RAVENHEAT Instructions for Use Installation and Servicing

To be left with the user

HIGH EFFICIENCY

CONDENSING COMBINATION BOILER

HE 80 S

Natural Gas (G20) II

LPG (G31) II

HE 98 S

Natural Gas (G20) II

LPG (G31) II



Listed by The United Kingdom Water Fitting Byelaws Scheme



CE 1312

(ISO 900



Technical and illustrative data are not binding and can be modified without prior notice. The descriptions and illustrations in the present booklet are for guidance purposes only.

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HIGH EFFICIENCY CONDENSING BOILER FOR CENTRAL HEATING AND DOMESTIC HOT WATER

This new highly efficient turbo-modulating boiler is designed to meet domestic hot water and central heating requirements at super high efficiency.

POSITION

The appliance is extremely versatile as it can be fitted in almost any room. The appliance is room sealed so there is no contact between the combustion chamber and living accommodation. This guarantees maximum safety and efficiency. Each boiler has been designed and manufactured in our modern plant to exacting ISO 9001 discipline, all boilers carry full CE marking of approval. Technical sales and commercial services are available throughout the UK Mainland. This product is guaranteed by Ravenheat manufacturing Itd, Chartists Way, Morley, LEEDS, LS27 9ET. Telephone No (0113) 252 7007.

Guarantee is a full 12 months from date of purchase providing the appliance has been fitted in accordance with these instructions and relevant codes of practice.

MAJOR COMPONENTS

- Modulating gas valve.
- Modulating pump head suitable for any type of central heating system.
 - Burner with flame stabiliser designed to operate under all thermal conditions.
 - Unique condensing heat exchanger for high thermal flue transfer from gases to water.
- Stainless steel plate heat exchanger for super high heat transfer to domestic hot water supply.
- Built in frost protection.
- Printed circuit board designed to connect to room stat and/or timer.
- Aesthetically pleasing panels and controls.
- On/Off ball valves for shutting off gas, central heating and domestic hot water circuit.
- Safety relief valve (for safety discharge).
- Programmable 7 day module with digital display (time clock version only).

NOTE: Due to the high efficiency of this boiler a plume of water vapour will form at the flue terminal during operation.

COSHH - CONTROL OF SUBSTANCES HAZARDOUS TO HEALTH IMPORTANT

It is the Users/Installers responsibility to ensure that the necessary personal protective clothing is worn when handling this appliance, and where applicable the pertinent parts that contain any materials that could be interpreted as being injurious to health and safety.

GENERAL INFORMATION:

GLUES AND SEALANTS - exercise caution - if these are still in liquid form.

RAVENHEAT use only high quality material for production of this product, in an effort to protect the environment wherever possible components should be recycled.

WARNING: when installing the appliance, care should be taken to avoid any possibility of injury when handling sheet metal parts.

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1 USERS GUIDE

It is the law that all gas appliances are installed by a competent person, in accordance with the gas safety installation and to the current Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations B.S.5440:2-(2009).

All registered installers carry a Gas Safe Register ID card and have a registration number. Both should be recorded in your boiler Log book. You can check your installer's registration at www.gassaferegister.co.uk.



ESCAPE OF GAS

Should a gas leak be suspected, contact your gas supplier without delay.

GAS EMERGENCY NUMBER: 0800111999

Do NOT search for gas leaks with a naked flame. WARNING: This appliance must be earthed.

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Please carefully read the information given in this booklet to help you gain maximum control from your appliance with minimum trouble and cost.

Your Ravenheat Condensing Low Nox combination boiler has been designed to supply your Central Heating and Domestic Hot Water directly from one unit. When Central Heating is operating, the circulation will be interrupted when Domestic Hot Water is being drawn off (domestic hot water has priority). This will normally not affect the level of Heating.

PLEASE NOTE:

Due to the high efficiency of this appliance and resulting low flue gas exhaust temperature a white plume of condensation vapour (cool steam) will be emitted from the flue outlet terminal, this is quite normal. It will be particularly evident during periods of low outdoor temperature or when the boiler is working at its optimum performance (Plume Management kits are available on request).

IMPORTANT:

In the unlikely event of the exhaust flue gases exceeding the overheat temperature setting, the boiler operation will be stopped to prevent damage to the appliance.

1.2 CLEARANCES AROUND THE APPLIANCE

Side clearance:

The position of the appliance must provide a minimum clearance of only 5 mm as the side panels do not require removing for servicing.

However, if the option is preferred to remove the panels then a minimum clearance of 55 mm is required.

Top clearance:

The top clearance should be a minimum of 125 mm.

Bottom clearance:

A minimum bottom clearance of 80 mm is required between the appliance and any surface, though 150 mm is preferred whenever possible.

Front clearance:

A minimum of 450 mm is required in front of the appliance for access during servicing, the front clearance can be reduced when installed in a cupboard to 25 mm from the access door.

USER CONTROLS

This appliance is designed to operate with the minimum of ease for the user. All the controls are found on the control panel on the front of the boiler.

1.3 OPERATING SAFETY CHECKS TO PROTECT YOUR APPLIANCE (CHECKING THE SYSTEM PRESSURE)

Before lighting the appliance check that the Central Heating system pressure is not less than 1 bar. If it is below this it will be necessary to re-pressurise the system, between 1 and 1.5 bar to allow the boiler to operate. To view the system pressure press the INFO button once, this will display the current pressure (if the pressure is on nil or too low, then error code 08E is displayed).

A filling device (filling loop) will have been fitted on the system.

This is usually on the pipework near to the boiler. If you are unsure of its position, or you cannot identify it, consult the installer who fitted the boiler.

The filling loop usually consists of two taps and a separate silver coloured braided flexible pipe with connection fittings. Only when re-pressurising should the braided flexible pipe be connected between the two taps, ensure that the nuts or the pipe ends are tightened onto the taps.

Fully open one of the taps first and then while monitoring the water pressure on the digital display, carefully open the second tap. When the water pressure is to a maximum of 1.5 bar turn both taps off.

Disconnect the flexible pipe from the taps (a small amount of water may be present).

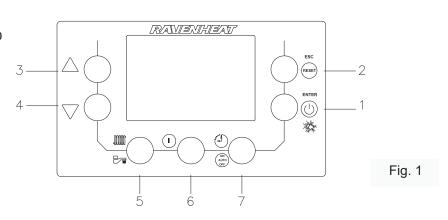
Keep the pipe in a safe place for future use.

Press the ESC button once to return to the main screen.

