The complete installation MUST be tested for gas soundness and purged as described in the above code.

FLUE INSTALLATION

The flue must be installed in accordance with the recommendations of BS. 5440: Part 1.

The following notes are intended for general guidance:

1. The boiler MUST be installed so that the terminal is exposed to external air.
2. It is important that the position of the terminal allows the free passage of air across it at all times.
3. Minimum acceptable spacing from the terminal to obstructions and ventilation openings are specified in Table 4.
4. Pluming will occur at the terminal, so where possible, terminal positions where this could cause a nuisance should be avoided.

Table 4 - Balanced flue terminal position

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terminal Position</th>
<th>Minimum Spacing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Directly below or alongside an opening window, air vent or other ventilation opening</td>
<td>300 mm (12&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Below guttering, drain pipes or soil pipes</td>
<td>25 mm (1&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Below eaves</td>
<td>25 mm (1&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Below balconies or a car port roof</td>
<td>25 mm (1&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. From vertical drain pipes or soil pipes</td>
<td>25 mm (1&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. From internal or external corners</td>
<td>25 mm (1&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Above adjacent ground, roof or balcony level</td>
<td>300 mm (12&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. From a surface facing the terminal</td>
<td>600 mm (24&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. From a terminal facing a terminal</td>
<td>1200 mm (48&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. From an opening in a car port (e.g. door or window) into dwelling</td>
<td>1200 mm (48&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Vertically from a terminal on the same wall</td>
<td>1500 mm (60&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Horizontally from a terminal on the wall</td>
<td>300 mm (12&quot;)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes.

- These clearances are for horizontal flue only. Refer to supplementary manual for roof flue kits.
- (Positions 2-6, Table 4). Due to the terminal design, installation is possible with clearances less than those specified in BS 5440, Part 1.

5. Where the lowest part of the terminal is fitted less than 2m (6’6") above a balcony, above ground or above a flat roof to which people have access then the terminal MUST be protected by a purpose designed guard. The minimum spacing in Table 4, Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 would be 75mm, in order to allow a terminal guard to be fitted.

Terminals guards are available from boiler suppliers - ask for Tower Flue Guard, Model K1. In case of difficulty seek advice from:

Tower Flue Components Ltd.,
Vale Rise, Tonbridge, Kent TN9 1TB
Telephone No. 01732 351 555

Ensure that the guard is fitted centrally.

6. Where the terminal is fitted within 850mm (34") of a plastic or painted gutter or 450mm (18") of painted eaves then an aluminium shield at least 750mm (30") long should be fitted to the underside of the gutter or painted surface fitted centrally above the flue.

7. The air inlet/products outlet duct and the terminal of the boiler MUST NOT be closer than 25mm (1") to combustible material. Detailed recommendations on the protection of combustible material are given in BS. 5440: 1990.

8. Where it is essential that the terminal wall plate is fitted, i.e. wall thicknesses over 610mm (24") or with an inaccurately cut hole, the minimum spacing in Table 4, Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 would be 60mm (2.4") in order to allow the terminal wall plate to be fitted.

IMPORTANT. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure, in practice, that products of combustion discharging from the terminal cannot re-enter the building or any other adjacent building through ventilators, windows, doors, other sources of natural air infiltration, or forced ventilation / air conditioning.

If this should occur the appliance MUST be turned OFF, labelled as ‘unsafe’ until corrective action can be taken.

FLUE LENGTHS

The flue assembly can be adapted to accommodate flue lengths up to 3 metres. Refer to Frame 11.

WATER CIRCULATION SYSTEM

The boiler is designed for connection to pressurised, fully pumped, sealed water central heating systems ONLY. The domestic hot water (DHW) calorifier is incorporated within the heat exchanger and only requires connection to the mains water supply.

IMPORTANT. Ensure that the mains water supply pressure is adequate to provide the required DHW flow rate. Refer to Table 1 on page 3.

The central heating system should be installed and commissioned in accordance with BS. 6798 and, in addition, for smallbore and microbore systems BS. 5449.

The domestic hot water system should be in accordance with BS. 5546 and BS. 6700.

Copper tubing to BS 2871:1 is recommended for water carrying pipework and MUST be used for pipework carrying potable water.

Any soldered joints on potable water pipework MUST NOT be made with solder containing lead.
Ancillary pipework not forming part of the useful heating surface should be lagged to prevent heat loss and any possible freezing - particularly where pipes run through roof spaces or ventilated underfloor spaces.

Draining taps should be at least 1/2" BSP nominal size and be in accordance with BS 2879.

Maximum recommended system hydraulic losses are given in within Frame 4.

WATER TREATMENT

The SEC FF has an aluminium heat exchanger. If water treatment is used Henrad recommend only the of Fernox-Copal or Sentinel X100 water treatment products, which must be used in accordance with the manufacturers’ instructions. For further information contact either:

Fernox Manufacturing Co. Ltd
Tandem House
Marlowe Way
Croydon
Surrey. CRO 4XS
Tel: 0870 5601 5000

or

Betz Dearborn Ltd.
Widnes
Cheshire
Tel. 0151 424 5351

IMPORTANT.
The application of any other treatment to this product may render the guarantee of Caradon Plumbing Limited invalid.

Notes.
1. It is most important that the correct concentration of the water treatment product is maintained in accordance with the manufacturers’ instruction.
2. If the boiler is installed in an existing system any unsuitable additives must be removed by thorough cleansing. BS. 7593:1992 details the steps necessary to clean a domestic central heating system.
3. In hard water areas treatment to prevent lime scale may be necessary. However, the use of artificially softened water is not permitted.
4. Under no circumstances should the boiler be fired before the system has been thoroughly flushed.

THERMOSTATIC RADIATOR VALVES (TRV)

Caradon Plumbing Limited recommend that heating systems utilising full thermostatic radiator valve control of temperature in individual rooms should also be fitted with a room thermostat controlling the temperature in a space served by radiators not fitted with such a valve as stated in BS. 5449.

When thermostatic radiator valves are used, a bypass should be fitted, ensuring it is at least 3m from the boiler. The bypass should have at least 6m of flow and return pipe of a minimum 22mm diameter.


2 BOILER WATER CONNECTIONS

The CH flow and return pipe and DHW inlet and outlet pipe connections are located at the bottom of the boiler.
GENERAL

ELECTRICAL SUPPLY

**WARNING.** This appliance must be efficiently earthed.

Wiring external to the appliance MUST be in accordance with the current I.E.E. (BS.7671) Wiring Regulations and any local regulations which apply.

The point of connection to the mains should be readily accessible and adjacent to the boiler, except for bathroom installations where the point of connection to the mains MUST be situated outside of the bathroom.

**Note.** Where a room sealed appliance is installed in a room containing a bath or shower then the appliance and any electrical switch or appliance control utilising mains electricity should be so situated that it cannot be touched by a person using the bath or shower.

3 BOILER CLEARANCES

The following minimum clearances must be maintained for operation and servicing.

Additional space will be required for installation, depending upon site conditions.

**Front clearance:** 450mm from the front of the boiler casing. The minimum front clearance when built in to a cupboard is 5mm.

### Dimension y

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Boiler only</th>
<th>with stand-off brackets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimension y</td>
<td>139mm (5 7/16&quot;)</td>
<td>219mm (8 5/8&quot;)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**For side outlet flues:**

Raise the centre line of the hole in the wall by 5mm +4mm/100mm of flue length.
4 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS - Central Heating

Notes

a. The method of filling, refilling, topping up or flushing sealed primary hot water circuits from the mains via a temporary hose connection is only allowed if acceptable to the local water authority.

b. Antifreeze fluid, corrosion and scale inhibitor fluids suitable for use with boilers having aluminium heat exchangers may be used in the central heating system. Advice should be sought from a local water treatment company.

General

1. The installation must comply with all relevant national and local regulations.

2. The installation should be designed to work with flow temperatures of up to 82 °C.

3. All components of the system must be suitable for a working pressure of 3 bar and temperature of 110 °C. Extra care should be taken in making all connections so that the risk of leakage is minimised.

The following components are incorporated within the appliance:

a. Circulating pump.

b. Safety valve, with a non-adjustable pre-set lift pressure of 3 bar.

c. Pressure gauge, covering a range of 0 to 6 bar.

d. A 9-litre expansion vessel, with an initial charge pressure of 0.75 bar.

4. 'Make-up' Water. Provision must be made for replacing water loss from the system, either:

a. From a manually filled 'make-up' vessel with a readily visible water level. The vessel should be mounted at least 150mm above the highest point of the system and be connected through a non-return valve to the system, fitted at least 150mm below the 'make-up' vessel on the return side of the radiators.

or

b. Where access to a 'make-up' vessel would be difficult, by pre-pressurisation of the system.

The maximum cold water capacity of the system should not exceed 143 litres, if not pressurized. However, if the system is to be pressurized, the efficiency of the expansion vessel will be reduced and a larger vessel (or smaller system volume) may be necessary. If the capacity of the vessel is not considered sufficient for this, or for any other reason, an additional vessel MUST be installed on the return to the boiler.

