installation and servicing

Mexico Super
Your Ideal installation and servicing guide

See reverse for Mexico Super users guide

CF445, CF455, CF465 & CF475

When replacing any part on this appliance use only spare parts that you can be assured conform to the safety and performance specification that we require. Do not use reconditioned or copy parts that have not been clearly authorised by Ideal Boilers.

May 2004  UN 260943 A02

ENGINEERED FOR PEACE OF MIND
### GENERAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler Size</th>
<th>CF445</th>
<th>CF455</th>
<th>CF465</th>
<th>CF475</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gas Supply Connection</td>
<td>in. BSP</td>
<td>Rc 1/2 (1/2)</td>
<td>Rc 1 (1/2 BSP)</td>
<td>Rc 1 (1/2 BSP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Boiler Sections</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flow and Return Connections</td>
<td>in. BSP</td>
<td>Rc</td>
<td>Rc</td>
<td>Rc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAXIMUM Static Water Head</td>
<td>m (ft.)</td>
<td>30.5 (100)</td>
<td>30.5 (100)</td>
<td>30.5 (100)</td>
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<tr>
<td>MINIMUM Static Water Head</td>
<td>m (ft.)</td>
<td>1.0 (3.3)</td>
<td>1.0 (3.3)</td>
<td>1.0 (3.3)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Electrical Supply</td>
<td>230 V ~50 Hz</td>
<td>230 V ~50 Hz</td>
<td>230 V ~50 Hz</td>
<td>230 V ~50 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Fuse Rating (Power Consumption)</td>
<td>3A (10 W)</td>
<td>3A (10 W)</td>
<td>3A (10 W)</td>
<td>3A (10 W)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Content</td>
<td>litre (gal.)</td>
<td>7.4 (1.6)</td>
<td>7.4 (1.6)</td>
<td>7.4 (1.6)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dry Weight</td>
<td>kg. (lb.)</td>
<td>91 (201)</td>
<td>91 (201)</td>
<td>91 (201)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Max. Inst. Weight</td>
<td>kg. (lb.)</td>
<td>84 (185)</td>
<td>84 (185)</td>
<td>84 (185)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Boiler Size</td>
<td>Height mm (in.)</td>
<td>850 (33.5)</td>
<td>850 (33.5)</td>
<td>850 (33.5)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Width mm (in.)</td>
<td>440 (17.4)</td>
<td>440 (17.4)</td>
<td>440 (17.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Depth mm (in.)</td>
<td>533 (21.0)</td>
<td>533 (21.0)</td>
<td>533 (21.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Type</td>
<td>Natural 2 H</td>
<td>Natural 2 H</td>
<td>Natural 2 H</td>
<td>Natural 2 H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Supply Pressure</td>
<td>29 mb</td>
<td>29 mb</td>
<td>29 mb</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flue Connection</td>
<td>mm (in.)</td>
<td>100 (4)</td>
<td>100 (4)</td>
<td>100 (4)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Table 2 - Performance Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler Size</th>
<th>CF445</th>
<th>CF455</th>
<th>CF465</th>
<th>CF475</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boiler Input kW (Btu/h)</td>
<td>16.2 (55,400)</td>
<td>19.9 (67,700)</td>
<td>23.2 (79,000)</td>
<td>27.1 (92,600)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas Consumption l/s (ft.³/h)</td>
<td>0.41 (53.4)</td>
<td>0.51 (65.2)</td>
<td>0.6 (76.1)</td>
<td>0.7 (89.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiler Output to Water kW (Btu/h)</td>
<td>13.2 (45,000)</td>
<td>16.1 (55,000)</td>
<td>19.1 (65,000)</td>
<td>22.0 (75,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner Setting Pressure (hot) mbar (in w.g.)</td>
<td>11.0 (4.4)</td>
<td>10.5 (4.2)</td>
<td>10.2 (4.1)</td>
<td>13.0 (5.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flue Gas Flow Rate g/s</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>9.4</td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td>12.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flue Gas Temperature °C</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seasonal Efficiency (SEDBUK)*</td>
<td>Band D</td>
<td>[78.5 %]</td>
<td>[78.5 %]</td>
<td>[79.7 %]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The value is used in the UK government's Standard Assessment Procedure (SAP) for energy rating of dwellings. The test data from which it has been calculated have been certified by Advantica 0087

**Note.**

Gas consumption is calculated using a calorific value of 38.7 MJ/m³ (1038 Btu/ft³) gross or 34.9MJ/m³ (935 Btu/ft³) nett

To obtain the gas consumption at a different calorific value:

a. For l/s - divide the gross heat input (kW) by the gross C.V. of the gas (MJ/m³).

b. For ft³/h - divide the gross heat input (Btu/h) by the gross C.V. of the gas (Btu/ft³).

**Key to symbols**

| GB = United Kingdom (Countries of | IE = Ireland destination) |
| PMS = Maximum operating pressure of water |
| B11BS = An appliance designed for connection to a flue discharging the products of combustion outside the room, with air for combustion being drawn directly from the room where the appliance is installed, without a fan in the combustion products circuit and fitted with a combustion products discharge safety device. |
| I2H = An appliance designed for use on 2nd Family gas, Group H only. |

**CAUTION.** To avoid the possibility of injury during the installation, servicing or cleaning of this appliance, care should be taken when handling edges of sheet steel components.
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<td>Control Panel Assembly - Exploded view</td>
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<td>Water Treatment</td>
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**GENERAL**

**Mexico Super CF**

Natural Gas only

- **B.G. Certified** - P.I. No. 87AT15
- **Appliance type:** B11BS
- **Destination Countries:** GB & IE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>G.C. Appliance No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mexico Super CF445</td>
<td>41 392 81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico Super CF455</td>
<td>41 392 82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico Super CF475</td>
<td>41 392 83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico Super CF476</td>
<td>41 392 84</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**INTRODUCTION**

The Mexico Super CF range is of floor standing, natural draught, open flue gas boilers. They provide central heating outputs of 13.2 kW (45,000 Btu/h) to 22.0 kW (75,000 Btu/h).

The boilers have a cast iron heat exchanger and are supplied fully assembled, complete with a white enamelled mild steel casing.

The boilers are suitable, as standard, for connection to open-vented systems ONLY. An overheat thermostat kit is available to allow the boiler to be used on sealed water systems.

The systems may be:

- pumped or gravity circulating indirect DHW only.
- pumped central heating only.
- pumped central heating combined with either a pumped or gravity circulating indirect DHW circuit.

**BENCHMARK LOG BOOK DETAILS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler Type</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>General</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Make and model</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appliance serial no. on data badge</strong></td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SEDBUK No. %</strong></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Controls</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Time and temperature control to heating</strong></td>
<td>17/18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Time and temperature control to hot water</strong></td>
<td>17/18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Heating zone valves</strong></td>
<td>17/18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TRVs</strong></td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Auto bypass</strong></td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Boiler interlock</strong></td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>For all boilers</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flushing to BS.7593</strong></td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Central heating mode</strong></td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Heat input</strong></td>
<td>To be calculated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**For GB, to comply with Building Regulations Part L1 (Part J in Scotland) the boiler should be fitted in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions. Self-certification that the boiler has been installed to comply with Building Regulations can be demonstrated by completing and signing the Benchmark log book.**

**NOTE TO THE INSTALLER:** LEAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS ADJACENT TO THE GAS METER. ALSO COMPLETE THE BENCHMARK LOG BOOK AND GIVE THIS TO THE CUSTOMER.
BS 5440: 1 Flues for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 60 kW.
BS 5440: 2 Ventilation for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 60 kW.
BS 7593 Treatment of water in Domestic Hot Water Central Heating Systems.

Health and Safety Document No. 635.
The Electricity at Work Regulations, 1989.
Manufacturer’s notes must NOT be taken in any way as overriding statutory obligations.