In the event of an error, the appliance will show a sequence code displayed on the digital display of the control panel (fig. 1). By pressing the "RESET" button it is possible to relight the boiler (see page 52 and 53 for list of error codes).

1.4 APPLIANCE STATUS INDICATORS

The boiler is equipped with a large LCD display that indicates the appliance operating status fig. 1).



KEY:

- ON/OFF button.
 Press to turn the boiler ON, summer mode (hot water symbol only), winter mode (hot water and radiator symbol), and OFF.
 Press the button also to confirm selections.
- 2 Press to RESET the appliance if ever an error code is displayed or ESC to back-up from the boiler menus.
- 3/4 Temperature and function mode selectors. Press the arrow up or the arrow down to increase or decrease the heating or domestic hot water outlet temperature, when the digital display is in hot water or central heating set-point temperature. Press also to show the boiler values or to show the options program when the digital display is in INFO or in USER PARAMETERS.
 - 5 Press to set the Central Heating Temperature required

Press once to view the central heating temperature set-point (boiler must be in winter mode).

Press the arrow up or the arrow down buttons to increase or decrease the temperature.

5 - Press to set the Domestic Hot Water Temperature required.

Press twice (once if in summer mode) to see the domestic hot water temperature set-point.

Press the arrow up or the arrow down buttons to increase or decrease the temperature.

6 - INFO: press to show the boiler values.

- 1: water pressure (bar).
- 2: flow temperature (CHF).
- 3: return temperature (CHR).
- 4: domestic hot water temperature (DHW).
- 5: % power of modulation.
- 6: fan speed (FAN), the display show 2 digits (e.g. 20 = 2000 rpm).
- 7: external temperature, if the external probe is present (OTC).
- 8: error history.
- 9: error history.
- 10: error history.
- 11: error history.
- 12: error history.

Press ESC to esc INFO mode.

- USER PARAMETERS (for service people): press the INFO and the arrow down buttons together for 5 seconds to show the boiler parameters (buttons 4 and 6).
- P001: C.H. max fan speed.
- P002: D.H.W. max fan speed.
- P003: Keep hot "0" disabled and "1" enabled
- P004: C.H. High/Low temperature:
- "0" low (max 50°C) / "1" high (max80°C)
 P005: Climatic curve: default "20" (full instructions are provided with the Outdoor Sensor Kit).
- P006: Enable locking pump "0" disable / "1" enable.
- P007: Test mode: "0" disabled, "1" enable. (the function is enable for maximum 15 minutes).

Press ESC to esc Test mode.

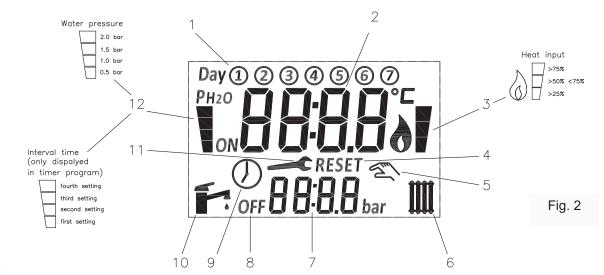
- P008: Weather compensator control. 0= Normal remote control.
 - 1= Ravenheat remote control with D.H.W. selection in boiler.
 - 2= Honeywell remote control.
- P009: Ignition power. Is possible to set the soft start power level (% of max boiler power, range 0:99).
- P010: Boiler power selection ("1" HE 80 S - "2" HE 98 S).
- P011: Boiler type ("1" istantaneous - "2" only heating).
- P012: Gas type ("0" Natural gas - "1" LPG gas).
- P013: Modulating pump type selection ("0" Wilo "1" Grundfos).

Press ESC to esc USER PARAMETERS mode.

 7 - TIMER MODE (time clock version only).
 Press to select "Auto" (heating times set),
 "Manual" (heating on all the time) and off (heating off).

It is possible to set the time and the current day (Monday 1, Tuesday 2, Wednesday 3, Thursday 4, Friday 5, Saturday 6, Sunday 7), see section 1.7.

1.5 DIGITAL DISPLAY



KEY

- 1 Day indicator:
 - (time clock version only)
 - 1. Monday
 - 2. Tuesday
 - 3. Wednesday
 - 4. Thursday
 - 5. Friday
 - 6. Saturday
 - 7. Sunday
- 2 Water temperature.
- 3 Modulation flame level: When the burner is lit, 3 different levels on icon 3 are displayed.
- 4 Anomaly Lock out.
- 5 Manual: When the digital timer is set to manual icon 5 is displayed, in this mode the central heating is on permanently.

1.6 BOILER VALUE

It is possible to show the boiler value. Press INFO button (item 6 fig. 1) to show the boiler values.

Use the arrow up and the arrow down buttons, (item 3 and 4 fig. 1) to show the following info:

- 1: water pressure (bar)
- 2: flow temperature (CHF)
- 3: return temperature (CHR)
- 4: domestic hot water temperature (DHW)
- 5: % power of modulation
- 7: fan speed (FAN)
- 6: external temperature, if the external probe is present (OTC)
- 8: error history
- 9: error history
- 10: error history
- 11: error history
- 12: error history

- 6 Central Heating: when the appliance is in central heating mode icon 6 will flash.
- 7 Current time.
- 8 Off (time clock version only): when the digital clock is in off function icon 8 is displayed.
- 9 Auto (time clock version only): when the digital clock is in automatic function icon 9 is displayed.
- 10 Domestic hot water: when the appliance is in domestic hot water mode the icon 10 will flash.
- 11 Test function.
- 12 Water pressure: shows the current pressure in the system or day settins in timer mode.

1.7 TIME (time clock version only)

SETTING THE TIME AND DAY (time clock version only):

- 1. Press and hold for 5 seconds the TIMER MODE button (item 7 fig. 1). The hour value will flash.
- Press the up and down arrow buttons (item 3 and 4 fig. 1) to select the current hour (24h). Then press the ENTER button (item 1 fig. 1) to begin to flash on the display confirm after this the minutes will flash.
- 3. Press the up and down arrow buttons (item 3 and 4 fig. 1) to select the current minutes and then press the ENTER button (item 1 fig. 1) to confirm, after this the day indicator will begin to flash on the display.
- 4. Press the up and down arrow buttons (item 3 and 4 fig. 1) to select the current day (1=Mon, 2= Tue etc.) and then press the ENTER button to confirm.

The time is now set, press ESC button (item 2 fig. 1) to esc time function.