Guidance on vessel sizing is given above.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Safety valve setting</th>
<th>3.0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vessel charge pressure</td>
<td>0.5 to 0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System pre-charge pressure</td>
<td>None 1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System volume (litres)</th>
<th>Expansion vessel volume (litres)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>4.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>6.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125</td>
<td>7.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>9.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>175</td>
<td>10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>190</td>
<td>11.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>12.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250</td>
<td>15.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>300</td>
<td>18.8</td>
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For other system volumes multiply by the factor across

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<tr>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
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<td></td>
<td>0.074</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Water Flow Rate and Pressure Loss

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler size</th>
<th>24</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>System Load</td>
<td>24 kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Flow Rate</td>
<td>0.51 l/s</td>
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<tr>
<td>Temperature Differential</td>
<td>11 °C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pressure available</td>
<td>29 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for system</td>
<td>2.9 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS - CH (continued) and HOT WATER

5. Filling. The system may be filled by one of the following methods:

a. Through a temporary hose connection from a 'draw-off' tap, supplied from a service pipe under mains pressure. Where the mains pressure is excessive, a pressure reducing valve must be used to facilitate filling.

i. Thoroughly flush out the whole system with cold water.

ii. Fill and vent the system until the pressure gauge registers 1.5 bar, and examine for leaks.

iii. Check the operation of the safety valve by raising the water pressure until the valve lifts. This should occur within 0.3 bar of the pre-set lift pressure.

iv. Release water from the system until the minimum system design pressure is reached; 1.0 bar if the system is to be pre-pressurised.

DOMESTIC HOT WATER

Domestic Hot Water Requirements

The boilers are suitable for connection to most types of washing machine and dishwashing appliances.

When connecting to suitable showers, ensure that:

- the cold inlet to the boiler is fitted with an approved anti-vacuum or syphon non-return valve.
- Hot and cold water supplies to the shower are of equal pressure.

IMPORTANT

Provision MUST be made to accommodate the expansion of DHW contained within the appliance, if a non-return valve is fitted to the DHW inlet.

6 SYSTEM BALANCING

The boiler does not normally need a bypass but at least some radiators on the heating circuit, of load of at least 60% of the boiler output, at minimum rate, i.e. 60% of 10.1 kW (34 500 Btu's) equals 6 kW (21 000 Btu's) must be provided with twin lockshield valves so that this minimum heating load is always available.

Note.

Systems incorporating zone valves which could completely cut off the flow through the system, must be wired such that the boiler will not fire or continue to fire when this occurs.

BALANCING

1. Set the timer to ON.

Close the manual or thermostatic valves on all radiators, leaving the twin lockshield valves (on the radiators referred to above) in the OPEN position.

Turn up the room thermostat and adjust these lockshield valves to give boiler flow and return temperatures not more than 15 °C apart.

These valves should now be left as set.

2. Open all manual or thermostatic radiator valves and adjust the lockshield valves on the remaining radiators, to give around 11 °C temperature drop at each radiator.

3. Adjust the room thermostat and timer to NORMAL settings.

7 CONDENSATE DRAIN


A condensate drain is provided on the boiler. This drain must be connected to a drainage point on site.

All pipework and fittings in the condensate drainage system MUST be made of PLASTIC - no other materials may be used.

The drain outlet on the boiler is standard 22mm overflow pipe.

IMPORTANT

External pipe runs must be insulated to prevent possible freezing.
8  BOILER ASSEMBLY - Exploded View

Legend
1. Burner
3. Gas valve
4. Detection electrode
5. Ignition electrodes
13. Fan
16. Expansion vessel
17. Pump
18. Automatic air vent
19. Fan pressure sensing pipe
22. CH return pipe
24. Pump inlet pipe
25. Boiler return pipe
27. Combi. flow pipe
28. DHW inlet pipe
30. Gas inlet pipe
31. DHW plate heat exchanger
32. Diverter valve
34. Exp. vessel flexible hose
35. Heat exchanger
48. Prepiping frame
50. Control panel
72. Gas injection pipe

- Gas inlet elbow
- Sensing point
9 UNPACKING

Unpack and check the pack contents

The boiler

- M6 x 10 Pozi pan screw - 4 off
- M6 shakeproof washer - 4 off
- No. 14 x 50mm slotted rd. hd. screw - 4 off
- Wall plug (brown) - 4 off
- Condensate drain adaptor - 1 off
- 1/2" sealing washer - 3 off
- 3/4" sealing washer - 3 off
- 15mm olive - 3 off
- 22mm olive - 2 off
- Turret seal - 1 off

Piping frame

- 15mm compression nut - 2 off
- 22mm compression nut - 2 off
- 15mm pipe connector - 2 off
- 22mm - 15mm reducing coupling - 1 off
- 1/2" - 15mm adaptor - 1 off
- 15mm street elbow - 1 off
- 22mm street elbow - 2 off
- Pressure relief valve outlet pipe - 1 off
- Pressure relief valve nut - 1 off
- 90° compression elbow - 1 off
- 3-way plug - 1 off

HARDWARE PACK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M6 x 10 Pozi pan screw</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M6 shakeproof washer</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 14 x 50mm slotted rd. hd. screw</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wall plug (brown)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Condensate drain adaptor</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/2&quot; sealing washer</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/4&quot; sealing washer</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15mm olive</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22mm olive</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turret seal</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>15mm compression nut</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>22mm compression nut</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15mm pipe connector</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22mm - 15mm reducing coupling</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/2&quot; - 15mm adaptor</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15mm street elbow</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22mm street elbow</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure relief valve outlet pipe</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure relief valve nut</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90° compression elbow</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-way plug</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pack B2 Contents

- No. 8 x 8mm self tapping screws - 2 off.
- Flue support cutting aid - 1 off.
- No. 10 x 2" screws - 4 off.
- Rawlplugs - 4 off.

BOILER PACK CONTENTS

- Complete boiler assembly
- Hardware Pack (listed separately below)
- Wall mounting plate
- Wall mounting template
- These Installation and Servicing Instructions
- User’s Instructions
- Stand-off brackets (optional use) (1 pair)
- Concealment panels (optional use) (1 pair)
- Inner flue seal
10 DETERMINING THE FLUE LENGTH AND FLUE PACKS REQUIRED

Calculate the total length of flue by the following:
- Rear flue length = Dim. X + 40 mm (1 5/8")
- RHS flue length = Dim. Y + 188 mm (7 3/8")
- LHS flue length = Dim. Z + 61 mm (2 3/8")

Note. These figures include the length of flue entering the flue turret socket.

Dimension X - Wall thickness
Dimension Y - Wall thickness plus boiler spacing (RHS)
Dimension Z - Wall thickness plus boiler spacing (LHS)

IMPORTANT.
The boiler MUST be installed in a vertical position.

Flue pack requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flue length dimension</th>
<th>Rear flue dimn. X</th>
<th>Right hand side flue dimn. Y</th>
<th>Left hand side flue dimn. Z</th>
<th>Flue packs required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>114 - 580 mm</td>
<td>114 - 410 mm</td>
<td>114 - 540 mm</td>
<td>Pack B2 - 1 off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(4 1/2&quot; - 22 3/4&quot;)</td>
<td>(4 1/2&quot; - 16&quot;)</td>
<td>(4 1/2&quot; - 21 1/4&quot;)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>580 - 1530 mm</td>
<td>410 - 1360 mm</td>
<td>540 - 1490 mm</td>
<td>Pack B2 - 1 off &amp; Extn Duct - 1 off</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(22 3/4&quot; - 60 1/4&quot;)</td>
<td>(16&quot; - 53 1/2&quot;)</td>
<td>(21 1/4&quot; - 58 1/2&quot;)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1530 - 2480 mm</td>
<td>1360 - 2310 mm</td>
<td>1490 - 2440 mm</td>
<td>Pack B2 - 1 off &amp; Extn Duct - 2 off</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(60 1/4&quot; - 97 3/4&quot;)</td>
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<td>(58 1/2&quot; - 96&quot;)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2480 - 3000 mm</td>
<td>2310 - 3000 mm</td>
<td>2440 - 3000 mm</td>
<td>Pack B2 - 1 off &amp; Extn Duct - 3 off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>(97 3/4&quot; - 118&quot;)</td>
<td>(90 3/4&quot; - 118&quot;)</td>
<td>(96&quot; - 118&quot;)</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

FLUE KITS

- Pack B2 supplied as standard.
- Extn Ducts (1m) optional extension kit for side flue or rear flue outlet 1000 mm long. Refer to ‘Flue Extension Ducts’
- Vertical Flue see optional extras.

For **REAR** outlet flue Go to Frame 11
For **SIDE** outlet flue Go to Frame 21
11 REAR FLUE ASSEMBLY - Exploded View

1. An optional flue duct extension kit is required for rear flue lengths greater than 580mm (22 3/4"). Refer to Frame 11.

2. When cutting the ducts always use the cardboard support cutting aid provided.

LEGEND
1. Terminal
2. Weather seal
3. Duct assembly
4. No. 8 x 8 self-tapping screw
5. Inner flue seal
6. Flue turret
7. Turret seal
8. M5 x 10 pozi screw.
9. Turret clamp

12 WALL MOUNTING TEMPLATE

IMPORTANT.
For direct mounting (piping frame on wall) choose one black circle in each group.

If using the stand-off brackets choose one dotted circle in each group. Care MUST be taken to ensure the correct holes are drilled.

1. Tape the template into the selected position.

2. Ensure squareness by hanging a plumbline as shown.

3. Mark onto the wall the following:
   a. The 4 wall mounting plate screw positions.
   b. The position of the flue duct.
      Mark the centre of the hole as well as the circumference.

4. Remove the template from the wall.
13 PREPARING THE WALL

WARNING. Ensure that, during the cutting operation, masonry falling outside of the building does not cause damage or personal injury.