IMPORTANT. These appliances are certificated by the British Standards Institution for safety and performance. It is important, therefore, that no external control devices, e.g. flue dampers, economisers etc., are directly connected to these appliances unless covered by these Installation and Servicing Instructions or otherwise recommended by Caradon Ideal Limited in writing. If in doubt please enquire.

Any direct connection of a control device not approved by Caradon Ideal Limited could invalidate the BSI Certification and the normal appliance warranty. It could also infringe the Gas Safety Regulations and the above regulations or other statutory requirements.

SAFE HANDLING OF SUBSTANCES
Care should be taken when handling the boiler insulation panels, which can cause irritation to the skin. No asbestos, mercury or CFCs are included in any part of the boiler.

LOCATION OF BOILER
The boiler must be installed on a flat and level floor, capable of adequately supporting the weight of the boiler and any ancillary equipment.

The boiler may be fitted on a combustible floor. Insulation is not necessary, unless required by the local authority.

The boiler must not be fitted outside.
The boiler must not be installed in a bedroom or in a room containing a bath or shower.

Timber Framed Buildings
If the boiler is to be fitted in a timber framed building it should be fitted in accordance with the Institute of Gas Engineering document IGE/UP/7:1998.

Compartment Installations
A compartment used to enclose the boiler MUST be designed and constructed specially for this purpose.

An existing cupboard or compartment may be used, providing it is modified for the purpose. Details of essential features of cupboard/compartment design, including airing cupboard installation, are to conform to the following:

- BS 6798.
- BS 6798.

The position selected for installation MUST allow adequate space for servicing in front of the boiler and for air circulation around the boiler.

Side clearance is only necessary for installation. The amount of side clearance will depend upon the type of connection used.

- This position MUST also permit the provision of a satisfactory flue and an adequate air supply.
- For the minimum clearances required for safety, and subsequent service, see Frame 2.

Mexico Super CF445 - CF475 - Installation & Servicing
GENERAL

GAS SUPPLY

The local gas supplier should be consulted, at the installation planning stage, in order to establish the availability of an adequate supply of gas. An existing service pipe must NOT be used without prior consultation with the local gas supplier.

The boiler is to be installed only on a gas supply with a governed meter.

A gas meter can only be connected by the local gas supplier or by a local regional contractor.

Check that the appliance is suitable for the proposed gas supply. An existing meter should be checked, preferably by the gas supplier, to ensure that the meter is adequate to deal with the rate of gas supply required. A minimum gas pressure of 20 mbar MUST be available at the boiler inlet, with the boiler operating. Installation pipes MUST be fitted in accordance with BS. 6891. In I.E. refer to I.S.813:2002. Pipework from the meter to the boiler MUST be of an adequate size. The complete installation MUST be tested for gas soundness and purged as described in the above code.

1. BOILER WATER CONNECTIONS

1. This appliance is NOT suitable for use in a direct hot water system.

2. If the boiler is to be used on a sealed system, an Overheat Thermostat Kit is available and must be installed in accordance with the instructions supplied with the kit.

Flammable materials must not be placed in close proximity to the appliance. Materials giving off flammable vapours must not be stored in the same room as the appliance.

FLOOR MOUNTING

1. The floor must be flat, level and of suitable load bearing capacity.

2. The back of the boiler may be fitted up to the wall.

BOILER CLEARANCES

The minimum overall dimensions of the space in which the boiler is to operate and to facilitate servicing are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler Clearances</th>
<th>One side</th>
<th>Aggregate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CF445, 455 &amp; 465</td>
<td>(3/8&quot;)</td>
<td>(4 1/2&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CF475</td>
<td>(2 1/4&quot;)</td>
<td>(4 1/2&quot;)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional space will be required for installation, depending upon site conditions.

IMPORTANT. In order to facilitate gas connection, a clearance of at least 100mm (4") must be available at either the LH side or the RH side DURING installation.

A MINIMUM clearance of 25mm (1") MUST also be maintained between the flue pipe and any adjacent combustible material.

In addition a MINIMUM clearance of 533mm (21") MUST be available at the front of the boiler for servicing.
FLUE INSTALLATION

The flue must be installed in accordance with the recommendations of BS.5440-1:2000. In IE refer to I.S.813:2002.

The following notes are intended for general guidance:

1. The cross-sectional area of the flue, serving the boiler, MUST NOT be less than the area of the flue outlet of the boiler.

2. Flue pipes and fittings should be constructed from one of the following materials:
   a. Aluminium or stainless steel.
   b. Cast iron, coated on the inside with acid resistant vitreous enamel.
   c. Other approved material.

3. If twin walled flue pipe is used it should be of a type acceptable to British Gas.

4. If a chimney is to be used it should preferably be one that is composed of, or lined with, a non-porous acid resistant material.

Notes.

Chimneys lined with salt-glazed earthenware pipes are acceptable if the pipes comply with BS.65 and BS.5440:1.

A flue pipe constructed from one of the materials listed in 2 a-c should form the initial connection to the lined chimneys.

Where a chimney is to be used that is not composed of, or lined with, a non-porous acid resistant material it should be lined with a stainless steel flexible flue liner which complies with BS.715.

5. Before connecting the boiler to, or inserting a liner into, a flue that has been previously used then the flue MUST be thoroughly swept clean of any soot or loose material. If a register plate, restrictor plate or damper etc., is fitted in the flue then it MUST be removed before connecting the boiler to, or inserting a liner into, the flue.


7. The flue MUST be fitted with a terminal (or ridge tile up to 5" flue diameter). The terminal shall be of a type which has been tested and found satisfactory by British Gas. This terminal must NOT be installed within 600mm (24") of an opening window, air vent or any other ventilation opening.

8. The chimney / flue lining MUST be sealed at both the top and the bottom.

IMPORTANT. It is absolutely ESSENTIAL to ensure, in practice, that the flue discharge is in a downdraught-free zone and that products of combustion discharging from the terminal cannot re-enter the building or any other adjacent building through ventilators, windows, doors, other sources of natural air infiltration or forced ventilation / air conditioning systems.

TTB DOWNDRAUGHT THERMOSTAT

This appliance is fitted with a TTB downdraught thermostat for added safety and protection. If this thermostat should operate and switch off the appliance it is because the flue is subject to downdraught, probably as a result of adverse wind conditions.

The TTB is an automatic device which will reset once the wind conditions have returned to normal, subject to a built-in reset delay in excess of 10 minutes. It is absolutely ESSENTIAL to ensure, in practice, that the flue discharge is in a downdraught-free zone and that products of combustion discharging from the terminal cannot re-enter the building or any other adjacent building through ventilators, windows, doors, other sources of natural air infiltration or forced ventilation / air conditioning systems.

The TTB is an important safety device and must not be put out of action or interfered with in any way. This device in not a substitute for an independently mounted carbon monoxide detector.

In cases of repeated or continuous shutdown a competent person should be called to investigate and rectify the condition causing this and carry out an operational test after each intervention on the device. Only the manufacturer's original parts should be used for replacement.

AIR SUPPLY

Detailed recommendations for air supply are given in BS.5440:2. In IE refer to I.S.813:2002. The following notes are for general guidance:

1. The room or internal space in which the boiler is installed MUST have, or be provided with, a permanent air vent. This vent MUST be either direct to outside air or to an adjacent room or internal space which must itself have, or be provided with, a permanent air vent at least the same size direct to outside air.

The minimum effective area of the permanent air vent(s) is specified in Table 3 and are related to maximum rated heat input of the boiler.

Table 3 - Air Supply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler size</th>
<th>CF455</th>
<th>CF455</th>
<th>CF465</th>
<th>CF475</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Effective area cm² (in²)</td>
<td>56 (9)</td>
<td>72 (12)</td>
<td>93 (15)</td>
<td>111 (18)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The air vent(s) must NOT have provision for closing or adjustment and should be sited to avoid risk of accidental damage or blockage.

If other methods of ventilation are envisaged, British Gas should be consulted before proceeding.