1.8 PROGRAMMING THE HEATING TIMES (time clock version only)

The appliance incorporates a digital clock programmed with a default heating pattern (see table 1); however this can be modified to suit individual needs.

To change the programmed times:

1. Press and hold the timer mode button (item 7 fig. 1).

The dispaly shows the current time, set the time if necessary.

 Press and hold for 5 secons the timer mode button (item 7 fig. 1) again for another 5 seconds.
 The display shows the first heating period on

the first day. 3. Press the up and down arrows (item 3 and 4

- fig. 1) to select the On1 time (first on time) and press the ENTER button (item 2 fig. 1).
- 5. Press the up and down arrows to set the Off 1 time (first off) and press ENTER button (item 2 fig. 1).

Repeat this process for the remaining 3 settings.

Note: if not all 4 times are required then set the remaining on and off times with the same hours, the display will show "------". This cancels the remaining on and off. For example see the weekend settings in table 1.

Once the times are set, press the ESC button (item 2 fig. 1).and this will return to the main screen.

NB: If setting the times in a group, the days in the group will all be the same, however days not in this group will remain at the default time. For example, setting Mon-Sat will change all these days but Sunday will remain the same as table 1 unless changed individually.

If you wish to override these times, press the timer mode button to select manual (Fig.2 icon 5), this puts the boiler in manual mode which overrides the timer on the boiler so the heating is on permanently (providing any external controls fitted are calling for heat). To turn the heating off, press the timer mode button to select off, this will now turn the heating off permanently until either auto or manual is selected.

To copy the days:

- 1. In programming time, press the up and down arrows (item 3 and 4 fig. 1) to select the day to be copied.
- 2. Press INFO (item 6 fig. 1) and arrow up (item 3 fig. 1) buttons together to copy, the display shows "COPY SRC".
- 3. Press the up and down arrow (item 3 and 4 fig. 1) to select the day that you want to change.
- 4. Press and hold the INFO (item 6 fig. 1) and arrow down (item 4 fig. 1) buttons together for 5 seconds to paste the settings, the display shows "COPY DST".

TABLE 1

		Manufactures value							
			1 2		:	3		4	
		On	Off	On	Off	On	Off	On	Off
1	Monday	6:30	8:30	11:00	13:00	17:00	23:00		
2	Tuesday	6:30	8:30	11:00	13:00	17:00	23:00		
3	Wednesday	6:30	8:30	11:00	13:00	17:00	23:00		
4	Thursday	6:30	8:30	11:00	13:00	17:00	23:00		
5	Friday	6:30	8:30	11:00	13:00	17:00	23:00		
6	Saturday	6:30	8:30						
7	Sunday	6:30	8:30						

1.9 DIAGNOSTIC

The display shows eventual error or faulty message.

Stop boiler: The boiler stops the operating cycle and waits for the disappearance of the cause of the error in order to go back to be operating mode.

Block boiler: the boiler requires a manual reset to become operational again.

2.0 GENERAL LAYOUT (Fig. 3)

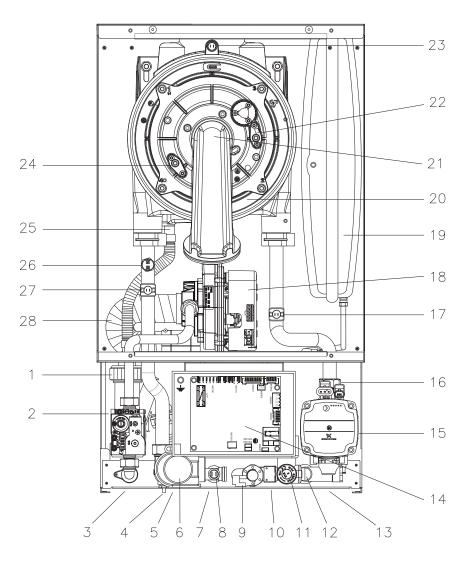


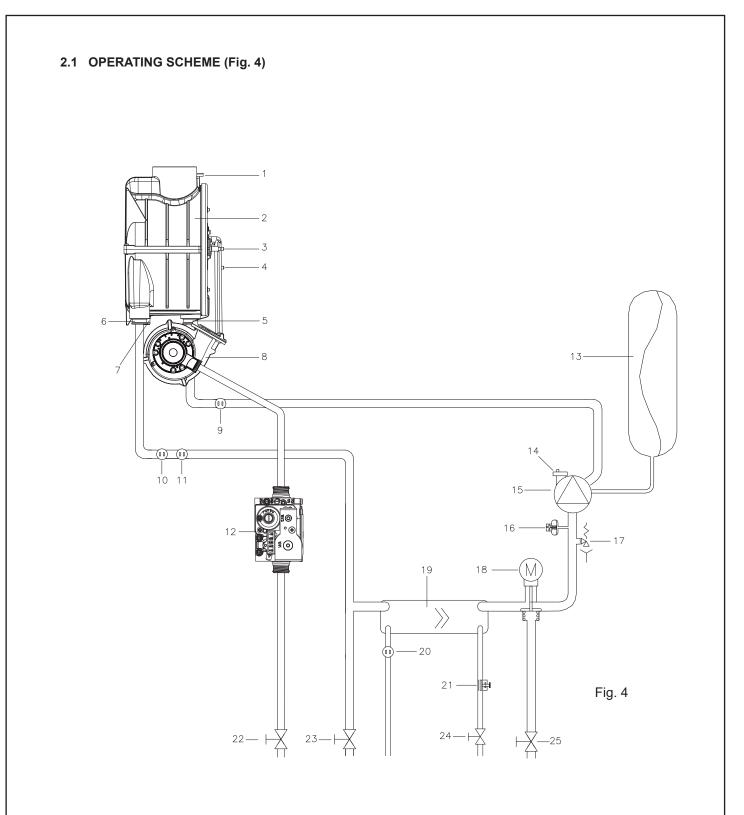
Fig. 3

KEY

- 1 Condensate trap
- 2 Gas valve
- 3 Gas inlet
- 4 Drain point
- 5 CH flow
- 6 Diverter valve motor
- 7 DHW outlet
- 8 DHW sensor
- 9 DHW flow detector
- 10 DHW inlet
- 11 Safety pressure relief valve

- 12-Water pressure transducer
- 13 CH return
- 14 Control board
- 15 Circulation pump
- 16 Automatic air vent
- 17 CH return sensor
- 18-Fan
- 19 Expansion vessel
- 20 Main heat exchanger
- 21 Burner
- 22 Spark electrode

- 23 Flue temperature sensor
- 24 Sensing electrode
- 25 Condensate drain
- 26 Overheat cut off thermostat
- 27 CH flow sensor
- 28 Silencer



KEY

- 1 Flue temperature sensor
- 2 Main heat exchanger
- 3 Sensing electrode
- 4 Spark electrode
- 5 CH return
- 6 CH flow 7 - Condensate drain
- 8 Fan
- 9 CH return sensor

- 10 Overheat cut off thermostat
- 11 CH flow sensor
- 12 Gas valve
- 13 Expansion vessel
- 14 Automatic air vent
- 15 Pump
- 16 Water pressure transducer
- 17 Safety pressure system
- 18 Diverter valve motor

- 19 Plate heat exchanger
- 20 DHW sensor
- 21 DHW flow sensor
- 22 Gas service cock
- 23 CH compression ball valve
- 24 DHW compression ball valve
- 25 CH compression ball valve

2.2 INTRODUCTION

This boiler is designed for the production of central heating and domestic hot water combined in one unit.