1. Cut the flue hole (preferably with a 5” core boring tool), ensuring that the hole is square to the wall. Both wall faces immediately around the cut hole should be flat.

2. Drill 4 holes with a 7mm (1/4”) masonry drill and insert the plastic plugs provided, for the wall piping frame.

   Note. If the terminal is to be sited within 25-40mm of a corner or vertical pipe then the hole MUST be accurately cut and the rubber weather seal trimmed around the groove provided.

   The terminal wall plate need not be fitted.

---

14 FITTING THE PIPING FRAME

Fit the wall mounting frame either:

A. Directly to the wall

   • Insert wall plugs.

   • Put the screws into the wall plugs and leave 10mm proud

   • Hang the frame onto the screws and tighten up.

or

B. Use stand-off brackets

   (To allow pipework to be taken upwards).

   • Insert wall plugs.

   • Put the screws into the wall plugs and leave 10mm proud.

   • Fasten each bracket to the frame with the 6mm screws and washers provided.

   • Hang the brackets and frame onto the screws and tighten up.

   Note. If the clearances above and below the boiler are less than the length of the pipes it will be necessary to position the pipes behind the wall mounting plate BEFORE the plate is screwed to the wall.
15 WATER CONNECTIONS

Note. Do not subject any of the isolating valves to heat as the seals may be damaged.

For top connections:
Use straight pipe and elbow (not supplied)

For top connections:
Reverse 15mm pipe

16 GAS CONNECTION

Bottom and top connections
1. Solder the 1/2” connector, street elbow, straight pipe and reducing coupling together.
2. Remove the gas cock bracket complete with gas cock.
3. Screw the connector into the gas cock in the correct orientation.
4. Screw the complete assembly back onto the mounting frame.

Extend a gas supply pipe of not less than 22mm O.D. copper or 3/4” BSP iron to the boiler.

A working gas pressure of 20mbr (8” w.g) must be available at the boiler inlet, with the boiler firing at full DHW output.
17 MOUNTING THE BOILER

1. Remove the boiler casing:
   a. Undo the securing screw.
   b. Disengage the casing from the back panel and lift it from the boiler.

2. Undo the 2 screws and remove the boiler bottom panel.

3. Lift the boiler onto the wall, locating the CH flow and return pipes, DHW inlet and outlet pipes and gas pipe to the service pipes.
   Tighten all pipe connections.

18 CUTTING THE FLUE Rear Flue Length of 114 to 580mm

Note.
If the optional standoff bracket kit is used it is essential that 80 mm is added to the measured wall thickness when marking the flue (to allow for the thickness of the brackets).

1. Measure and note wall thickness X.
2. Add 40mm (1 5/8") to dimension X and, measuring from the groove, cut the tube.

IMPORTANT
Measure from the groove marked 'TOP' not the larger groove.

3. To ensure the tube is cut square, mark the flue all the way round.
4. Cut to length, using the cardboard support aid.
5. Remove the cardboard support and any burrs.
19 ASSEMBLING THE FLUE

1. Fit the 'cut to length' flue on to the flue turret.
   *Note.* Ensure the top groove in the flue aligns with the top of the turret.

2. Drill a 3.2mm dia. hole through the flue via the hole present in the turret.

3. Slide the inner flue seal on to the terminal.

4. Secure the turret to the flue, using the self tapping screw provided.

20 CONNECTING THE FLUE TO THE BOILER

*Note.*

BEFORE fitting the flue turret, fill the condensate trap within the boiler by pouring a cupful of water into the flue outlet A.

1. Insert the flue assembly through the prepared hole in the wall far enough to allow the rubber seal to unfold completely and form an adequate seal on the outside wall.

2. Pull the flue back and locate the flue turret on the top of the boiler ensuring that the seal is in place.

3. Secure the flue turret on top of the boiler by inserting the open ends of the turret clamp under the 2 studs and fixing it in the middle with the single M5 x 10mm pozi-hex screw provided.

4. After securing the flue turret to the top of the boiler slide the inner flue seal along the terminal to make contact with the wall.

*Note.* There is no need to make good the wall.

PROCEED TO FRAME 32
21 SIDE FLUE ASSEMBLY - Exploded view

1. An optional flue duct extension kit is required for flue lengths greater than:
   - 410 mm (16") for RHS flue
   - 540 mm (21 1/4") for LHS flue
   (Refer to Frame 11).

2. When cutting the ducts always use the cardboard support cutting aid provided.

LEGEND
1. Terminal
2. Weather seal
3. Duct assembly
4. No. 8 x 8 self-tapping screw
5. M5 x 10 pozi screw
6. Turret Clamp
7. Turret seal
8. Flue turret
9. Inner flue seal

22 WALL MOUNTING TEMPLATE

IMPORTANT.
For direct mounting (piping frame on wall) choose one black circle in each group.
If using the stand-off brackets choose one dotted circle in each group. Care MUST be taken to ensure the correct holes are drilled.

1. Tape the template into the selected position.
2. Ensure squareness by hanging a plumbline as shown.
3. Mark onto the wall the following:
   a. The 4 wall mounting plate screw positions.
   b. The position of the flue duct. Mark the centre of the hole as well as the circumference.

Note.
Allow for stand-off brackets if being used. Use the table on the wall mounting template.
4. Remove the template from the wall.
23 PREPARING THE WALL

**WARNING.**
Ensure that, during the cutting operation, masonry falling outside of the building does not cause damage or personal injury.

1. Cut the flue hole (preferably with a 5" core boring tool), ensuring that the hole is square to the wall. Both wall faces immediately around the cut hole should be flat.

2. Drill 4 holes with a 7mm (1/4") masonry drill and insert the plastic plugs, provided, for the wall mounting piping frame.

**Note.** If the terminal is to be sited within 25-40mm of a corner or vertical pipe then the hole MUST be accurately cut and the rubber weather seal trimmed around the groove provided. The terminal wall plate need not be fitted.

24 FITTING THE PIPING FRAME
Fit the wall mount frame either:

a. **Directly to the wall**
   - Insert wall plugs.
   - Put the screws into the wall plugs and leave 10mm proud
   - Hang the frame onto the screws and tighten up.

**Or**

b. **Use stand-off brackets**
   (To allow pipework to be taken upwards).
   - Insert wall plugs.
   - Put the screws into the wall plugs and leave 10mm proud.
   - Fasten each bracket to the frame with the 6mm screws provided.
   - Hang the brackets and frame onto the screws and tighten up.

**Note.** If the clearances above and below the boiler are less than the length of the pipes it will be necessary to position the pipes behind the wall mounting plate **BEFORE** the plate is screwed to the wall.
**25 WATER CONNECTIONS**

Note. Do not subject any of the isolating valves to heat as the seals may be damaged.

**CH CONNECTIONS**

**Bottom Connection**

- Mounting frame
- CH. Isolating valve
- 22mm street elbow supplied in hardware pack

For top connections:

- Use straight pipe and elbow (not supplied)

**DHW CONNECTIONS**

**Bottom Connection**

- Mounting frame
- DHW. Isolating valve
- 15mm copper pipe supplied in hardware pack

For top connections:

- Reverse 15mm pipe

---

**26 GAS CONNECTION**

**Bottom and top connections**

1. Solder the 1/2” connector, street elbow, straight pipe and reducing coupling together.
2. Remove the gas cock bracket complete with gas cock.
3. Screw the connector into the gas cock in the correct orientation.
4. Screw the complete assembly back onto the mounting frame.

![Diagram of gas connection](image)

Extend a gas supply pipe of not less than 22mm O.D. copper or 3/4” BSP iron to the boiler.

A working gas pressure of 20mbr (8” w.g) must be available at the boiler inlet, with the boiler firing at full DHW output.
27 MOUNTING THE BOILER

1. Lift the boiler onto the wall mounting piping frame, as shown.

FOR FLUE LENGTHS GREATER THAN 600mm REFER TO FRAMES 34, 35 & 36 - FLUE EXTENSION DUCTS

28 CUTTING THE FLUE - For flue lengths 114 to 600mm ONLY

1. The flue cut length is calculated as follows:-
   a. Measure and note the wall thickness X
   b. Add dimension H, measured in Frame 22.
   c. For right hand side flue add 188mm (7 3/8")
   d. For left hand side flue add 61mm (2 3/8")
      i.e.  

2. Measure from the groove and cut the tube.
   IMPORTANT. Measure from the groove marked 'TOP' not the larger groove.)

3. To ensure the tube is cut square, mark the flue all the way round.

4. Cut to length, using the cardboard support aid.

5. Remove the cardboard support and remove any burrs.

FOR FLUE LENGTHS GREATER THAN 600mm REFER TO FRAMES 34, 35 & 36 - FLUE EXTENSION DUCTS
29 ASSEMBLING THE FLUE

1. Fit the ‘cut to length’ flue on to the flue turret. 
   **Note.** Ensure the groove in the flue aligns with the top of the turret.

2. Drill a 3.2mm dia. hole through the flue via the hole present in the turret.

3. Before securing the turret to the flue terminal fit the inner flue seal to the turret.

4. Secure the turret to the flue, using the self tapping screw provided.

30 CONNECTING THE FLUE TO THE BOILER

**Note.** BEFORE fitting the flue turret, fill the condensate trap within the boiler by pouring a cupful of water into the flue outlet A.

1. Insert the flue assembly through the prepared hole in the wall far enough to allow the rubber seal to unfold completely and form an adequate seal on the outside wall.