2. If the boiler is to be installed in a cupboard or compartment, permanent air vents are required (for combustion, flue dilution and cooling purposes) in the cupboard / compartment, at both high and low levels to ensure safe and efficient combustion and ventilation.

The air vents may either communicate with room/internal space (appropriately ventilated) or be direct to outside air.

The minimum effective areas of the permanent air vents, required in the cupboard / compartment, are specified in Table 4 and are related to maximum rated heat input of the boiler.

Notes.

a. Both air vents MUST communicate with the same room or internal space or MUST be on the same wall to outside air.

b. In siting the air vents care must be taken to avoid the freezing of pipework.

c. Where cupboard / compartment air vents are open to a room or internal space, the room or internal space MUST itself be provided with a permanent air vent, as previously specified.

d. The cupboard / compartment air vents must NOT communicate with a bedroom, bed-sitting room or a room containing a bath or shower.
The boiler is NOT suitable for gravity heating systems. The boiler is suitable for connection to pumped open vent central heating systems, pumped central heating combined with pumped or gravity indirect domestic hot water supply systems, and gravity or pumped indirect domestic hot water supply systems.

The boiler must be vented. If venting cannot be done via a flow connection to any plastic piping, a separate vent MUST be fitted by the installer.

Draining taps MUST be located in accessible positions, which permit the draining of the whole system, including the boiler and hot water storage vessel. They should be at least 1/2" BSP nominal size and be in accordance with BS. 2879.

If required, a drain tap (not supplied) may be fitted to an unused connection to any plastic piping. Where such installations occur a possibility that, if an adequate air inlet area from outside is not provided, spillage of the boiler flue products could occur when the fan is in operation. Where such installations occur a spillage test, as detailed in BS.5440-1:2000, MUST be carried out and any necessary action taken.

VENTILATION IN SERIES

In installations requiring 2 ventilators to be fitted in series, e.g. across a cavity wall, EACH ventilator should be sized in accordance with the above data. Where there are more than 2 ventilators in series, EACH should have an area of 50% in excess of the value quoted above.

WATER CIRCULATION SYSTEM

The boiler is suitable for connection to pumped open vent central heating systems, pumped central heating combined with pumped or gravity indirect domestic hot water supply systems and gravity or pumped indirect domestic hot water supply systems.

The central heating system should be in accordance with BS. 6798 and, in addition, for smallbore and microbore systems, BS. 5449:1. The domestic hot water system, if applicable, should be in accordance with the relevant recommendations of BS. 5546.

Copper tubing to BS. 2871:1 is recommended for water carrying pipework.

The hot water storage cylinder MUST be of the indirect type and should preferably be manufactured of copper. Single feed, indirect cylinders are not recommended.

The hot water cylinder and ancillary pipework not forming part of the useful heating surface should be lagged to prevent heat loss and any possible freezing - particularly where pipes run through roof spaces and ventilated underfloor spaces.

IMPORTANT

A minimum length of 2 metres of copper pipe MUST be fitted to both flow and return connections from the boiler before connection to any plastic piping.

The boiler must be vented. If venting cannot be done via a flow connection a separate vent MUST be fitted by the installer.

Draining taps MUST be located in accessible positions, which permit the draining of the whole system, including the boiler and hot water storage vessel. They should be at least 1/2" BSP nominal size and be in accordance with BS. 2879.

If required, a drain tap (not supplied) may be fitted to an unused bottom (1" BSP) tapping on the front of the boiler.

BOILER CONTROL INTERLOCKS

Caradon Ideal Limited recommend that heating systems utilising full thermostatic radiator valve control of temperature in individual rooms should also be fitted with a room thermostat controlling the temperature in a space served by radiators not fitted with such a valve as stated in BS. 5449.

Central heating systems controls should be installed to ensure the boiler is switched off when there is no demand for heating or hot water.

When thermostatic radiator valves are used, the space heating temperature control over a living / dining area or hallway having a heating requirement of at least 10% of the boiler heat output should be achieved using a room thermostat, whilst other rooms are individually controlled by thermostatic radiator valves. However, if the system employs thermostatic radiator valves on all radiators, or two port valves without end switches, then a bypass circuit must be fitted with an automatic bypass valve to ensure a flow of water should all valves be in the closed position.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLY

WARNING. The appliance MUST be efficiently earthed.

Wiring external to the appliance MUST be in accordance with the current I.E.E. (BS 7671) Wiring Regulations and any local regulations which apply. For Ireland reference should be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installations.

The boiler is supplied for 230 V ~ 50 Hz single phase. Fuse rating is 3A.

Connection must be made in a way that allows complete isolation of the electrical supply such as a double pole switch having 3mm (1/8") contact separation in both poles, or a plug and socket, serving only the boiler and system controls. The means of isolation must accessible to the user after installation.

**Table 4 - High and low vent areas**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Boiler</th>
<th>Air from room/interal space cm² (in.²)</th>
<th>Air direct from outside cm² (in.²)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High Level</td>
<td>Low Level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CF445</td>
<td>174 (27)</td>
<td>348 (54)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CF455</td>
<td>206 (32)</td>
<td>412 (64)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CF465</td>
<td>248 (39)</td>
<td>496 (78)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CF475</td>
<td>284 (44)</td>
<td>586 (88)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**GENERAL**

The hydraulic resistance of the boiler at excess of the value quoted above.

**VENTILATION IN SERIES**

In installations requiring 2 ventilators to be fitted in series, e.g. across a cavity wall, EACH ventilator should be sized in accordance with the above data. Where there are more than 2 ventilators in series, EACH should have an area of 50% in excess of the value quoted above.

**WATER CIRCULATION SYSTEM**

The boiler is suitable for connection to pumped open vent central heating systems, pumped central heating combined with pumped or gravity indirect domestic hot water supply systems and gravity or pumped indirect domestic hot water supply systems.

The boiler is NOT suitable for gravity heating systems.

The hydraulic resistance of the boiler at maximum output with 11 °C (20 °F) temperature differentials are shown in the following graph:

**Water Flow Rate and Pressure Loss**

*Dotted lines indicate flow rates equivalent to a temperature rise of 11 °C (20 °F)*

*Mexico Super CF445 - CF475 - Installation & Servicing*
3 MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS  Fully pumped systems

1. Open vent and cold feed connections must be made to the boiler flow and return tappings according to the options shown in Frame 11.

2. The boiler is assumed to be the highest point of the circulating system.

3. The circulating pump is positioned on the FLOW - the vertical distance, between the pump and feed / expansion tank, must comply with the pump manufacturer's minimum requirements, to avoid cavitation. Should these conditions not apply, either lower the pump position or raise the feed / expansion tank above the minimum requirements of Caradon Ideal Limited.

4. The water velocity through the boiler flow / return pipes is assumed to be below 1 m/s (3 ft./s.) whilst the pump flow rate is set to provide a temperature difference of 11°C (20°F) across the boiler flow / return, at design input.

5. This information is intended as a GUIDE ONLY and cannot take into account instantaneous changes in head caused by the operation of motorised valves, pumps etc.

   a. Flow and return pipes should rise vertically on leaving the boiler.
   b. Horizontal pipes should be ABOVE ceiling level and as short as possible.
   c. A MINIMUM inclination of 25 mm per 3 m run (1" per 10') is required to avoid air locks.

If in any doubt, contact Caradon Ideal Limited.

4 GRAVITY HOT WATER & PUMPED CENTRAL HEATING

1. Separate flow and return connections are used for each service. All possible configurations are given in Frame 11 and ONLY those shown should be used.

2. The schematic pipework graph is based on the assumption that NO MORE than 8 elbows are used in the gravity loop, including entry to the boiler.