It is fitted with an automatic domestic hot water priority valve.

It is possible to select either a summer or winter function with the summer position only being for domestic hot water. The winter position being for central heating with domestic hot water priority.

2.3 DESCRIPTION OF CONTROL SYSTEM AND SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

2.4 Domestic hot water mode

When the appliance is in rest mode, select the summer position by pressing the ON/OFF button (item 1 fig. 1) please ensure that the heating circuit is charged with water (above 1 bar).

If the domestic hot water tap is turned on, the boiler will function in the following sequence:

The pump starts. The fan starts and sends a signal back to the ignition board that the fan is running.

The spark ignition system is powered which in turn commences the spark igniter to operate and light the burner.

At this point the ignition board opens the gas valve to light the burner.

When the electrode sensor senses the signal that the burner is alight, the spark igniter stops.

The fan speed settings on the boiler increases to the maximum permissible speed over a period of 5 seconds and will remain at its maximum required power until its maximum regulated temperature is achieved and then will modulate to maintain this.

When the domestic hot water tap is closed the diverter valve goes back into rest mode, the burner is shut down along with the fan which is also switched off.

2.5 Central heating mode

If the appliance is in winter mode with a demand for heat to supply radiators, etc. , with the heating circuit fully charged above 1 bar, so as to operate the low water sensor device the boiler will start in the same way as domestic hot water mode.

As the heating sensor reaches temperature the fan speed modulates to maintain the temperature set on the display panel. When starting, the fan will always start at the set-point speed.

The boiler is fitted with an anti-cycling device on the control board. This delays the boiler from re-firing within 10 minutes. If the heating temperature goes 20 °C below the set point, the burner restarts immediately. The domestic hot water will always take priority and is unaffected by the anti-cycling device.

2.6 GENERAL FUNCTION

The instrument panel allows adjustment of the boiler to the heating requirements, between the maximum and minimum settings.

Air and gas are drawn by the fan for combustion. The fan also forces exhaust gas through the flue to the outside, this creates a lesser pressure in the sealed combustion chamber, thus sucking in combustion air, through the inlet duct.

The boiler water temperature is automatically controlled by a built in thermostat.

Interior space temperature is set by the room thermostat to be installed as part of the heating system. The boiler already carries connection terminals for this thermostat, as well as for an external timer if required. The burner continues to operate until it is stopped by the digital clock or one of the thermostats.

When the internal CH temperature sensor or the room thermostat intervenes the burner shuts down. The fan stops but the pump continues to operate for 3 minutes.

The boiler also incorporates an anti-block system which powers the pump every 24 hours, allowing it to operate for 2 minutes if the boiler has not been in use. This operation may in some cases be heard for a short period when the pump has been activated.

The heat exchanger in the DHW circuit is a stainless steel plate heat exchanger water to water, and domestic water is heated by converting the water in the central heating circuit. The transfer of heat is very high because the two fluids move in a counter direction.

Select the winter position by pressing the ON/OFF button (item 1 fig. 1). When a hot water tap is turned on the diverter valve motor moves to exclude the central heating circuit, the boiler automatically modulates to maintain the domestic hot water at a constant temperature.

The water temperature can be regulated by the digital display.

When there is a demand for domestic hot water, the burner and pump perform as they do during central heating except that the burner is commanded by the DHW thermostat.

When DHW is no longer called for (tap is turned off), the boiler will automatically return to the central heating mode.

Select the summer position by pressing the summer/winter button. The boiler functions like an automatic gas hot water heater. When DHW is no longer required the burner and pump and fan will immediately turn off. This also takes place when in winter mode, if there is no demand for heat to the central heating system or until the digital clock and room thermostat (if fitted) demands the

2.7 OVERALL DIMENSION

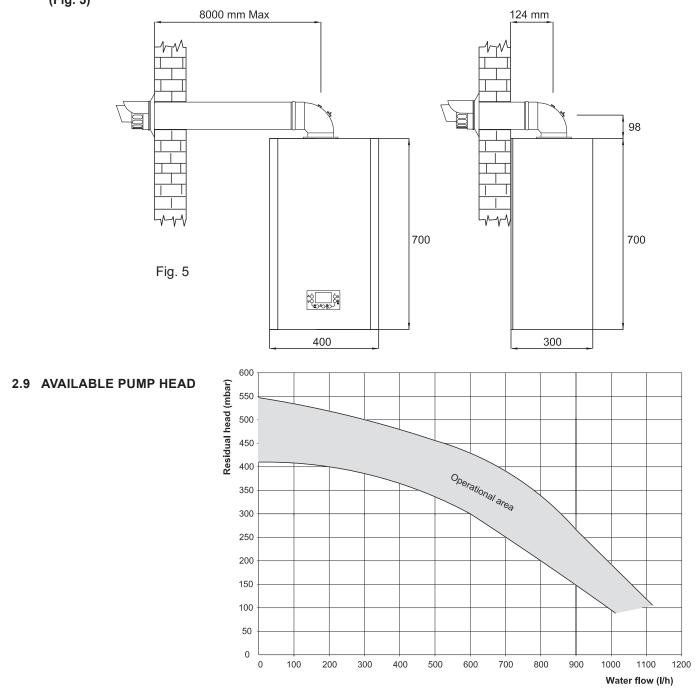
(Fig. 5)

2.8 SAFETY DEVICE

In both central heating and domestic hot water mode safe operation is ensured by a control board which shuts off the main burner, if the fan stops or the flue or combustion air intake duct is obstructed.

An overheat cut off thermostat acts to turn off the burner to resettable "lockout". A safety valve is fitted on the central heating circuit set at 3 bar.