2. Pull the flue back and locate the flue turret on the top of the boiler ensuring that the seal is in place.

3. Secure the flue turret on top of the boiler by inserting the open ends of the turret clamp under the 2 studs and fixing it in the middle with the single M5 x 10mm pozi-hex screw provided.

4. After securing the flue turret to the top of the boiler slide the inner flue seal along the terminal to make good the inside wall face around the flue.

5. Flues over 1 metre long. Fix the flue support bracket to the wall, using the wall plug and wood screw. For standard installations use the short wood screw. If the stand-off option is used, secure the support bracket using the spacer bracket and long wood screw.
# INSTALLATION

## 31 TERMINAL WALL PLATE

This plate allows neat concealment and full compression of the rubber seal. Its use is not essential if the flue hole and flue ducts have been accurately cut and the outside wall face is flat.

1. Position the terminal wall plate over the terminal.
2. Drill 4 fixing holes with a 7mm (1/4") masonry drill.
3. Insert the 4 plastic plugs provided.
4. Secure the plate with 4 of the No.10 x 2" screws provided.

## 32 CONDENSATE DRAIN

The condensate drain provided on the boiler must be connected to a drainage point, preferably within the building.

The routing of the drain must be made to allow a minimum fall of 1 in 20 away from the boiler, throughout its length.

The drainage pipework must be arranged so that obstruction (e.g. through freezing) of external drainage pipe does not give rise to spillage within the dwelling.

Excessive external pipe runs should be avoided in order to prevent possible freezing.

All pipework and fittings in the condensate drain system must be made of plastic. No other materials may be used.

The drain outlet on the boiler is standard 22mm overflow pipe. This size must not be reduced in any part of its length.

In order to defer the onset of freezing of the condensate drain when the pipe is run externally the pipe should be run as far as possible within the building.

The boiler condensate drain connection is suitable for Bartol ‘Polypipe’ tubing. An adaptor is supplied to allow the use of Marley ‘Terrain’ tubing, which is slightly larger. This adaptor should be sealed to the Marley ‘Terrain’ tubing and to the boiler condensate drain, using a suitable plastic tube adhesive.
33 SAFETY VALVE DRAIN

The safety valve is located at the bottom LHS of the boiler.

1. Using the pressure relief valve outlet pipe, nut and olive from the hardware pack, assemble into safety valve as shown.

2. If access to the nut is difficult remove the socket screw from inside of fitting and pull the valve from the pipe to allow the piping nut to be tightened.

3. Replace valve and tighten socket screw.

The position of the safety valve discharge pipe should be such that any discharge of water or steam does not create a hazard.

4. Use the 90° compression elbow so that the pipe is directed towards the rear.

34 FLUE EXTENSION DUCTS - For overall flue lengths greater than 600mm (23 5/8"")

Flue extension duct kit contents.

- Extension duct 1.0m (39") long
- Flue support cutting aid (shown folded up)
- Support bracket
- Support bracket extension
- Wall plug
- M5 x 10 screws - 2 off
- No. 8 x 1/4" self tapping screws - 3 off
- No. 10 x 3 1/2" wood screw - 1 off
- No. 10 x 2" wood screw - 1 off

35 FLUE EXTENSION DUCTS - continued

Use a maximum of 3m extended flue ONLY

GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

1. A maximum of 3 extension ducts (one suitably cut) plus the standard flue duct may be used together.

2. Flue extensions of greater length than 1m (39") should be supported with the bracket provided, suitably adjusted. Refer to Frame 34.

Note. Side flue shown
**36 FITTING THE KIT**

1. Remove the cardboard support aid from the flue and place safely to one side.

2. Fit inner flue seal.

3. Fit the inner flue extension duct onto the inner flue duct.

4. Fit the outer flue extension duct onto the outer air duct.

5. Drill one 3.2mm (1/8") dia hole through the outer air duct.  
   *Do not drill the inner flue duct.*

6. Insert the self tapping screw provided to fix the air duct in position.

7. Repeat steps 1-5 if a second flue extension is required.

8. Measure and mark the flue length required onto the flue, measuring from the groove near the terminal.

9. To ensure a square cut, mark the flue all the way round.

10. Cut to length using the cardboard support aid.

11. Remove the cardboard offcuts and deburr the metal edges.

Appliances fitted with a **REAR outlet flue**; please refer to Frame 11

Appliances fitted with a **SIDE outlet flue**; please refer to Frame 21
37 FILLING - Central Heating

Refer also to Frame 4

1. Ensure that the CH isolating valves are open.
2. Release the securing screw and swing the control panel down.
3. Fill and vent the system. Check for water soundness.

Legend
A  Boiler heat exchanger
B  Gas valve
C  Safety valve
D  DHW plate heat exchanger
E  Condensate & safety drains
F  CH flow
G  DHW out
H  Gas inlet
I  DHW adjuster
J  DHW in
K  CH drain
L  CH return
M  Diverter valve
N  Pump
O  CH expansion vessel
P  Automatic air vent
Q  Flue sensing point

Front elevation layout of boiler components (control panel open)

Diverter valve shown in CH position. Forward position indicates DHW.
**38 FILLING - continued**

**IMPORTANT - when filling:**

a. Remove the diverter valve actuator and depress the spindle several times during filling. Replace diverter valve actuator.

b. The cap on the automatic air vent MUST be loose at all times. When filling, there may be a slight water leak from the vent therefore electrical connections should be protected.

c. Ensure that the pump is free to rotate.
   i. Remove the vent plug
   ii. Using a screwdriver, rotate the shaft several times
   iii. Replace the vent plug.

*Note. Some slight water leakage will occur.*

**FILLING - DOMESTIC HOT WATER**

1. Fully open all DHW taps and ensure that water flows freely from them.

2. Close all taps except the one furthest from the boiler.

3. Turn off the DHW tap.
39 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

**WARNING.** This appliance must be efficiently earthed.

A mains supply of 230 V ~ 50 Hz is required.

The fuse rating should be 3A.

Wiring external to the boiler MUST be in accordance with the current I.E.E. (BS7671) Wiring Regulations and any local regulations.

All external controls and wiring must be suitable for mains voltage.

Wiring should be 3 core PVC insulated cable, not less than 0.75 mm² (24 x 0.2mm).

Connection must be made in a way that allows complete isolation of the electrical supply such as a double pole switch having a 3mm (1/8") contact separation in both poles, or a plug and socket, serving only the boiler and system controls. The means of isolation must be accessible to the user after installation.

40 INTERNAL WIRING

1. Route the mains cable into the bottom rear RHS of the boiler.
2. Wire the live, neutral and earth into the 5-way remote plug terminals, 3 (Live) N & ½ as shown.

**Note.** Ensure that the lengths of the current carrying conductors are shorter than the earth conductor so that if the cable slips in its anchorage the current carrying conductors become taut before the earth conductor.

3. If a room thermostat is fitted wire across the 5-way remote plug terminals 1 & 2 in place of link wire.
4. Secure the mains lead with the cable clamp in the plug.

**Note.**
1 2 - Room thermostat connections

---

![Diagram of electrical connections](image-url)
**41 EXTERNAL WIRING**

**Wiring External to the Boiler**

**WARNING.** This appliance must be efficiently earthed.

A mains supply of 230 V ~ 50 Hz is required.

The fuse rating should be 3A.

Wiring external to the boiler MUST be in accordance with the current I.E.E. (BS.7671) Wiring Regulations and any local regulations.

All external controls and wiring must be suitable for mains voltage.

Wiring should be 3 core PVC insulated cable, not less than 0.75 mm² (24 x 0.2mm).

Wiring external to the boiler MUST be in accordance with the current wiring regulations and any local regulations.

Connection must be made in a way that allows complete isolation of the electrical supply such as a double pole switch having a 3mm (1/8") contact separation in both poles, or a plug and socket, serving only the boiler and system controls. The means of isolation must be accessible to the user after installation.

1. **External Single Channel Timer**
   This should be wired as shown in Diagram A

2. **External Two Channel Timer**
   This should be wired as shown in Diagram B. The power to the timer should be isolated with the same switch that isolates power to the boiler, otherwise the boiler can be left live, even when the boiler isolating switch is off. Using a two-channel timer will disable the heating switch.

3. **Room Thermostat**
   It is recommended to use a room thermostat in conjunction with the boiler to give the most efficient boiler performance and the most comfortable central heating performance. The room thermostat should be wired (depending on the timer option) as either diagram A or B.

4. **Frost Protection**
   a. This is provided automatically by the Gasmodul control.

   If the boiler flow temperature $T$ falls below 7 °C the pump runs without the boiler firing until the temperature exceeds 10 °C.

   If the flow temperature falls below 3 °C the boiler will fire until the temperature exceeds 10 °C.

   b. Central heating systems fitted wholly inside the house do not normally require frost protection as the house acts as a ‘storage heater’ and can normally be left at least 24 hours without frost damage.

   However, if parts of the pipework run outside the house or if the boiler will be left off for more than a day or so then a frost thermostat should be wired into the system.

   The frost thermostat should be sited in a cold place but where it can sense heat from the system. Wiring should be as shown.

   **Note.**

   *If the boiler is installed in a garage it may be necessary to fit a pipe thermostat, preferably on the return pipework.*
44 COMMISSIONING AND TESTING

A. Electrical Installation
1. Checks to ensure electrical safety should be carried out by a competent person.
2. ALWAYS carry out the preliminary electrical system checks, i.e., earth continuity, polarity, resistance to earth and short circuit, using a suitable test meter.