3. For each extra elbow in excess of 8, (R) MUST be reduced by 300 mm (12") or (H) increased by 100 mm (4")

4. Whatever value is selected for (R), the value of (H) MUST be at least that indicated by the graph

   (R) = the horizontal distance between the centre line of the cylinder and the boiler tappings used - measured along the pipe run

   (H) = the vertical distance between the top of the boiler and the base of the cylinder

   Notes.

   a. Flow and return pipes should rise vertically on leaving the boiler.
   b. Horizontal pipes should be ABOVE ceiling level and as short as possible.
   c. A MINIMUM inclination of 25 mm per 3 m run (1" per 10') is required to avoid air locks.

   If the above conditions cannot be met then pumped primaries should be used.
5 SEALED SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Note.

The method of filling, refilling, topping up or flushing sealed primary hot water circuits from the mains via a temporary hose connection is only allowed if acceptable to the local water authority.

1. General
a. The installation must comply with the requirements of BS.6798 and BS.5449.

b. The installation should be designed to work with flow temperatures of up to 82°C.

c. All components of the system, including the heat exchanger of the indirect cylinder, must be suitable for a working pressure of 3 bar (45 lb/in²) and temperature of 110°C. Care should be taken in making all connections so that the risk of leakage is minimised.

2. Safety Valve
A spring loaded safety valve complying with the relevant requirements of BS.6759 must be fitted in the flow pipe, as close to the boiler as possible and with no intervening valve or restriction. The valve should have the following features:

a. A non-adjustable pre-set lift pressure not exceeding 3 bar (45 lb/in²).

b. A manual testing device.

c. Provision for connection of a discharge pipe. The valve or discharge pipe should be positioned so that the discharge of water or steam cannot create a hazard to the occupants of the premises or cause damage to electrical components and wiring.

3. Pressure Gauge
A pressure gauge covering at least the range 0-4 bar (0-60 lb/in²) must be fitted to the system. The gauge should be easily seen from the filling point and should preferably be connected at the same point as the expansion vessel.

4. Expansion Vessel
a. A diaphragm type expansion vessel must be connected at a point close to the inlet side of the pump, the connecting pipe being not less than 15mm (1/2" nominal) size and not incorporating valves of any sort.

b. The vessel capacity must be adequate to accept the expansion of the system water when heated to 110°C (230°F).

c. The charge pressure must not be less than the static water head above the vessel. The pressure attained in the system when heated to 110°C (230°F) should be at least 0.35 bar (5lb/in²) less than the lift pressure of the safety valve.

For guidance on vessel sizing refer to Table 5, Frame 6. For further details refer to BS.5449. For IE refer to the current edition of I.S. 813.

5. Cylinder
The cylinder must be either of the indirect coil type or a direct cylinder fitted with an immersion calorifier which is suitable for operating on a gauge pressure of 0.35 bar (5lb./in²) in excess of the safety valve setting. Single feed indirect cylinders are not suitable for sealed systems.

6. Make-up Water
Provision must be made for replacing water loss from the system, either:

a. From a manually fitted make-up vessel with a readily visible water level. The vessel should be mounted at least 150mm (6") above the highest point of the system and be connected through a non-return valve to the system, fitted at least 300mm (12") below the make-up vessel on the return side of the domestic hot water cylinder or radiators.

b. Where access to a make-up vessel would be difficult by pre-pressurisation of the system. Refer to "Filling."
6  SEALED SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS - continued

7. Mains Connection

There must be no direct connection to the mains water supply or to the water storage tank supplying domestic water, even through a non-return valve, without the approval of the local water authority.

8. Filling

The system may be filled by one of the following methods:

a. Through a cistern, used for no other purposes, via a ball valve permanently connected directly to a service pipe and / or a cold water distributing pipe.
   
   The static head available from the cistern should be adequate to provide the desired initial system design pressure. The cold feed pipe from the cistern should include a non-return valve and a stop valve with an automatic air vent connected between them, the stop valve being located between the system and the automatic air vent. The stop valve may remain open during normal operation of the system if automatic water make-up is required.

b. Through a self-contained unit comprising a cistern, pressure booster pump (if required) and, if necessary, an automatic pressure reducing valve and flow restrictor. The cistern should be supplied through a temporary connection from a service pipe or cold water distributing pipe.
   
   This unit may remain permanently connected to the heating system to provide limited automatic water make-up. Where the temporary connection is supplied from a service pipe or distributing pipe which also supplies other draw-off points at a lower level then a double check valve shall be installed upstream of the draw-off point.

Sizing procedure for expansion vessels: The volume of the expansion vessel (litres) fitted to a sealed system shall not be less than that given by Table 5, multiplied by a factor of 0.8 (for flow temperatures of less than 88°C).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Safety valve setting</th>
<th>3.0 bar</th>
<th>2.5 bar</th>
<th>2.0 bar</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vessel charge and initial system pressure</td>
<td>0.5 bar</td>
<td>1.0 bar</td>
<td>1.5 bar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total water content of system (litres)</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>50</th>
<th>75</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>125</th>
<th>150</th>
<th>175</th>
<th>200</th>
<th>225</th>
<th>250</th>
<th>275</th>
<th>300</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expansion vessel volume (litres)</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>11.7</td>
<td>11.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>3.7</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>9.1</td>
<td>14.1</td>
<td>13.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>8.8</td>
<td>13.5</td>
<td>12.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Multiplying factors for other system volumes

| Multiplying factors for other system volumes | 0.0833 | 0.109 | 0.156 | 0.094 | 0.134 | 0.237 | 0.113 | 0.20 |

**Note:** Thoroughly flush out the whole of the system with cold water, without the pump in position.

- Check the operation of the safety valve by manually raising the water pressure until the valve lifts. This should occur within ± 0.3 bar (± 4.3lb/in²) of the pre-set lift pressure.
- Light the boiler and heat the system to the maximum working temperature. Examine for leaks.
- Turn off the boiler and drain the system while still hot.
- Refill and vent the system.
7 BOILER ASSEMBLY - Exploded View

LEGEND
1. Heat exchanger assy.
2. End section.
3. Middle section.
4. Section alignment rings and 'O' rings.
5. Thermostat pocket.
6. Distributor tube.
7. Combustion chamber.
8. Collector hood.
18. Burner manifold
30. PCB assy.
41. Draught diverter back panel assembly
41.1. TTB downdraught thermostat & bracket.
49. Flue baffle.
46. Boiler base plate.
68. Phial retaining clip.
69. Split pin.
94. Cleanout cover.

Detail of distributor tube alignment
Index mark on section boss

Mexico Super CF445 - CF475 - Installation & Servicing
**UNPACKING**

The boiler is supplied fully assembled in Pack A. Unpack and check the contents.

**Pack A Contents**

- Complete boiler
- The Hardware Pack (listed separately below)
- These Installation and Servicing/Users Instructions

**HARDWARE PACK**

- 1" BSP plugs - 5 off
- 1" x 1/2" BSP reducing bush - 1 off
- Cable strap - 2 off
- Distributor tube
- 28mm Comp nut - 1 off.
- 28mm olive - 1 off.
- Thermostat pocket - 1 off
- Thermostat clip - 1 off
- Thermostat retaining pin - 1 off
9  BOILER CASING REMOVAL

To install the boiler the casing MUST be removed.

1. Undo the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel.
2. Remove 2 screws and lift off the grille assembly.
3. Disconnect the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
4. Remove the Burner On neon cable from the back of the control panel.
5. Unplug the in-line connector to the TTB thermostat.
6. Remove the 2 screws securing the control panel and disengage the panel by lowering and pulling it forward.
7. Remove the 2 screws securing the top panel to the side.
8. Draw the top panel forward and lift it off the boiler.
9. Remove the 2 screws securing the LH side panel to the flue collector and baseplate.
10. Pull the panel forward, lifting it clear of the locating peg and remove.
11. Repeat steps 8 and 9 to remove the RH panel.
12. The boiler is held to the packaging base by 4 M6 hex head screws. Remove the front screws, slacken the rear screws and remove the boiler from the packaging base.