A low water pressure switch set at 0.4 bar is fitted on heating circuit, to prevent the boiler operating below this boiler system pressure.



HE 80 S

TABLE 2/A

NAT	URAL GA	\S (G 20) П₂нзр		
Nominal heat Input net QMS		21.0 kW		
Minimum heat Input net		3.7 kW		
Nominal heat output Nominal heat output condensing		20.4 kW 22.1 kW		
Minimum heat output		22.1 KW 3.5 kW		
Minimum heat output condensing		3.9 kW		
	Gas rate after 1		min. 0.4 m ³ /h	
Fan speed Max 5200 rpm - 173 Hz	Comb	ustion % CO ₂ : 9.0 (+ 0.5 / - 0	.5) Case On	
C.H. min 1200 rpm - 40 Hz		9.0 (+ 0.5 / - 0		
Electrical supply: 230 V ~ 50 Hz External fuse rating: 3 A Internal fu	use F1: 3.15 A	(20 mm To BS 4265)		
Dry weight : 31 Kg Water content C.H.: 0	.8 Litre	Water content D.H.W.: 0.2 L	tre	
		sion isolating valve		
		sion isolating valve		
		sion isolating valve		
		sion isolating valve		
	15 mm compres			
	15 mm copper p 3/4" (21 5 mm)	oush fit over flow		
Max cold water capacity without additional expansio		110 Litre		
Sealed water system C.H.				
Max pressure PHS	2.5 bar			
Minimum working pressure	0.5 bar			
7 Litres expansion vessel pre-charge-pressure	0.5 bar			
<u> </u>	k 80 °C r	nin 35 °C		
Design flow rate		20 °C rise		
Minimum flow rate C.H.	350 l/h			
D.H.W. flow rate 30 °C rise	11.9 l/min			
D.H.W. flow rate 35 °C rise	10.2 l/min			
D.H.W. flow rate 40 °C rise	8.9 l/min	10°C Inlet ten	nperature	
D.H.W. temperature Max Fan speed D.H.W. Max 6200 rpm - 207 Hz	60 °C n min 1200 r	nin 35 °C		
Qmw Input Net Max 25.5 kW	min 3.7 k			
D.H.W. Pressure Pmw Max 6.5 ba				
D.H.W. Pressure Pmw min 0.5 ba D.H.W. Minimum Flow Rate 2.5 l/m				
Flue outlet nom. diameter 100 mm specially supplie		required)		
	ategory: II2H3F	. ,		
Flue Type: C13 - C33 - C53	SEDBUK A	Electrical protection ir	idex: IP X4 D	
LWA sound power level, indoors 50.5 dB		NO _x class 5 - 24.40 mg/k	Wh	
ErP		D.H.W.		
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class	A	Water heating energy efficier	ncv class	A
μs seasonal space heating energy efficiency	91.4 %	Load Profile		XL
Pn nominal heat input	21.0 kW	µwh water heating energy eff	iciency	85.1 %
P4 nominal heat output high temperature	20.4 kW	Qfuel daily fuel consumption	2	22.774 kWh
P1 nominal heat output (30% Pn) low temperature	3.5 kW	AFC Annual fuel consumption	1	17.284 GJ
		Qelec daily electricity consum		0.2046 kWh
		AEC annual electricity consur	nption	44.802 kWh
μ 4 efficiency at nominal heat output high temperature μ 1 efficiency at 30% nominal heat output low temperature for the second seco				
Auxiliary electricity consumption:				
elmax at full load	0.034 kW	PSB in standby mode		0.005 kW
elmin at part load	0.016 kW	Pstby standby heat loss		0.056 kW

3.1 TECHNICAL DATA

HE 80 S

TABLE 2/B

TABLE 2/B			
	LPG (G	31) П2нзр	
Nominal heat Input net QMS		21.0 kW	
Minimum heat Input net Nominal heat output		3.7 kW 20.4 kW	
Nominal heat output		20.4 KW 22.1 kW	
Minimum heat output		3.5 kW	
Minimum heat output condensing		3.9 kW	
	Gas rate after ?		
Fan speed Max 5000 rpm - 167 Hz C.H. min 1200 rpm - 40 Hz	Com	bustion % CO ₂ : 10.5 (+ 0.5 / - 0.5) Case On 10.5 (+ 0.5 / - 0.5) Case Off	
· · ·			
Electrical supply: 230 V ~ 50 Hz External fuse rating: 3 A Internal fu	use F1: 3.15 A	(20 mm To BS 4265)	
Dry weight : 31 Kg Water content C.H.: 0	.8 Litre	Water content D.H.W.: 0.2 Litre	
		ssion isolating valve	
		ssion isolating valve ssion isolating valve	
		ssion isolating valve	
Outlet connection D.H.W.	15 mm compre	ssion valve	
	15 mm copper 3/4" (21 5 mm)	pipe push fit over flow	
Max cold water capacity without additional expansion	,	110 Litre	
Sealed water system C.H.		110 Litte	
Max pressure PHS	2.5 bar		
Minimum working pressure	0.5 bar		
7 Litres expansion vessel pre-charge-pressure	0.5 bar		
		min 35 °C	
Design flow rate Minimum flow rate C.H.	1066 l/h 350 l/h	20 °C rise	
D.H.W. flow rate 30 °C rise	11.9 l/mir	1	
D.H.W. flow rate 35 °C rise	10.2 l/mi		
D.H.W. flow rate 40 °C rise	8.9 l/mi		
i		min 35 °C	
Fan speed D.H.W.Max 6000 rpm - 200 HzQmw Input NetMax 25.5 kW	min 1200 min 3.7	rpm - 40 Hz	
D.H.W. Pressure Pmw Max 6.5 ba		~~~	
D.H.W. Pressure Pmw min 0.5 ba			
D.H.W. Minimum Flow Rate 2.5 I/m			
Flue outlet nom. diameter 100 mm specially supplie			
	ategory: II2H3		
	SEDBUK A	Electrical protection index: IP X4 D	
LWA sound power level, indoors 50.5 dB		NO _x class 5 - 24.40 mg/kWh	
ErP		D.H.W.	
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class	A	Water heating energy efficiency class	A
μ s seasonal space heating energy efficiency	91.4 %	Load Profile	XL
Pn nominal heat input P4 nominal heat output high temperature	21.0 kW 20.4 kW	µwh water heating energy efficiency Qfuel daily fuel consumption	85.1 % 22.774 kWh
P1 nominal heat output (30% Pn) low temperature	20.4 KW 3.5 kW	AFC Annual fuel consumption	17.284 GJ
		Qelec daily electricity consumption	0.2046 kWh
		AEC annual electricity consumption	44.802 kWh
$\mu4$ efficiency at nominal heat output high temperatu $\mu1$ efficiency at 30% nominal heat output low temperature to the temperature of temperatur			
Auxiliary electricity consumption:			
elmax at full load	0 034 1444	BSR in standby mode	0.005 kW
elmax at full load	0.034 kW 0.016 kW	PSB in standby mode Pstby standby heat loss	0.005 kW 0.056 kW
	0.010101		0.000 MM