B. Gas Installation
1. The whole of the gas installation, including the meter, should be inspected and tested for soundness, and purged.
2. Purge air from the gas installation by loosening the gas cock union and purge until gas is smelled.
3. Retighten the union and test for gas soundness.

WARNING. Whilst effecting the required gas soundness test and purging air from the gas installation, open all windows and doors, extinguish naked lights and DO NOT SMOKE.
45 INITIAL LIGHTING

1. Check that the system has been filled and that the boiler is not airlocked. Ensure the automatic air vent screw is open (N).

2. Check that all the drain cocks are closed and that the CH and DHW isolating valves are OPEN.

3. Check that the electrical supply is OFF.

4. Check that the gas service cock (I) is OPEN.

5. Remove screw and swing the control panel down.

6. Remove the screw in the burner pressure test point (C) and connect a gas pressure gauge via a flexible tube.

7. Swing the control panel into its working position.

8. Ensure that the external CH controls are calling for heat and set the switch (K) to ON.

9. Switch the electricity supply ON.

10. Set the switch (J) to ON.

11. The boiler ignition sequence should now start.

   **Note.**
   A self-check cycle will take place whenever the RESET button on the control panel is pressed, and also once every 24 hours without a call for heat, to ensure movement of the components once a day.

---

**LEGEND**

A. Gas control valve
B. Inlet pressure test point
C. Burner pressure test point
D. Offset adjuster (sealed)
E. Fan pressure test point (Hi)
F. Fan pressure test point (Lo)
G. Control panel
H. Display board
I. Gas service cock (hidden)
J. On/off switch
K. Central heating (CH) on/off switch
L. Central heating pressure gauge
M. Flue thermostat (behind sealing panel)
N. Automatic air vent
O. Cover plate

**Control panel** contains digital display and 6 buttons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Button</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RESET</td>
<td>Reset of system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MODE</td>
<td>Mode of display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STEP</td>
<td>Step within the mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STORE</td>
<td>Storage of setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UP(+)</td>
<td>Increase of setting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOWN (-)</td>
<td>Decrease of setting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sequence** | **Boiler Status** |
-------------|-------------------|
   0         | No heat request.   |
   1         | Fan pre-purge for 8 seconds. |
   2         | Gas valve opens and spark commences. |
   3         | Burner ignition and flame detection (CH). |
   4         | Burner ignition and flame detection (DHW) |
46 INITIAL LIGHTING - continued

If ignition does not occur within 8 seconds or if the burner lights and flame presence is not detected then the ignition sequence is repeated for a maximum of 5 times. If ignition is still unsuccessful the display flashes:

indicating a FAULT mode, and the boiler will shut down. Press the RESET button to return the boiler to STANDBY mode and the ignition sequence will be repeated.

If the boiler again locks out refer to the Fault -Finding section.

13. Check that the burner lights smoothly and that sequence number:

is displayed, indicating that central heating is being supplied.

Note.
Sequence Number 4 will first show until the DHW preheat is satisfied. The burner will reduce to minimum rate for a few seconds before increasing to maximum rate.

14. Test for gas soundness around ALL boiler gas components, using leak detection fluid.

15. Operate the boiler for 20 minutes to stabilise the burner temperature.

16. The boiler central heating control is fully modulating, operating between burner pressures of:

13.0 mbar (± 0.2 mbar) MAXIMUM
2.0 mbar (± 0.2 mbar ) MINIMUM

These are factory set.

To check the maximum pressure
Remove the controls button cover plate (O). Select TEST mode by pressing MODE and ‘ + ’ buttons simultaneously (to simulate a call for maximum heat).

The display will read:

To check the minimum pressure
Select TEST mode by pressing MODE and ‘ - ’ buttons simultaneously (to simulate a call for minimum heat).

The display will read:

17. To check the fan pressure signal
Connect a suitable pressure gauge to the pressure tappings (E) and (F) on the gas valve.

Equilibrium fan pressures should be as follows (± 0.2 mbar):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler size kW (Btu)</th>
<th>Fan pressure mbar (ins. wg.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24 (81 900)</td>
<td>3.5 (1.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.5 (0.24)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This will reduce within acceptable levels up to 3m flue (ref only)

18. To return the boiler to normal running STANDBY mode, press + and - buttons simultaneously.

19. With the burner firing as above at maximum rate, fully open a DHW tap:

a. The pump should continue to run.
b. The burner pressure should remain at maximum setting.
c. The diverter valve should change over to circulate water to the DHW calorifier.
d. Check that the sequence number:

is displayed, indicating that DHW is being supplied (the last 2 digits still show the boiler flow temperature).

The DHW control is also fully modulating down to a minimum pressure of 2.0 mbar (± 0.2 mbar). Check this by reducing the DHW draw-off.

These pressures are also factory set.

47 DOMESTIC HOT WATER FLOW RATE SETTING

1. Fully open all DHW taps, in turn, and ensure that water flows freely from them.

2. Close all taps except the furthest one from the boiler and check that the boiler is firing at maximum rate.

3. Release the boiler bottom panel.

4. Turn the DHW flow regulator clockwise to reduce the DHW flow rate until a DHW temperature of approximately 35 °C rise is obtained at the tap. This corresponds to a flow rate of about 10 l/min.

5. Turn off the DHW tap and switch OFF the electricity supply.
48 GENERAL CHECKS
Make the following checks for correct operation:

DOMESTIC HOT WATER (DHW) MODE
1. Set the CH switch (K) to OFF.
2. Switch ON the electricity supply.
   The boiler should complete the self-check cycle - refer to Frame 47 - then the burner should fire at maximum rate for about one minute, preheating the DHW calorifier.
   The display sequence number should read:
   
   The display sequence should read: 
   
   when the burner switches off.
   
   Notes.
   a. If no DHW is drawn off, the boiler will fire periodically for a short time, to maintain the calorifier temperature.
   b. The DHW preheat operates 24 hours a day unless a timer is fitted, when it can be timed.
3. Fully open a DHW tap and check that the pump starts and that the main burner lights at maximum rate. The display sequence number should read:

   Check that DHW is delivered.
4. Reduce the DHW draw-off rate to the minimum required to keep the boiler firing and check that the burner pressure reduces to low rate in response to DHW temperature rise.
5. Close the DHW tap and check that the main burner extinguishes:
   The pump should overrun for 3 minutes and the display sequence should read:

   When the pump stops the display sequence should read:

Make the following checks for correct operation:

CENTRAL HEATING (CH) & DOMESTIC HOT WATER (DHW) MODE
1. Ensure that the CH external controls are calling for heat.
2. Set the central heating switch (K) to ON.
   The boiler should complete the self-check cycle - refer to Frame 46 - then the burner should fire at maximum rate to supply the central heating.
   The display sequence number should read:
   
   after first satisfying DHW preheat if necessary.
   
   Note. Sequence Number 4 will first show until the DHW preheat is satisfied.
3. Fully open a DHW tap and check that hot water is delivered.

The display sequence should read:

4. Close the DHW tap. The burner should go off and the pump continue to run. The display sequence should read:

   After 15 seconds the burner should relight, to supply central heating. The display sequence should read:

5. Set the central heating external controls to OFF. The burner should go off and the pump continue to run for 3 minutes.
   The display sequence should read:

   returning to

   when the pump stops.

6. Check the correct operation of the timer (if fitted) and all other system controls. Operate each control separately and check that the main burner corresponds.
7. Swing panel down and remove the pressure gauge and tube. Tighten the sealing screw in the pressure test point, ensuring that a gas-tight seal is made.
8. Swing the control panel back to its working position and secure.
9. Refit the boiler bottom panel.
10. Refit the boiler casing.

WATER CIRCULATION SYSTEM
1. With the system COLD, check that the initial pressure is correct to the system design requirements.
   For pre-pressurised systems, this should be 1.0 bar.
2. With the system HOT, examine all water connections for soundness. The system pressure will increase with temperature rise but should not exceed 2.5 bar.
3. With the system still hot, turn off the gas, water and electricity supplies to the boiler and drain down to complete the flushing process.

   Note. A flushing solution should be used during the flushing procedure. Flushing solutions, Fernox Superfloc, Sentinel X300 (new systems) or X400 (existing systems). Refer to page 8.
4. Refill and vent the system, add inhibitor (see Frame 4), clear all air locks and again check for water soundness.
5. Reset the system initial pressure to the design requirement.
7. Check the condensate drain for leaks and check that it is discharging correctly.
8. Finally, set the controls to the User’s requirements.
9. Refit the boiler bottom panel.
10. If an optional timer kit is fitted then refer to the instructions supplied with the kit.
49 GENERAL CHECKS - continued

WATER TEMPERATURES
The design water output temperatures are as follows:

**Central Heating** 82 °C maximum  
**Domestic Hot Water** 60 °C maximum  

These temperatures can be checked and settings changed (if required) as follows:

1. To check the temperatures:
   a. Select MONITOR mode by pressing the MODE button until the decimal point after the first digit on the display flashes.
      The first digit now gives the step number and the last two the temperature.
   b. Select the required step number by pressing the STEP button.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step number</th>
<th>Temperature °C.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>CH flow temp °C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>CH return temp °C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>DHW inlet temperature °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Outside temp °C. (if fitted)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Maximum set value of CH flow temp °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

c. To return the control to the normal running STANDBY mode press the RESET button.