10  CHECKING THE FLUEWAY BAFFLES

1. Remove the flue cleanout cover.
2. Ensure that the baffle(s) are fully inserted in the flueways.

Side view of boiler sections showing the baffle arrangements
11 PREPARING THE BOILER

Note. Before placing the boiler in the selected position any gas and water connections at the rear of the boiler should be prepared, due to the possible lack of access.

1. Screw the distributor tube (supplied with a 1" BSP x 28mm copper adaptor) into the selected heating return tapping, using an appropriate jointing material. It is IMPERATIVE that the INDEX MARK on the distributor bush is in alignment with the mark on the section boss, as shown in Frame 7. DO NOT disturb it when connecting subsequent pipework.

Fully pumped systems using more than 1 pump, serving separate zones, must have a common return connection to the distributor tube.

2. Select the desired pumped flow tapping.

3. Screw the supplied boiler thermostat pocket into the appropriate front section tapping, using an approved jointing material. Refer to Tables 6 and 7.

4. Connect pipe fittings to the rear tappings and plug any unused tappings. Note. If using iron elbows fit a short straight connector into the boiler tapping first, to clear the casing when fitted.

5. Place the boiler in position. Note. The pump may be fitted on the FLOW or RETURN.

Table 6 - Fully Pumped Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connections - as viewed at front</th>
<th>Thermostat position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Back Section</td>
<td>Front Section</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow</td>
<td>Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LH</td>
<td>LH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LH</td>
<td>RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RH</td>
<td>RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RH</td>
<td>LH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 7 - Gravity Domestic Hot Water & Pumped Central Heating

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connections - as viewed at front</th>
<th>Thermostat Position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Back Section</td>
<td>Front Section</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CH</td>
<td>DHW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow Return</td>
<td>Flow Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LH</td>
<td>LH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LH</td>
<td>RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RH</td>
<td>RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RH</td>
<td>LH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12 GAS CONNECTION

1. A MINIMUM working gas pressure of 20 mbar (8 in w.g.) MUST be available at the boiler inlet, with the boiler operating.

2. Extend a gas supply pipe to the boiler (for size refer to Table 1, page 2) and connect to the gas cock situated at the front LH side of the boiler.

13 WATER CONNECTION

1. Connect the system flow and return pipework to the boiler as appropriate. Refer to Frames 3 and 4 for guidance on system design.

   CF455, CF465 & CF475 only
   28mm (1”) pumped flow and return pipes should be used, both to and from the boiler.
   Gravity connections MUST be at least 28mm (1”).

2. Ensure that all valves are open. Fill and vent the system and check for water soundness.

   Notes.
   a. Isolating valves must be fitted as close to the pump as possible.
   b. The boiler is not suitable for use with a direct hot water cylinder.

14 WATER TREATMENT

These boilers incorporate a cast iron heat exchanger.

IMPORTANT. The application of any other treatment to this product may render the guarantee of Caradon Ideal Limited INVALID.

Caradon Ideal Limited recommend Water Treatment in accordance with the Benchmark Guidance Notes on Water Treatment in Central Heating Systems.

Caradon Ideal Limited recommend the use of Fernox, GE Betz Sentinel or Salamander water treatment products, which must be used on accordance with the manufacturers instructions.

For further information contact:

Fernox Manufacturing Co. Ltd, Cookson Electronics, Forsyth Road, Sheerwater, Woking, Surrey. GIU21 5RZ. Tel. +44 (0) 1799 521133

or

G E Betz Ltd, Sentinel Division, Foundry Lane, Widnes, Cheshire, WA8 8UD. Tel. +44 (0) 151 424 5351

or

Salamander Engineering Ltd, Unit 24, Reddicap Trading Estate, Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands B75 7BU. Tel. +44 (0) 121 378 0952

Notes.

1. It is most important that the correct concentration of the water treatment products is maintained in accordance with the manufacturers’ instructions.

2. If the boiler is installed in an existing system any unsuitable additives MUST be removed by thorough cleansing.

3. BS7593:1992 details the steps necessary to clean a domestic heating system.

4. In hard water areas, treatment to prevent limescale may be necessary - however the use of artificially softened water is NOT permitted.

5. Under no circumstances should the boiler be fired before the system has been thoroughly flushed.

15 FLUE CONNECTION

Connect the flue pipe to the flue outlet.

The flue pipe spigot and socket connections should be sealed with fibreglass rope, or similar, and suitable fireclay cement.

Notes.

a. The boiler flue connection outlet size is suitable for flue pipe conforming to BS 567.

b. To facilitate installation and subsequent disconnection it is recommended that a slip or split socket be included in the flue installation, adjacent to the boiler flue outlet connection.

c. A minimum of 600mm (2”) of vertical flue directly above the boiler should be provided.
16 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

WARNING.

The appliance MUST be efficiently earthed.
A mains supply of 230 V ~ 50 Hz fused at 3A is required.
All external controls and wiring MUST be suitable for mains voltage.
Wiring should be in 3-core PVC insulated cable NOT LESS than 0.75 mm² (24 x 0.2 mm) to BS:6500, Table 16.
Wiring external to the boiler MUST be in accordance with current I.E.E. (BS 7671) Wiring Regulations and local regulations. For Ireland reference should be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installations.

Connection must be made in a way that allows complete isolation of the electrical supply - such as a double pole switch, having a 3mm (1/8") contact separation in both poles, or a plug and socket serving only the boiler and system controls.

The means of isolation must be accessible to the user after installation (except in the case of bathroom installations for domestic boilers where the point of connection to the mains MUST be outside of the bathroom).

17 INTERNAL WIRING

Flow and pictorial wiring diagrams are shown in Frames 18 and 19.

1. Remove the securing screw and lift off the control box cover.
2. Route the electrical leads into the box and wire into the terminal strip, as shown.

Notes.

a. Secure each lead with one of the cable clamps.
b. The mains lead connection MUST be made so that, should the lead slip from its anchorage, the current conductors become taut before the earthing conductor.

18 EXTERNAL CONTROLS

External wiring must be in accordance with the current I.E.E. (BS 7671) Wiring Regulations. For Ireland reference should be made to the current ETCI rules for electrical installations.

The wiring diagrams illustrated in Frames 20-22 cover the systems most likely to be fitted to this appliance.

For wiring external controls to the Mexico Super CF boiler reference should be made to the system wiring diagrams supplied by the relevant manufacturer, in conjunction with this flow wiring diagram and Frame 23.

Difficulty in wiring should not arise, providing the following directions are observed:

1. Controls that switch the system on and off, e.g. a time switch, MUST be wired, in series, in the live mains lead to the boiler.
2. Controls that override an on/off control, e.g. a frost thermostat, MUST be wired into the mains lead, in parallel, with the control(s) to be overridden. Refer to Frame 23.

3. If a proprietary system is used, follow the instructions supplied by the manufacturer.

Advice on required modifications to the wiring may be obtained from the component manufacturers.

Note. If there are no external controls the circulating pump MUST be wired into the control box.
19 PICTORIAL WIRING

LEGEND
b blue
bk black
br brown
y/g yellow/green
r red
w white

20 MID POSITION VALVE

Pumped only

Notes.
1. Some earth wires are omitted for clarity. Ensure proper earth continuity when wiring.
2. Numbering of terminals on thermostats is specific to the manufacturer.
3. This is a fully controlled system - set the boiler thermostat to maximum.
4. 'Switchmaster Midi' is similar in operation but the wiring differs slightly; see manufacturer's literature.

LEGEND
b blue
bk black
br brown
r red
or orange
w white
gy grey
y/g yellow/green
21 TWO SPRING CLOSED VALVES
Pumped only

Notes.
1. Some earth wires are omitted for clarity. Ensure proper earth continuity when wiring.
2. Numbering of terminals on thermostats is specific to the manufacturer.
3. This is a fully controlled system - set the boiler thermostat to maximum.
4. 'Switchmaster Autozone' has grey and orange auxiliary switch leads but the GREY WIRE ONLY must be connected to the live supply.