3.2 TECHNICAL DATA

TABLE 2/C

НЕ 98 S NATURAL GAS (G 20) П2нзр

NATU	JRAL GA	AS (G 20) П2нзр	
Nominal heat Input net QMS		25.0 kW	
Minimum heat Input net		4.0 kW	
Nominal heat output		24.3 kW	
Nominal heat output condensing		26.4 kW	
Minimum heat output Minimum heat output condensing		3.7 kW 4.2 kW	
	often 10 minut		
	after 10 minute		
Fan speed Max 5400 rpm - 180 Hz C.H. min 1200 rpm - 40 Hz	Com	bustion % CO ₂ : 9.0 (+ 0.5 / - 0.5) Case On 9.0 (+ 0.5 / - 0.5) Case Off	
Electrical supply: 230 V ~ 50 Hz External fuse rating: 3 A Internal fu	use F1: 3.15 A	(20 mm To BS 4265)	
Dry weight : 32 Kg Water content C.H.: 0	.8 Litre	Water content D.H.W.: 0.2 Litre	
Gas Supply Connection	15 mm compre	ssion isolating valve	
		ssion isolating valve	
		ssion isolating valve	
		ssion isolating valve	
	15 mm compre		
	15 mm copper		
	, ,	push fit over flow	
Max cold water capacity without additional expansion	on vessel	110 Litre	
Sealed water system C.H.	• - ·		
Max pressure PHS	2.5 bar		
Minimum working pressure	0.5 bar		
7 Litres expansion vessel pre-charge-pressure	0.5 bar		
Central Heating operating temperature Max	x 80 °C	min 35 °C	
Design flow rate	1811 l/h	20 °C rise	
Minimum flow rate C.H.	350 l/h		
D.H.W. flow rate 30 °C rise	14.0 l/mir		
D.H.W. flow rate 35 °C rise	12.0 l/mir		
D.H.W. flow rate 40 °C rise	10.5 l/mir		
D.H.W. temperature Max	60 °C r	min 35 °C	
Fan speed D.H.W.Max 6600 rpm - 220 HzQmw Input NetMax 31.0 kW	min 1200 ı min 4.0 l	rpm - 40 Hz	
D.H.W. Pressure Pmw Max 6.5 bal		KVV	
D.H.W. Pressure Pmw min 0.5 bar			
D.H.W. Minimum Flow Rate 2.5 I/m			
Flue outlet nom. diameter 100 mm specially supplie		If required)	
	ategory: II2H3I		
	SEDBUK A	Electrical protection index: IP X4 D	
	SEDBOR A	•	
LWA sound power level, indoors 52 dB		NO _x class 5 - 36.06 mg/kWh	
ErP	_	D.H.W.	_
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class	A	Water heating energy efficiency class	A
μs seasonal space heating energy efficiency	91.5 %	Load Profile	XL
Pn nominal heat input	25.0 kW	µwh water heating energy efficiency	84.86 %
P4 nominal heat output high temperature	24.3 kW	Qfuel daily fuel consumption	22.991 kWh
P1 nominal heat output (30% Pn) low temperature	3.7 kW	AFC Annual fuel consumption	17.415 GJ
		Qelec daily electricity consumption	0.1533 kWh
		AEC annual electricity consumption	33.564 kWh
μ 4 efficiency at nominal heat output high temperature μ 1 efficiency at 30% nominal heat output low temperature for the second seco			
Auxiliary electricity consumption:			
almax at full load	O DAE LON	DCD in standby made	
elmax at full load elmin at part load	0.045 kW 0.017 kW	PSB in standby mode Pstby standby heat loss	0.005 kW 0.033 kW
	0.017 KVV	I SUBY STATIONY THEAT 1055	0.000 KVV

3.3 TECHNICAL DATA			
TABLE 2/D	HE 9	8 S	
	LPG (G	31) П2нзр	
Nominal heat Input net QMS		25.0 kW	
Minimum heat Input net		4.0 kW	
Nominal heat output Nominal heat output condensing		24.3 kW 26.4 kW	
Minimum heat output		3.7 kW	
Minimum heat output condensing		4.2 kW	
Inlet pressure 37 mbar Gas rate	e after 10 minut	es Max 2.6 m ³ /h - min. 0.4 m ³ /h	
Fan speed Max 5200 rpm - 173 Hz C.H. min 1200 rpm - 40 Hz	Comb	bustion % CO ₂ : 10.5 (+ 0.5 / - 0.5) Case On 10.5 (+ 0.5 / - 0.5) Case Off	
Electrical supply: 230 V ~ 50 Hz External fuse rating: 3 A Internal fu	use F1: 3.15 A	. (20 mm To BS 4265)	
Dry weight : 32 Kg Water content C.H.: 0).8 Litre	Water content D.H.W.: 0.2 Litre	
		ssion isolating valve	
		ssion isolating valve	
······································		ssion isolating valve ssion isolating valve	
	15 mm compre		
	15 mm copper		
	, ,	push fit over flow	
Max cold water capacity without additional expansion	on vessel	110 Litre	
Sealed water system C.H.	0.5 h an		
Max pressure PHS Minimum working pressure	2.5 bar 0.5 bar		
7 Litres expansion vessel pre-charge-pressure	0.5 bar		
	x 80 °C	min 35 °C	
Design flow rate	1811 l/h	20 °C rise	
Minimum flow rate C.H.	350 l/h	20 0.000	
D.H.W. flow rate 30 °C rise	14.0 l/mir		
D.H.W. flow rate 35 °C rise	12.0 l/mii		
D.H.W. flow rate 40 °C rise	10.5 l/mii	•	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		min 35 °C	
Fan speed D.H.W. Max 6400 rpm - 213 Hz Qmw Input Net Max 31.0 kW D.H.W. Pressure Pmw Max 6.5 ba	min 4.0	rpm - 40 Hz kW	
D.H.W. Pressure Pmw Max 6.5 ba D.H.W. Pressure Pmw min 0.5 ba			
D.H.W. Minimum Flow Rate 2.5 I/m			
Flue outlet nom. diameter 100 mm specially supplie	ed with boilers (If required)	
Destination: GB, IE Ca	ategory: II2H3	Р	
Flue Type: C13 - C33 - C53	SEDBUK A	Electrical protection index: IP X4 D	
LWA sound power level, indoors 52 dB		NO _x class 5 - 36.06 mg/kWh	
ErP		D.H.W.	
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class µs seasonal space heating energy efficiency Pn nominal heat input P4 nominal heat output high temperature P1 nominal heat output (30% Pn) low temperature	91.5 % 25.0 kW 24.3 kW 3.7 kW	Water heating energy efficiency class Load Profile µwh water heating energy efficiency Qfuel daily fuel consumption AFC Annual fuel consumption Qelec daily electricity consumption AEC annual electricity consumption	XL 84.86 % 22.991 kWh 17.415 GJ 0.1533 kWh 33.564 kWh
$\mu 4$ efficiency at nominal heat output high temperatu $\mu 1$ efficiency at 30% nominal heat output low temperature			
Auxiliary electricity consumption:			
elmax at full load elmin at part load	0.045 kW 0.017 kW	PSB in standby mode Pstby standby heat loss	0.005 kW 0.033 kW