2. To change the temperature settings:
   a. Select PARAMETER mode by pressing the MODE button until the decimal point after the first digit on the display shows steadily.
      The first digit now gives the step number and the last two the value of the setting
      Note. In this mode it is also possible to switch the boiler on or off in either CH or DHW mode.
   b. Select the required step number by pressing the STEP button.
   c. Reset the temperature to the required value by pressing + and - buttons.
   d. Store the new value by pressing the STORE button. The display should flash twice.
   e. To return the control to the normal running STANDBY mode press the RESET button.
   f. Refit the controls button cover plate.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step number</th>
<th>Temperature °C.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Max DHW temp (40° to 60 °C)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
   | 2           | 00 = DHW OFF  
   |             | 05 = DHW ON            |
   | 3           | 00 = CH OFF  
   |             | 01 = CH ON            |
   | 4           | Max CH temp (20° to 82 °C) |
50 HANDING OVER

After completing the installation and commissioning of the system the installer should hand over to the householder by the following actions:

1. Hand the User Instructions to the householder and explain his/her responsibilities under the relevant national regulations.
2. Draw attention to the Lighting Instruction label affixed to the inside of the casing drop down door.
3. Explain and demonstrate the lighting and shutting down procedures.
4. The operation of the boiler, and the use and adjustment of all system controls, should be fully explained to the householder, to ensure the greatest possible fuel economy consistent with the household requirements of both heating and hot water consumption.
   Advise the User of the precautions necessary to prevent damage to the system and to the building, in the event of the system remaining inoperative during frosty conditions.
5. Explain the function and the use of the boiler heating and domestic hot water controls.
6. Explain the function of the boiler fault mode.
   Emphasise that if a fault is indicated, the boiler should be turned off and a registered local heating installer consulted.
7. Explain and demonstrate the function of time and temperature controls, radiator valves etc., for the economic use of the system.
8. If an optional timer kit is fitted then draw attention to the Timer Kit User Instructions and hand them to the householder.
9. Loss of system water pressure
   Explain that the dial on the control panel indicates the central heating system pressure and that if the normal COLD pressure of the system is seen to decrease over a period of time then a water leak is indicated. In this event a registered local heating installer should be consulted.

WARNING. Do not fire the boiler if the pressure has reduced to zero from the original setting.

10. After installation, commissioning, and customer hand-over instructions please complete the appliance log book and leave this with the customer.

11. IMPORTANT. A comprehensive service should be carried out AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR.
   Stress the importance of regular servicing by a Corgi registered installer. As the installer you may wish to undertake the service contract your self or alternatively offer to the customer the benefits of the Caradon Care Scheme, details of which are outlined in the householder pack supplied with this boiler.

51 SERVICING SCHEDULE

To ensure the continued safe and efficient operation of the appliance it is recommended that it is checked at regular intervals and serviced as necessary. The frequency of servicing will depend upon the installation condition and usage but should be carried out at least annually.

It is the law that any service work must be carried out by a registered installer.

As the installer you may wish to undertake the service contract yourself or, alternatively, to the customer the benefits of the Caradon Care scheme, details of which are outlined in the Householder pack supplied with this boiler.

Note. Some aluminium oxide build-up on the heat exchanger fins is quite usual with this type of condensing boiler. Though removal is recommended annually, the heat exchanger must be inspected and cleaned after a maximum of 2 years operation.

1. Light the boiler and carry out a pre-service check, noting any operational faults.
   Run the boiler for at least 20 minutes and check the gas consumption.

2. Optional test
   Connect a suitable gas analyser to the sampling point on the boiler.
   For correct boiler operation, the CO/CO₂ content of the boiler should not be greater than 0.004 ratio. If this is the case, and the gas input is at least 90% of the nominal, then no further action need be taken. If not, proceed to Step 3.

3. Clean the main burner.

4. Clean the heat exchanger.
   Note. This must be done with the heat exchanger and deposit in a dry condition.

5. Clean the condensate trap and check the drain for blockage.

6. Check that the flue terminal is unobstructed and that the flue system is sealed correctly.

The servicing procedures are covered more fully in Frames 52 to 59 and MUST be carried out in sequence.
52 SAFETY

IMPORTANT.
Always turn OFF the gas supply at the gas service cock, and switch OFF and disconnect the electricity supply to the appliances before servicing.

WARNING.
After completing the servicing or exchange of components always:
- Test for gas soundness and carry out functional checks as appropriate.
- Check the sealing panel is correctly refitted, ensuring that a good seal is made.

Do NOT OPERATE the boiler if the sealing panel is not fitted

Note.
In order to carry out servicing, the boiler casing and sealing panel must be removed. Refer to Frames 53 and 54.

53 CASING REMOVAL

1. Undo the securing screw.
2. Lift to disengage the casing from the back panel and withdraw it from the boiler.

54 BOILER SEALING PANEL REMOVAL

1. Release the 2 retaining clips.
2. Swing the panel open to the left and disengage it from the boiler.
SERVICING

55  FAN REMOVAL AND CLEANING
1. Undo the fan inlet venturi top securing screw.
2. Slacken the other 2 securing screws.
3. Slide the venturi upward to disengage the sensing pipe from the gas manifold.
4. Withdraw the venturi, complete with sensing pipe, from the boiler.
5. Depress the retaining clip and rotate the fan to the right to disengage the bayonet fixing on the fan outlet.
6. Draw the fan forward and unplug the electrical lead from the motor.
7. Withdraw the fan from the boiler.

   Check that the fan impeller runs freely. Clean with a soft brush and renew as necessary.

   Note. Always take care when handling the fan, in order to preserve the balance of the impeller.

56  BURNER REMOVAL AND CLEANING
1. Disconnect the ignition and detection leads from the electrodes.
2. Undo the 3 fixing screws securing the burner assembly.
   Withdraw the burner assembly downward and out of the heat exchanger.
3. Brush off any deposits that may have collected on the burner, ensuring that the flame ports are unobstructed.
   Note. Brushes with metallic bristles must NOT be used.
4. Inspect the spark and detection electrodes. Ensure that they are clean and in good condition - replace if necessary.
5. Check that the spark and electrode gaps are correct.
6. Check that the spark and detection leads are in good condition, and renew as necessary.
57 CLEANING THE HEAT EXCHANGER

IMPORTANT
This MUST be done with the heat exchanger and deposit in a DRY condition.
Prior to cleaning, run the boiler until a flow temperature of 80 °C is reached - refer to Frame 51, step 1 (Servicing schedule).

1. Place a plastic sheet or similar beneath the boiler and remove all visible loose deposits from the heat exchanger fins, using a suitable brush.
2. Take care to clean debris from the ledge inside the combustion chamber.

58 CLEANING THE CONDENSATE TRAP

1. Pull off the condensate trap from the bottom panel and carefully empty the contained water into a receptacle.
2. Pull off the trap from the bottom of the boiler.
3. Withdraw the trap from the boiler.
4. Thoroughly flush the trap by running high pressure water through it.

59 RE-ASSEMBLY

Re-assemble the boiler in the following order:

1. Refit the condensate trap.
2. Refit the burner, renewing any damaged or deteriorating sealing gaskets.
3. Reconnect the ignition and detection leads.
4. Reconnect the fan electrical lead.
5. Refit the fan, engaging it in the bayonet fixing. Ensure that the ‘O’ ring seal is in place.
6. Refit the fan inlet venturi complete with sensing pipe.
7. Refit the boiler sealing panel.

IMPORTANT.
Ensure that the boiler sealing panel is correctly fitted and that a good seal is made.
8. Refit the boiler casing.
9. Turn on the gas supply at the gas service cock.
10. Reconnect the electrical supply.
60 GENERAL

WHEN REPLACING ANY COMPONENT:

1. Isolate the electricity supply.
2. Turn off the gas supply.

IMPORTANT.
When work is complete, if the sealing panel has been removed, it must be correctly refitted - ensuring that a good seal is made.

THE BOILER MUST NOT BE OPERATED IF THE SEALING PANEL IS NOT FITTED

Note. In order to replace components in Frames 75 to 85 it is necessary to drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.

61 FLUE THERMOSTAT REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53
3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.
4. Disconnect the flue thermostat electrical leads.
5. Unscrew the thermostat from the side of the heat exchanger.
6. Fit the new flue thermostat, and re-assemble in reverse order.
**62 FAN UNIT REPLACEMENT**

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.
4. Undo the fan inlet venturi top securing screw.
5. Slacken the other 2 securing screws.
6. Slide the venturi upward to disengage the sensing pipe from the gas manifold.
7. Withdraw the venturi, complete with sensing pipe, from the boiler.
8. Depress the retaining clip and rotate the fan to the right to disengage the bayonet fixing on the fan outlet.
9. Draw the fan forward and unplug the electrical lead from the motor.
10. Withdraw the fan from the boiler.

**Note.** Always take care when handling the fan, in order to preserve the balance of the impeller.

11. Transfer the fan outlet adaptor to the new fan, renewing any damaged or deteriorating gasket.
12. Fit the new fan in reverse order, ensuring that the 'O' ring seal in the fan outlet adaptor is in place.
13. Check the operation of the new fan.

**63 BURNER REPLACEMENT**

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.
4. Remove the fan assembly. Refer to Frame 55.
5. Disconnect the ignition and detector leads.
6. Undo the 3 fixing screws securing the burner assembly.
7. Withdraw the burner assembly downward and out of the heat exchanger.
8. Remove the 3 securing screws and withdraw the burner from the mounting flange.
9. Fit the new burner, replacing any damaged or deteriorating gasket.
10. Re-assemble in reverse order ensuring that the 'O' ring seal in the burner mounting flange is in place.