LEGEND
b blue
br brown or orange
bk black
r red
gy grey
w white y/g yellow/green

22 HONEYWELL 'C' PLAN
Gravity HW & Pumped CH

Notes.
1. Some earth wires are omitted for clarity. Ensure proper earth continuity when wiring
2. Numbering of terminals on thermostats is specific to the manufacturer.

LEGEND
bk black
br brown
r red
gy grey
w white y/g yellow/green

23 FROST PROTECTION
Central heating systems fitted wholly inside the house do not normally require frost protection as the house acts as a 'storage heater' and can normally be left at least 24 hrs without frost damage. However, if parts of the pipework run outside the house or if the boiler will be left off for more than a day or so then a frost 'stat should be wired into the system.

This is usually done at the programmer, in which case the programme selector switches are set to OFF and all other controls MUST be left in the running position.

The frost 'stat should be sited in a cold place but where it can sense heat from the system.

Wiring should be as shown, with minimal disturbance to other wiring of the programmer.

Designation of the terminals will vary, but the programmer and thermostat manufacturers' leaflets will give full details.
24 FITTING THE CASING

1. Offer up the LH side panel, locating it with the peg in the baseplate, and push the panel back.
2. Secure the panel to the baseplate and collector hood.
3. Repeat steps 1 & 2 to refit the RH side panel.
4. Place the top panel on top and push back.
5. Secure the top panel to the side panels.

IMPORTANT: Wiring within the boiler casing must be neatly secured with the cable straps provided and MUST NOT be allowed to touch the burner front plate or the cleanout cover and the collector hood.

25 COMMISSIONING AND TESTING

The Benchmark Log Book or equivalent self certification should be completed and signed to demonstrate compliance with Building Regulations.

A. ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

1. Checks to ensure electrical safety should be carried out by a competent person.
2. ALWAYS carry out preliminary electrical system checks, i.e. earth continuity, polarity, resistance to earth and short circuit using a suitable test meter.

B. GAS INSTALLATION

1. The whole of the gas installation, including the meter, MUST be inspected and tested for soundness, and purged in accordance with the recommendations of BS. 6891. In IE refer to I.S.813:2002.
2. Purging air from the gas installation may be expedited by loosening the union on the gas service cock on the boiler and purging until gas is detected.
3. Retighten the union and check for gas soundness.

WARNING: Whilst effecting the required gas soundness test and purging air from the gas installation, open all windows and doors, extinguish naked lights and DO NOT SMOKE.
TO LIGHT THE BOILER

1. Check that all the drain cocks are closed and any valves in the flow and return are open.
2. Check that the gas service cock (E) is OPEN and the boiler mains on/off switch is OFF.
3. Slacken the screw in the burner pressure test point (B) and connect a gas pressure gauge via a flexible tube.
4. Switch the electricity supply ON and check that all external controls are calling for heat.
5. Set the boiler thermostat knob (G) to position 6. The pilot solenoid valve will open and the intermittent spark commence, continuing until the pilot is established. The main burner will then cross-light smoothly. If this sequence does not occur, refer to the Fault Finding section.
6. Test for gas soundness around ALL boiler gas components using leak detection fluid.
7. Operate the boiler for 10 minutes to stabilise the burner temperature.
8. The boiler is preset at the factory to its nominal rating. If the burner setting pressure requires adjustment remove the sealing cap and turn the adjusting screw clockwise to increase/anticlockwise to decrease the pressure until the required burner pressure is achieved. Refer to Table 2, page 2. Refit the sealing cap.
9. Immediately check that there is no spillage of combustion products from the draught diverter outlets by carrying out a spillage test, as detailed in BS.5440-1:2000. Note. This must be done before any building in.
10. Set the boiler mains on/off switch to OFF.
11. Remove the pressure gauge and tube. Retighten the sealing screw in the pressure test point.
12. Turn ON and check for gas soundness at the pressure test point.
27 GENERAL CHECKS

Make the following checks for correct operation:

1. Turn the boiler thermostat OFF and ON to check that the main burner is extinguished and relit in response.
2. Set the boiler thermostat knob to position 6 and operate the mains on/off switch. Check that the main burner lights and extinguishes in response.
3. Check that the programmer, if fitted, and all other system controls function correctly.
   Operate each control separately and check that the main burner or circulating pump (as the case may be) responds.
4. Water circulation System
   a. With the system HOT, examine all water connections for soundness.
   b. With the system still hot, turn off the gas, water and electricity supplies to the boiler and drain down, in order to complete the flushing process.
   c. Refill and vent the system, clear all air locks and again check for water soundness.
   d. Balance the system.
5. Finally, set the controls to the user's requirements, refit the lower front panel, securing with the 2 screws, and close the controls door.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thermostat Knob Setting</th>
<th>Flow Temperature °C</th>
<th>°F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes.
a. If an optional Programmer Kit is fitted refer to the separate Programmer Kit Installation Instructions and User's Instructions.
b. The temperatures quoted below are approximate and vary between installations.

WARNING. The boiler must not be operated with the casing removed.

28 HANDING OVER

After completing the installation and commissioning of the boiler system the installer should hand over to the householder by the following actions:

1. Hand the User's Instructions to the householder and explain his or her responsibilities under current Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations or rules in force.
2. Draw attention to the lighting instruction label affixed to the inside of the controls door.
3. Explain and demonstrate the lighting and shutting down procedures, including the function of the TTB downdraught thermostat.
4. The operation of the boiler and the use and adjustment of ALL system controls should be fully explained to the householder, to ensure the greatest possible fuel economy consistent with household requirements of both heating and hot water consumption.
   Advise the User of the precautions necessary to prevent damage to the system and to the building, in the event of the system remaining inoperative during frosty conditions.
5. Explain the function and the use of the boiler thermostat and external controls.
6. Explain and demonstrate the function of time and temperature controls, radiator valves etc., for the economic use of the system.
7. If an optional Programmer Kit is fitted then draw attention to the Programmer Kit User's Instructions and hand them to the householder.
8. After installation, commissioning and customer hand-over please complete the appliance log book and leave this with the customer. For IE, it is necessary to complete a "Declaration of Conformity" to indicate compliance to I.S. 813:2002.
9. Stress the importance of regular servicing by a CORGI registered installer and that a comprehensive service should be carried out AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR. In IE servicing work must be carried out by a Competent Person.
29 SCHEDULE

To ensure the continued safe and efficient operation of the appliance, it is recommended that it is checked at regular intervals and serviced as necessary. The frequency of servicing will depend upon the installation condition and usage but should be carried out at least annually.

It is the law that any service work must be carried out by a CORGI registered installer. In IE servicing work must be carried out by a Competent Person.

a. Light the boiler and carry out a pre-service check, noting any operational faults.
b. Clean the main burner(s) and lint gauge(s).
c. Clean the heat exchanger.
d. Clean the main injector(s).
e. Check that the flue terminal is unobstructed and that the flue system, including the flue cleanout cover, is sealed correctly.
f. If the appliance has been installed in a compartment, check that the ventilation areas are clear.

The servicing procedures are covered more fully in Frames 30-35 and MUST BE CARRIED OUT IN SEQUENCE.

WARNING. Always turn OFF the gas supply at the gas service cock and switch OFF and DISCONNECT the electrical supply to the appliance BEFORE SERVICING.

IMPORTANT. After completing the servicing or exchange of components always test for gas soundness, carry out functional checks as appropriate and test for spillage (Frame 26).

Note. It may be necessary to remove the boiler casing to carry out the spillage test.


30 BOILER CASING REMOVAL

1. Remove the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel.
2. Remove the 2 screws and lift off the grille assembly.
3. Disconnect the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
4. Remove the Burner On neon cable from the back of the control panel.

WARNING. The boiler must not be operated with the casing removed.