4.1 SAFETY

Gas Safety (Installation and Use). Regulations.

It is law that all gas appliances are installed and serviced by a Gas Safe registered installer in accordance with the above regulations and these installation instructions. All registered installers carry a Gas Safe I.D. card and have a registration number. Both should be recorded in your Benchmark commissioning checklist. You can check your installer on the Gas Safe register (www.gassaferegister.co.uk). Failure to install appliances correctly could lead to prosecution. It is in your own interest, and that of your safety, to ensure the law is complied with. Check the boiler and flue is the correct type for installation undertaken.

The installation of the boiler MUST be in accordance with the latest IET (BS 7671) Wiring Regulations, local building regulations, bye-laws of the local water authority, the building regulations and the Building Standards (Scotland) and any relevant requirements of the local authority.

4.2 GENERAL INFORMATION

Both the user and the manufacturer rely heavily on the installer, whose job it is to install the combination boiler and connect it to a correctly designed heating system. Acquaint yourself with the relevant British Standards concerning installation requirements. If you need further advice on any points contact the Technical Services Office on 0113 2527007 who would be pleased to help. It is recommended that tools suitable for brass fittings are used, and have a capability to accommodate hexagon sizes up to 50 mm.

APPLICABLE CODES OF PRACTICE Ref: Documents.

Detailed recommendations are contained in the following British Standard Codes of Practice:

BS6891:2015: Low pressure installation pipes.

- BS6798: Installation of gas fired hot water boilers of rated input not exceeding 70 kW.
- BSEN12828: Design for water based heating systems.
- BSEN12831: Heating systems in buildings, Method for calculation of the design heat load.
- BSEN14336: Installation & commissioning of water based heating systems.

BS5546: Installation of gas hot water supplies domestic purposes (2nd Family Gases).

BS5440: 1 Refers to flues.

BSEN 15502-2-2:2014, BS EN 15502-1:2012+A1:2015, BS EN 15502-2-1.2012: Gas fired central heating boilers.

I.S. 813: Domestic gas Installations.

The followings standards give valuable additional information:

- BS 7074: Expansion vessels and ancillary equipment for sealed water system.
- BS 7593: Treatment of water in domestic hot water and central heating system.

Health & Safety Document No.635 The Electricity at Work Regulations, 1989.

IMPORTANT:

These appliances are CE certificated for safety and performance. It is therefore important that no external control devices e.g. flue dampers, economisers etc., are directly connected to this appliance unless covered by these Installation and Service Instructions or as otherwise recommended by Ravenheat in writing. If in doubt please enquire.

Any direct connection of a control device not approved by Ravenheat could invalidate the certification and the normal appliance warranty.

It could also infringe the Gas Safety regulations and the above regulations.

NOTE:

The Ravenheat HE 80/98 S combi boiler has been tested and examined by CERTIGAZ, in according to:

2006/95 EEC: the low voltage directive.

2004/108 ECC: EMC directive.

2009/142 EEC: gas directive

- CE 1935/2004: materials into contact with foodstuffs
- 2009/125/EC: Ecodesign for energy-using appliance.

2010/30/UE: Indication by labelling of the consumption of energy by energy-related products.

811/2013: Delegated regulation.

813/2013: Delegated regulation.

Manufacturers instructions must NOT be taken in any way as overriding statutory obligations. If in doubt on any point please consult Ravenheat.

4.3 LOCATION OF BOILER

Siting of Ravenheat HE 80/98 S combi boiler must be as follows.

The position of installation should be within the building, unless otherwise protected by a suitable enclosure.

Adequate space for installation, servicing and air circulation around the boiler must be allowed for.

Ravenheat HE 80/98 S combi boiler must be fitted on a flat and vertical wall capable of adequately supporting the weight of the boiler and any ancillary equipment.

The appliance may be fitted on a combustible wall. Insulation between the wall and the boiler is not necessary, unless required by the local authority.

For electrical safety reasons there must be no access available from the back of the boiler.

The boiler must not be fitted outside.

LPG versions of this appliance shall not be installed in cellars or basements.

4.4 CLEARANCES AROUND THE APPLIANCE

Side clearance:

The position of the appliance must provide minimum clearance of 5mm as the side panels do not require removing for servicing. However, if the option is preferred to remove the panels then a minimum clearance of 55 mm is required.

Top clearance:

The top clearance should be a minimum of 125 mm.

Bottom clearance:

A bottom clearance of 80 mm is required between the appliance and any surface. Though 150 mm is preferred whenever possible.

Front clearance:

A minimum of 450 mm is required in front of the appliance for access during servicing, the front clearance can be reduced when installed in a cupboard, to 25 mm from the access door.

4.5 IMPORTANT NOTICE

For installation into timber framed buildings, please refer to the Institute of Gas Engineers Document IGE/UP/7.

The boiler may be installed in any room or internal space, although particular attention is

Regulations applicable in Scotland, with respect to the installation of the combination boiler in a room or internal space containing a bath or shower.

Where a room sealed appliance is installed in a room containing a bath or shower, any electrical switch or appliance control, utilising mains electricity should be situated so that it cannot be touched by a person using a bath or shower.