**Note.** Check the spark and detection gaps. Refer to Frame 56.
SERVICING

64 SPARK AND DETECTION ELECTRODE REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.
4. Remove the fan assembly. Refer to Frame 55.
5. Remove the burner assembly. Refer to Frame 56.
6. Undo the electrode securing screw, as required, and withdraw the electrode.

7. Fit new electrodes as required, ensuring that the gaskets are in good condition and are sealing correctly - renew as necessary.
8. Check the spark / detection gaps.
9. Re-assemble in reverse order ensuring that the 'O' ring seal in the burner mounting flange is in place.
10. Check the ignition and operation of the burner.

65 BURNER INJECTOR REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.
4. Unscrew the injector from the injection pipe.
5. Fit the new injector, using a suitable jointing compound sparingly.
6. Re-assemble in reverse order.
66 GAS CONTROL VALVE REPLACEMENT

Note.

Ensure that the valve is the correct one for the boiler.
The valve is factory set and sealed. No adjustment is required.

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.
4. Remove the fan assembly. Refer to Frame 55.
5. Release the securing screw and swing the control panel down to gain access to the gas valve.
6. Undo the 2 nuts securing the gas injection pipe and remove the pipe.
7. Undo the gas inlet pipe union.
8. Disconnect the electrical leads from the valve solenoids.
9. Supporting the valve, undo the 3 securing screws (from inside the boiler chamber) and withdraw the valve, complete with mounting brackets and gas inlet pipe.
10. Transfer the mounting brackets and sensing pipes to the new valve, renewing any damaged or deteriorating sealing gaskets.
11. Transfer the gas inlet pipe to the new valve, using the new sealing washer and 'O' ring provided.
12. Fit the new valve in reverse order, replacing any damaged gaskets.
13. Check the operation of the new valve.

67 GAS CONTROL VALVE SOLENOID REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Swing the control panel down.
4. Disconnect the electrical leads from the valve solenoids, as required.
5. Undo the securing screws as required and remove the solenoid.
6. Fit the new solenoid and re-assemble in reverse order.
7. Check the operation of the new solenoid.
68 GASMODUL CONTROL UNIT REPLACEMENT

Ensure that the control unit is the correct one for the boiler.

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Swing the control panel down.
4. Undo the 3 securing screws and unclip the plastic cover from the back of the control panel.
5. Unplug the 3 electrical leads from the control unit.
6. Unplug the display board.
7. Unplug the spark and detector leads.
8. Undo the 4 securing screws and withdraw the control unit from the panel.
9. Fit the new control unit and re-assemble in reverse order. Ensure that all electrical connections are correctly remade.
10. Check the operation of the boiler.

69 DISPLAY BOARD REPLACEMENT OR FAN SPEED CONTROL BOARD REPLACEMENT.

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Swing the control panel down.
4. Undo the 3 securing screws and unclip the plastic cover from the back of the control panel.
5. Unplug the leads(s) from the board.
6. Prise the board off the mounting posts.
7. Fit the new board and re-assemble in reverse order. Ensure that all electrical connections are correctly remade.
8. Check the operation of the boiler.

70 ON/OFF & CH SWITCH REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Swing the control panel down.
4. Unclip the plastic cover from the back of the control panel.
5. Disconnect the electrical leads from the switch.
6. Compress the retaining clips and prise the switch out of the panel.
7. Fit the new switch and re-assemble in reverse order. Ensure that the switch is the right way round and that all electrical connections are correctly remade.
8. Check the operation of the boiler.
**71 DIVERTER VALVE ACTUATOR REMOVAL**

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Swing the control panel down.
4. Unplug the electrical lead from the diverter valve.
5. Press the release catch in the direction shown, and rotate the actuator anticlockwise to disengage it from the valve body.
6. Fit the new actuator and re-assemble in reverse order.
7. Check the operation of the new actuator.

**72 DRAINING THE BOILER**

**IMPORTANT**

In order to replace the components in Frames 73 to 85 it is necessary to drain the boiler.

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Close the CH isolating valves.
3. Open the boiler drain tap and drain the water into a suitable receptacle.

**Note.** Set the diverter valve manual lever to the MID position to ensure maximum drainage of the pipework. Open the lowest D.H.W. draw-off tap.

4. To refill the boiler refer to Frames 4 & 5.
### 73 CONDENSATE TRAP REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.
4. Remove the fan assembly. Refer to Frame 55.
5. Pull off the condensate trap from the bottom panel and carefully empty the contained water into a receptacle.
6. Pull off the trap from the bottom of the boiler.
7. Withdraw the trap from the boiler.
8. Fit the new trap and reassemble in reverse order.

### 74 DHW THERMISTOR SENSOR REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Swing the control panel down.
4. Close the DHW inlet isolating valve.
5. Open the lowest DHW draw-off tap.
6. Pull the electrical lead off the sensor.
7. Unscrew the sensor from the plate heat exchanger.
8. Fit the new sensor, using a suitable jointing compound, and reassemble in reverse order.
75 CH THERMISTOR SENSOR REPLACEMENT

Note. There are 2 control thermistors - one on the boiler flow boss and one on the return boss.

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
4. Disconnect the flexible hose from the expansion vessel. Release the expansion vessel retaining bracket, allowing the vessel to be removed to gain access to the thermistor sensors.
5. Pull the electrical lead off the sensor.
6. Unscrew the sensor from the boss.
7. Fit the new sensor, using a suitable jointing compound, and re-assemble in reverse order.

76 DIVERTER VALVE (COMPLETE) REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
4. Swing the control panel down.
5. Remove the diverter valve actuator. Refer to Frame 71.
6. Remove the mains plug mounting plate.
7. Undo the 3 union connections on the valve and withdraw it from the boiler.
8. Ensuring that the letter B is uppermost, fit the new valve complete with the sealing washers provided, and re-assemble in reverse order.
9. Check the operation of the new valve.
77 PRESSURE GAUGE REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
4. Swing the control panel down.
5. Unscrew the 3 screws and unclip the plastic cover from the back of the control panel.
6. Disengage the capillary from the control panel.
7. Disconnect the pressure gauge capillary from the pipework.
8. Compress the retaining lugs and withdraw the gauge from the control panel.
9. Fit the new gauge and re-assemble in reverse order, ensuring that:
   a. The capillary is carefully and neatly routed, as previously.
   b. The gauge is correctly orientated within the panel.

78 DHW PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
4. Close the DHW inlet isolating valve and open the lowest DHW draw-off tap.
5. Swing the control panel down.
6. Unplug the electrical lead from the DHW sensor and unscrew the sensor from the heat exchanger.
7. Undo the 2 front union connections on the plate heat exchanger and remove the pipe connecting the heat exchanger to the diverter valve.
8. Undo the 2 rear union connections on the plate heat exchanger.
9. Withdraw the heat exchanger from the boiler.
10. Fit the new heat exchanger, complete with the sealing washers provided, and re-assemble in reverse order.
11. Fit the DHW sensor to the new heat exchanger, using a suitable jointing compound.
12. Check the operation of the boiler.
79 PUMP REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
4. Swing the control panel down.
5. Undo the pump top and bottom union connections and draw the pump forward.
6. Supporting the pump, remove the terminal box cover and disconnect the electrical leads.
7. Unscrew the gland nut and withdraw the cable from the terminal box.
8. Withdraw the pump from the boiler.
9. Fit the new pump and re-assemble in reverse order, ensuring that:
   a. The new seals (provided) are fitted.
   b. The electrical connections are correctly remade.
   c. The pump selector switch is set at position 3.
10. Check the operation of the new pump.

80 SAFETY VALVE REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
4. Swing the control panel down.
5. Disconnect the discharge pipe.
6. Remove the socket screw from inside of the fitting and pull the valve off the connecting pipe.
7. Fit the new valve, complete with 'O' ring provided, and re-assemble in reverse order.
8. Check the operation of the new valve.
81 AUTOMATIC AIR VENT REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
4. Disconnect the flexible hose from the expansion vessel. Release the expansion vessel retaining bracket, allowing the vessel to be removed to gain access to the air vent.
5. Unscrew the air vent from the boiler flow boss.
6. Fit the new air vent, complete with 'O' ring provided, and re-assemble in reverse order.

IMPORTANT. Ensure that the vent cap is loose (A).

82 WATER PRESSURE SWITCH REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.
4. Remove the fan assembly. Refer to Frame 55.
5. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
6. Drain the boiler heat exchanger. Refer to Frame 84.
7. Disconnect the electrical leads from the pressure switch.
8. Unscrew the switch from the boss in the bottom of the heat exchanger and withdraw it from the boiler.
9. Fit the new switch, using a suitable jointing compound, and re-assemble in reverse order.
10. Check the operation of the boiler.
83 CH EXPANSION VESSEL REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
4. Undo the expansion vessel flexible hose connection.
5. Undo the top retaining bracket screw and remove.
6. Slide the expansion vessel out of the support rails.
7. Fit the new vessel and re-assemble in reverse order.
8. Check the operation of the boiler.

84 HEAT EXCHANGER REPLACEMENT

IMPORTANT
Before starting the removal procedure, protect the gas and electrical controls with a waterproof sheet or plastic bag.