5. Unplug the in-line connector to the TTB thermostat.
6. Remove the thermostat phial from the pocket, as shown.

7. Remove the 2 screws securing the control panel and pull down to release the tabs from under the top panel.
8. If the boiler is not fitted under a work top, access for flue cleaning will be improved by removing the top panel.
31  BURNER AND CONTROLS ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

1. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the front panel and remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 30.
2. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
3. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
4. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 4 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
5. Place on a convenient working surface.

32  LINT GAUZE REMOVAL

1. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the front panel and remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 30.
2. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
3. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
4. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 4 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
5. Remove the burner end cap.
6. Withdraw the venturi baffle and lint gauze.

33  CLEANING THE BURNER ASSEMBLY

1. Clean the lint gauze to remove any deposits of lint, fluff etc.
2. Brush off any deposits that may have fallen on to the burner head, ensuring that the flame ports are unobstructed, and remove any debris that may have collected.
   Note. Brushes with metallic bristles MUST NOT be used.
3. Remove the main burner injector. Check, clean or replace, as required.
4. Refit the injector, using an approved jointing compound.
5. Inspect the pilot burner and ignition electrode - ensure that they are clean and in good condition.
6. Clean or renew components as necessary.
**34 CLEANING THE FLUEWAYS**

1. Remove the 2 wing nuts and lift off the cleanout cover.
2. Lift out the flue baffles.
3. Remove all loose deposits from the heat exchanger, especially from between the fins, using a suitable brush. Remove all debris from the combustion chamber base.
4. Check that the flue outlet duct is unobstructed.
5. Refit the flue baffles. Refer to Frame 10.

**35 REASSEMBLY**

Reassemble the boiler in the following order:

1. Refit the flue cleanout cover, renewing any damaged or deteriorating sealing gasket.
2. Refit the casing top panel.
3. Reconnect the electrical wiring ensuring the TTB thermostat is connected. Refit the control panel, ensuring that the thermostat phial and phial retaining clip are correctly located in the thermostat pocket and secured by the split pin. Refer to Frame 30.
4. Check the sightglass in the front plate - clean or renew as necessary.
5. Renew any damaged or deteriorating front plate gasket.
6. Refit the burner and controls assembly.
7. Reconnect the gas service cock.
8. Refit the grille assembly.

**36 GAS PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT**

1. **Pilot Pressure**
   - Pilot adjustment is factory set to maximum and no adjustment is possible.

2. **Main Burner Pressure**
   - After servicing, reference should be made to Table 2, page 2, which quotes details of the output with the burner pressure and heat input.

   Any required adjustments should be made using the pressure adjustment screw. Refer to Frame 26, "Initial Lighting".

   Refit the lower front panel in reverse order. Refer to Frame 24.
37 GENERAL

When replacing any component:

1. Isolate the electricity supply.
2. Remove the lower front panel and grille assembly.
3. Turn off the gas supply at the boiler.

Note. In order to assist fault finding, the control box PCB is fitted with 2 indicator lights which represent the following boiler conditions:

- Neon 13: Mains electricity ON.
- Neon SG1: Flashes to indicate ignition operation (stops after detection.)

For replacement of programmer units refer to the separate Programmer Kit instructions.

The boiler MUST NOT be operated if the casing is not fitted.

38 SIGHTGLASS REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Unfasten the 2 M5 hexagon nuts and washers. Remove the assembly from the front plate.
3. Fit the new sightglass and reassemble, as shown.
4. Retighten the 2 M5 hexagon nuts to ensure an airtight seal. Do NOT overtighten.

39 PILOT BURNER REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Undo the 2 screws, lift off the front panel and remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 4 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Prise the retaining clip out of the groove in the electrode, using a small screwdriver, and withdraw the electrode.
7. Undo the pilot supply pipe connection and ease clear of the pilot burner. DO NOT LOSE the pilot injector, which is a push-fit in the pilot burner housing.
8. Remove the 2 securing screws and washers, and withdraw the pilot burner.
9. Fit the new pilot burner and re-assemble in reverse order, ensuring that:
   a. The injector is in position when refitting the pilot supply.
   b. A gas-tight joint is made.
   c. The spark gap is correct. Refer to Frame 44.
40 CONTROL THERMOSTAT REPLACEMENT
1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove 2 screws and lift off the front lower panel. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Disconnect the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
4. Remove the Burner On neon cable from the back of the control panel.
5. Pull off the thermostat knob.
6. Remove the 2 screws and pull down the control panel tabs clear of the top panel.
7. Remove the thermostat phial from the pocket. Refer to Frame 30.
8. Remove the bottom screw and remove the cover.
9. Remove the top screw and ease the control box off the control panel.
10. Remove the 2 screws to release the thermostat bracket.
11. Disconnect the electrical leads.
12. Unscrew the thermostat nut to withdraw the thermostat.
13. Fit the new thermostat and reassemble in reverse order.

41 CONTROL PANEL REPLACEMENT
1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Pull off the thermostat knob.
4. Disconnect the in-line connector on the PCB lead.
5. Remove the Burner On neon cable from the back of the control panel.
6. Unscrew the 2 screws and pull down the control panel so that the 2 tabs clear the top panel.
7. Remove the thermostat phial from the pocket. Refer to Frame 30.
8. Remove the bottom screw and remove the cover from the control box.
9. Remove the top screw and ease the control box off the control panel.
10. Disconnect the mains electrical supply from the terminal strip and release from its clamp.
11. Remove the 2 screws to release the thermostat bracket.
12. Unplug the in-line connector to TTB thermostat.
13. On the new control box gain access to the control thermostat as described above.
14. Reconnect the TTB thermostat lead to the control thermostat and terminal strip marked 'L'.
15. Assemble new control box and panel and fit to the casing in reverse order.
42 IGNITION LEAD REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the front panel and remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 4 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Remove the purse clip.
7. Disconnect the ignition lead from the base of the electrode and the PCB, and withdraw the lead.
8. Fit the new lead and reassemble in reverse order.

43 OVERHEAT THERMOSTAT REPLACEMENT (if fitted)

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Slacken the screw at the thermostat pocket and withdraw the phial from the pocket.
4. Remove the thermostat retaining nut and withdraw the thermostat from the control panel.
5. Transfer the electrical leads from the old thermostat to the replacement (polarity is not important).
6. Fit the new thermostat, ensuring that the alignment peg on the thermostat sits in the small hole adjacent to the main fixing hole, and reassemble in reverse order.
7. Replace the lower front panel and secure with the 2 fixing screws.
8. Check the operation of the boiler.
### 44 IGNITION ELECTRODE REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the lower front panel then remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.

![Diagram of Ignition Electrode Replacement](image)

5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 4 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Prise the retaining clip out of the groove in the electrode, using a small screwdriver, and withdraw the electrode.
7. Push in the new electrode until the retaining clip locates in the groove and reassemble in reverse order.

### 45 MAIN BURNER REPLACEMENT

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the lower front panel then remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 4 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Remove the 2 screws securing the pilot burner and pull the assembly clear of the main burner.
7. Remove the 2 nuts and washers securing the burner to the front plate and manifold. Withdraw the burner.
8. Fit the new burner and reassemble in reverse order, taking care not to damage the main burner injector which is screwed into the burner manifold.
**46 MAIN BURNER INJECTOR REPLACEMENT**

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the lower front panel then remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 4 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Undo the pilot supply connection.
7. Undo the manifold securing nuts and remove the manifold from the front plate.
8. Unscrew the burner injector from the manifold.
9. Fit the new injector, using an approved jointing compound, and reassemble in reverse order.

**47 GAS VALVE REPLACEMENT**

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove the 2 screws, lift off the lower front panel then remove the grille assembly. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Disconnect the electrical leads from the gas valve.
4. Disconnect the ignition lead from the PCB.
5. Undo the gas cock union. Remove the 4 wing nuts and withdraw the burner and controls assembly, complete, from the boiler.
6. Undo the pilot supply connection.
7. Unscrew the gas inlet pipe from the valve.
8. Remove the 4 securing screws and withdraw the valve from the burner manifold.
9. Fit the new gas valve, ensuring that:
   a. The valve is fitted the correct way round - an arrow engraved on the valve indicates the direction of flow.
   b. The sealing 'O' ring supplied with the valve is correctly fitted at the outlet flange.
   c. An approved jointing compound is used when reconnecting the gas inlet pipe.
**48 TTB DOWNDRAUGHT THERMOSTAT REPLACEMENT**

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove the control panel. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Remove the securing screws and lift off the control box cover.
4. Unplug the in-line connector to the TTB thermostat.
5. Reach down the side of the boiler and carefully lift the TTB bracket from its retaining slot and clip.
6. Withdraw the thermostat, bracket and lead down the side of the boiler.
7. Locate and fit the new TTB downdraught thermostat, bracket and lead and reassemble in reverse order, ensuring that the in-line connector is secured.

**49 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (PCB) REPLACEMENT**

1. Refer to Frame 37.
2. Remove the 2 screws and lift off the lower front panel. Refer to Frame 30.
3. Undo the PCB cover fixing screw and remove the cover.
4. Remove the HT lead from the PCB
5. Remove the 6 push-in connectors from the PCB.
6. Compress the barbs on the PCB stand-offs to release the PCB from the box.
7. Fit the new PCB and reassemble in reverse order.
8. Refit the boiler casing.
9. Check the operation of the boiler.
Before attempting any electrical fault finding ALWAYS carry out preliminary electrical system checks, i.e. earth continuity, polarity and resistance to earth using a suitable meter. Detailed instructions on the cleaning and adjustment or replacement of faulty components are contained in the 'Servicing' section of this publication.

1. CHECK MAINS NEON ON PCB. IS IT ILLUMINATED?
   - NO: Check mains supply and fuses. Check controls are calling for heat. Check boiler wiring connections are OK. Check if the TTB downdraught thermostat has operated in adverse wind conditions.
   - YES: Replace the overheat 'stat.

2. IS THERE A LIVE SUPPLY TO BOTH TERMINALS OF OVERHEAT 'STAT'? (IF NO OVERHEAT 'STAT FITTED GO TO NEXT STEP).
   - NO: Can the overheat thermostat be reset with the system cold?
     - NO: Reset the overheat 'stat. Set control 'stat to maximum. Allow the boiler to reach temperature - if the overheat 'stat trips again, measure flow temperature. If above 90°C replace control 'stat. If below 90°C replace overheat 'stat.
     - YES: Replace fuse but before restoring power check for short circuit between L/N and L/Earth on all components plugged into the PCB.
   - YES: Check the control 'stat is set to max and mains switch is on. Is there a regular spark from tube SG1 on the PCB?

3. CHECK THE CONTROL 'STAT IS SET TO MAX AND MAINS SWITCH IS ON. IS THERE A REGULAR SPARK FROM TUBE SG1 ON THE PCB?
   - NO: Check mains supply and fuses. Check controls are calling for heat. Check boiler wiring connections are OK. Check if the TTB downdraught thermostat has operated in adverse wind conditions.
   - YES: Replace the PCB.

4. IS THERE A SPARK AT THE IGNITION ELECTRODE?
   - NO: Replace fuse but before restoring power check for short circuit between L/N and L/Earth on all components plugged into the PCB.
   - YES: Check gap at ignition electrode. Check electrode and leads are not damaged. Check the lead is not shorting to earth. Rectify as necessary.

5. DOES THE PILOT BURNER LIGHT?
   - NO: Connect or rectify and purge the system of air.
   - YES: Ensure pilot and main gas valve leads are not crossed over. Is there a supply voltage at the pilot gas valve?

6. IS THERE A SUPPLY VOLTAGE AT THE PILOT GAS VALVE?
   - NO: Check connections at the gas valve and rectify as necessary. If no connection fault found replace PCB.
   - YES: Is the pilot injector blocked or the pilot supply pipe damaged?

7. IS THE PILOT INJECTOR BLOCKED OR THE PILOT SUPPLY PIPE DAMAGED?
   - NO: Replace gas valve.
   - YES: Rectify or replace as necessary.

8. DOES THE SPARK STOP AFTER THE PILOT IS LIT?
   - NO: Check polarity of mains supply. Check continuity of ignition lead. Does spark now stop when pilot is lit?
   - YES: Check connections to PCB. If no fault change PCB.

9. DOES SPARK NOW STOP WHEN PILOT IS LIT?
   - NO: Check connections at the gas valve and rectify as necessary. If no connection fault found replace PCB.
   - YES: Is there a supply voltage at the main gas valve?

10. IS THERE A SUPPLY VOLTAGE AT THE MAIN GAS VALVE?
    - NO: Replace gas valve.
    - YES: Is the main injector blocked?

11. IS THE MAIN INJECTOR BLOCKED?
    - NO: Replace main gas solenoid valve. Does the main burner light?
    - YES: Clear blockage and refit. Does main burner light?

12. CLEAR BLOCKAGE AND REFIT. DOES MAIN BURNER LIGHT?
    - NO: Replace gas valve.
    - YES: Check for correct gas supply pressure. Rectify as necessary.

13. BOILER OPERATING SATISFCTORILY
    - NO: Replace gas valve.
    - YES: Mexico Super CF445-475 - Installation & Servicing
The following are parts commonly required as replacement components, due to damage or expendability. Their failure or absence is likely to affect safety or performance of this appliance.

The list is extracted from the British Gas List of Parts, which contains all available spare parts. The full list is held by British Gas, Caradon Ideal Limited distributors and merchants.

When replacing any part on this appliance, use only spare parts that you can be assured conform to the safety and performance specification that we require. Do not use reconditioned or copy parts that have not been clearly authorised by Ideal Boilers.

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<th>Description</th>
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SHORT LIST OF PARTS

50 SHORT PARTS

17

20

21

22

23

26

24

27

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44.1

66

67

MEX 2229

Mexico Super CF445 - CF475 - Installation & Servicing

33
51 BOILER CASING ASSEMBLY

Legend
46. Base plate
62. Casing complete
63. Control panel complete
73. Casing side panel
75. Casing lower front panel
76. Casing top panel
77. Grille panel
78. Casing fixing pack

52 BOILER CONTROL PANEL - Exploded View

Legend
63. Control panel complete
64. Control panel.
65. Control box.
66. Control thermostat.
67. Thermostat knob.
71. Control front panel (door).
72. Magnetic strip.
76. Thermostat bracket
Cable clamps

List of Parts

Mexico Super CF445 - CF475 - Installation & Servicing
LIST OF PARTS

53 BURNER AND CONTROLS ASSEMBLY - Exploded View

Legend

16. Front plate assy.
17. Sightglass assy.
18. Burner manifold assy.
19. Pilot burner pipe
20. Main burner
21. Main burner injector
22. Pilot burner assy.
23. Gas valve
24. "O" ring
25. Ignition electrode
26. HT lead
27. Gas cock

Silencer shroud only used on:
465 - no gauze
475 - with gauze

54 PCB BOX - Exploded View

Legend

29. PCB chassis assy.
30. PCB sub-assy.
33. PCB support.
37. PCB cover.

Mexico Super CF445 - CF475 - Installation & Servicing
Technical Training

The Ideal Boilers Technical Training Centre offers a series of first class training courses for domestic, commercial and industrial heating installers, engineers and system specifiers.

For details of courses please ring: ............. 01482 498432

These appliances are designed for use with Natural Gas only. They have been tested and conform with the provisions of BS. 6332 and BS. 5258.

Ideal Boilers, P.O. Box 103, National Ave, Kingston upon Hull, HU5 4JN. Telephone: 01482 492 251 Fax: 01482 448 858. Registration No. London 322 137.

Caradon Ideal Limited pursues a policy of continuing improvement in the design and performance of its products. The right is therefore reserved to vary specification without notice.