1. Refer to Frame 60.
2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.
3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.
4. Drain the boiler. Refer to Frame 72.
5. Drain the heat exchanger via the drain point.
6. Remove the flue thermostat. Refer to Frame 61.
7. Remove the fan assembly. Refer to Frame 55.
8. Remove the burner assembly. Refer to Frame 56.
9. Remove the condensate trap. Refer to Frame 73.
10. Remove the CH expansion vessel. Refer to Frame 83.
11. Remove the pump. Refer to Frame 79.
12. Remove the water pressure switch (hidden). Refer to Frame 82.
13. Undo the 2 back retaining screws.
14. Disconnect the flow and return thermistor sensor leads.
15. Pull out the flow pipe retaining pin.

16. Pull the flow pipe down and out of the flow boss.

17. Rotate the pipe to the right and withdraw it from the bottom socket.

18. Pull out the return pipe retaining pin.

19. Pull the pipe out of the return boss and withdraw it from the boiler.

20. Undo the 4 flow and return boss retaining screws.

21. While supporting the heat exchanger from below, withdraw the bosses from the flow and return tappings. Check the 'O' ring seals for damage and replace, if necessary.

22. Lower the heat exchanger to disengage from the flue connector tube, and withdraw it from the boiler.

23. Fit the new heat exchanger and re-assemble in reverse order.

1. Refer to Frame 60.

2. Remove the boiler casing. Refer to Frame 53.

3. Remove the boiler sealing panel. Refer to Frame 54.

4. Remove the old seal and thoroughly clean the panel surfaces.

5. Fit the new self adhesive seals to the panel.

6. Re-assemble in reverse order.

Note. Ensure that the boiler sealing panel is correctly seated, compressing the sealing strip to make an airtight joint.
## 87 FAULT FINDING

**Note.** To gain access to the Gas module control buttons remove the cover plate. Refer to Frame 92.

The boiler Gasmodul control unit is equipped with a fault diagnostic system.

In normal standby mode the first digit of the display indicates the boiler sequence, and the last 2 digits the boiler flow temperature.

### Sequence Function

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sequence</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Standby - no heat request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Fan pre-purge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Ignition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Burner on - CH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Burner on - DHW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Airflow switch not correct (not applicable)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Burner off in CH mode (flow temperature $T_1 &gt; 5 , ^\circ C$ above set flow temperature $T_{set}$)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Pump overrun - CH mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Pump overrun - DHW mode</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 9        | (Fault Condition) Flow temperature $T_1 > 95 \, ^\circ C$
|          | Return temperature $T_2 > T_{set} - 10 \, ^\circ C$
|          | $T_1 - T_2 > 35 \, ^\circ C$
|          | $T_1 - T_2$ negative before lockout |

**Note.** The Gasmodul control unit is fitted with 3 fuses. If the boiler fails to operate, check these first. To gain access to the fuses refer to Frame 68.

**IMPORTANT.**

At the end of any fault finding, always refit the control buttons cover plate.
If a fault condition develops, the first digit and the last 2 digits of the display flash alternately the following codes, according to the fault.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Fault</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Fault</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>False flame</td>
<td>00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Short circuit 24V</td>
<td>01</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>No flame detection</td>
<td>03</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Controller</td>
<td>04</td>
<td>Non-volatile lockout</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>05</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>06</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>07</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>11</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>13</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>14</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>17</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Flow and return sensors NTC\textsubscript{1} and NTC\textsubscript{2} reversed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>26</td>
<td>Minimum gas pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Maximum difference between T\textsubscript{1} and T\textsubscript{2} exceeded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>31</td>
<td>NTC\textsubscript{1} short circuit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>32</td>
<td>NTC\textsubscript{2} short circuit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>36</td>
<td>NTC\textsubscript{1} open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>37</td>
<td>NTC\textsubscript{2} open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>41</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>42</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>60</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Air flow</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Fan not running / no tacho signal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>29</td>
<td>Fan keeps turning / no tacho signal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Maximum temperature</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Water pressure switch or flue thermostats failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Flow temperature T\textsubscript{1} too high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
<td>Return temperature T\textsubscript{2} too high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Flow temperature T\textsubscript{1} increase too fast</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following are parts commonly required as replacements, due to damage or expendability. Their failure or absence is likely to affect the safety and / or performance of this appliance.

When ordering spares please quote:
1. Boiler model
3. Description
4. Quantity
5. Product number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key No.</th>
<th>G.C. Part No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Product Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>E02 842</td>
<td>Main burner</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 153</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>398 065</td>
<td>Main burner injector, Bray Cat 10 - size 2300</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>004 760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>E02 843</td>
<td>Gas control valve - SIT NOVAMIX 0828110</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>E02 844</td>
<td>Flame detection electrode and gasket - BUCCLEUCH</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>E02 844</td>
<td>Ignition electrode and gasket - BUCCLEUCH</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>E02 822</td>
<td>Control unit - GASMODUL 1455D</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>E02 846</td>
<td>Display board - GASMODUL</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>139 349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>E02 847</td>
<td>Fan speed control board</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>139 950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>E00 050</td>
<td>Water pressure switch - SIT</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>E02 848</td>
<td>CH flow and return thermistor sensors, and DHW thermistor sensors - CROSSLAND COMPONENTS</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>150 260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>E00 055</td>
<td>Pressure gauge - ALTECNIC</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>138 953</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>E00 056</td>
<td>On/off switch and CH on/off switch - ARCOELECTRIC</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>139 603</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>E02 953</td>
<td>Fan assembly - EBM</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>139 368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>E02 850</td>
<td>Safety valve - CALEFFI</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 146</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>E02 851</td>
<td>CH expansion vessel</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>E02 852</td>
<td>Pump (with gaskets) - GRUNDfos UPS 15-60</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>379 796</td>
<td>Automatic air vent - CALEFFI</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>113 116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>E02 854</td>
<td>Sealing panel seals</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>075 137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>E02 893</td>
<td>DHW plate heat exchanger - ALFA LAVAl</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>E02 894</td>
<td>Diverter valve - HONEYWELL</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>E02 895</td>
<td>Diverter valve actuator - HONEYWELL VC 8010</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>378 935</td>
<td>Flue thermostat - ELMWOOD</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>138 097</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>E02 861</td>
<td>Condensate trap</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td></td>
<td>Boiler casing, painted white, with controls drop-down door</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>170 692</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>E02 867</td>
<td>Control panel</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 092</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>E02 869</td>
<td>Control valve solenoid - SIT</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>364 835</td>
<td>Control valve solenoid - SIT</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>075 206</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LIST OF PARTS

90 BURNER ASSEMBLY / GAS CONTROL - Exploded View

Legend
1. Burner
2. Burner injector
3. Gas valve
4. Detector electrode
5. Ignition electrode
13. Fan
14. Fan inlet venturi
19. Fan pressure sensing pipe
42. 'O' ring
43. 'O' ring
44. 'O' ring
45. Gasket (rubber)
46. Gasket (Cork)
54. EV1 solenoid
55. EV2 solenoid
60. 'O' ring
61. Burner gasket
70. Gas valve mounting brackets
71. Gas valve support bracket
72. Gas injection pipe

Burner mounting flange
Fan outlet adaptor
Sensing pipe
LIST OF PARTS

91 CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY - Exploded View

Legend
6. Gasmodul control
7. Display board
8. Fan speed control board
11. CH pressure gauge
12. Rocker switch
50. Control panel
58. Relay

Control panel cover

12 On/Off switch
12 Heating switch

Cover plate
SHORT LIST OF PARTS

92  BOILER CASING ASSEMBLY
Henrad SEC FF - Installation

Caradon Plumbing Limited pursues a policy of continuing improvement in the design and performance of its products. The right is therefore reserved to vary specification without notice.

October 2000 153 962 A05

Technical Training
The Caradon Plumbing Limited Technical Training Centre offers a series of first class training courses for domestic, commercial and industrial heating installers, engineers and system specifiers.
For details of courses please ring: ........ 01482 498432

Henrad Installer/Technical Helpline: 01482 498 663
At Henrad we've been leaders in the design and engineering of robust and reliable boilers for over 90 years. We want to continue as leaders by listening to your suggestions for how to improve our boilers and our service. We will be giving away a free boiler for the five best ideas every year (to be selected by our Technical Director). Please complete this form, using extra sheets if required, and post it or fax it to us on 01482 498699.

**Boiler details**

Model / Size (details on control panel door)

Date of Installation

**Installer details**

Name

Address

Post Code

Telephone (Please include STD code)

**How I would improve this boiler:**

**My general comments for Henrad:**

Henrad Installer/Technical Helpline: 01482 498 663
Further information

If you would like information about Henrad Boilers please complete this sheet and fax it to us on 01482 498699 or post it to Caradon Plumbing Limited, PO Box 103, National Ave., Kingston upon Hull, HU5 4JN.

Installer details

Name

Address

Post Code

Telephone (Please include STD code)

General information required

☐ Please send me details of Henrad Training Courses.

☐ Please arrange for a technical representative to contact me.

☐ Please arrange for me to join an Henrad factory tour.

Range guides required

☐ The Henrad Guide: a specifier’s and installer’s introduction to the Henrad domestic boiler range.

☐ The Henrad Householders Guide: to assist the installer when presenting to his/her customers.

Technical manuals required

☐ The Henrad C FF combi boilers

☐ The Henrad WH FF wall hung boiler

☐ The Henrad WH LX FF deluxe wall hung boiler

☐ The Henrad FS FF floor standing boiler

☐ The Henrad SE FF heat-saving boiler

☐ The Henrad CC FF combi boiler

☐ The Henrad SEC FF super efficiency combi boiler