A compartment when used to enclose the combination boiler MUST be designed and constructed specifically for this purpose. An existing cupboard, or compartment, may be used provided it is modified accordingly. Samples of the HE 80/98 S combi boiler have been examined by CERTIGAZ notification body, and are certified to comply with the essential requirements of the gas appliance.

Directive 90/396/EEC, the Low Voltage. Directive 72/23/EEC and shows compliance with the Electro Magnetic Compatibility. Directive 89/336/EEC and are therefore permitted to carry the CE Mark.

The appliance has been tested and approved by the WRc as meeting the requirements of G3 and L of the Building regulations and water Bylaws Scheme - Approved Products.

4.6 GAS SUPPLY

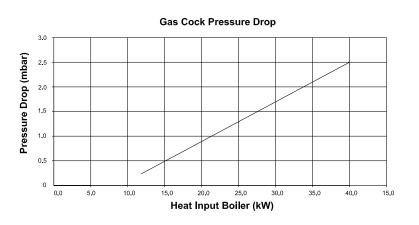
A gas meter is connected to the service pipe by the Local Gas Supplier or the Local Gas Supplier contractor. An existing meter should be checked preferably by the Gas Supplierto ensure that the meter is adequate to deal with the rate of gas supply required for all appliances it serves. Installation pipes should be fitted in accordance with BS 6891:2015. Pipework from the meter to the boiler must be of adequate size

(22 mm) min to within at least one metre of the boiler, (15 mm) min. can then be used for remaining pipe work to the appliance. A smaller size than the boiler inlet gas connection should not be used. The complete installation must be tested for soundness as described in the above code.

N.B. It is the responsibility of the Gas Installer to size the gas installation pipework in accordance with BS 6891:2015. Whilst the principle of the 1:1 gas valve ensures the Ravenheat range is able to deliver the full output at an inlet pressures as low as 14 mbar, other gas appliances in the property may not be as tolerant.

When operating pressures are found to be below the minimum meter outlet of 19 mbar these should be checked to ensure this is adequate for correct and safe operation. Allowing for the acceptable pressure loss of 1 mbar across the installation pipework, it can be assumed that a minimum permitted operating pressure of 18 mbar (nat gas) will be delivered to the inlet of the appliance. (reference BS 6400-1 Clause 6.2 Pressure Absorption).

The external gas cock could further reduce the operating pressure when measured at its test point. The pressure drop is relative to the heat input to the boiler (kW), refer to graph below.



4.7 FLUE SYSTEM

The terminal should be located where dispersal of combustion products is not impeded and with due regard for the damage or discolouration that might occur to building products in the vicinity (section 4.10).

The terminal must not be located in a place where it is likely to cause a nuisance in cold and/or humid weather as water vapour may condense on leaving the flue terminal.

The effect of such pluming must be considered.

The terminal must not be closer than 25 mm (1 inch) to any combustible material for protection of combustibles, refer to BS 5440: Part1.

Pluming will occur at the terminal so, where possible, terminal positions which could cause a nuisance should be avoided.

The flue must be installed in accordance with the recommendations of BS 5440: Part 1.

IMPORTANT NOTES:

For greater flue lengths see alternative flue instructions. Flue must be positioned in a place not likely to cause a nuisance from pluming.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: If the flue terminates below a balcony, above the ground, above a flat roof to which people have access, then a suitable **terminal guard** must be fitted if less than 2 metres high.

IMPORTANT:

The following notes are intended for general guidance.

The boiler MUST be installed so that the terminal is exposed to external air.

It is important that the position of the terminal allows the free passage of air across it at all times.

Minimum acceptable spacing from the terminal to obstructions and ventilation openings are specified in section 4.10.

Note positions: Due to the terminal design, installation is possible with clearances less than those specified in BS 5440, Part 1

NOTE:

The flue must be terminated in a place not likely to cause a nuisance.

A concentric vertical flue kit is available for longer flueing applications (see table 5 page 26).

For further details see vertical flue installation instructions.

4.8 AIR SUPPLY

The following notes are intended for general guidance.

The room sealed fan flued boiler does not require a permanent air vent for combustion air supply.

Where installed in a cupboard or compartment ventilation is not required.

4.9 WATER CIRCULATION (Central heating)

Detailed recommendations are given in BS 6798: 2014 - BSEN12828 - BSEN12831 -BSEN14336 (for smallbore and microbore central heating systems). The following notes are given for general guidance.

4.10 PIPEWORK

Copper tubing to BSEN 1057:1 2006, BSEN 1172, BSEN 1652 and BSEN 1653, is recommended for water pipes. Jointing should be either capillary soldered or with compression fittings.

Where possible pipes should have a gradient to ensure air is carried naturally to air release points and water flows naturally to drain taps. It should be ensured as far as possible that the appliances heat exchanger is not a natural collecting point for air except where providing useful heat. Pipes should be insulated to prevent heat loss and to avoid freezing. Particular attention should be paid to pipes passing through ventilated spaces in roofs and under floors.

IMPORTANT:

A minimum length of 1 metre of copper pipe MUST be fitted to both the flow and return, as well as the cold mains inlet and the hot water outlet connections from the boiler before connecting to any plastic piping.

The water through the appliance heat exchanger circuit must exceed the min. 2.38 gals/min. (650 L/h) when the burner is firing. It is important to ensure that this rate is achieved when sections of the system are shut off either manually or by automatic controls.

If the volume of circulating water is too low, the boiler water temperature will rise too rapidly. This could cause noise in the system or even cause the safety thermostat to trip.

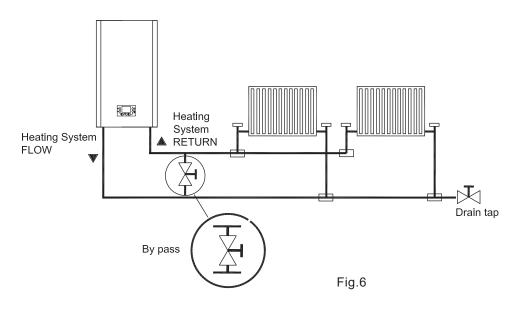
This appliance is designed to work on a two pipe system as shown in fig.6.

4.11 BOILER INTERLOCK CONTROL

Central heating system controls should be installed to ensure the boiler is switched off when there is no demand for heating, in compliance with Building Regulations. The boiler has its own built in bypass. If the system has thermostatic radiator valves on all radiators, or two port valves, then a bypass circuit must be fitted with an automatic bypass valve to ensure a flow of water should all valves be in the closed position (fig. 6). It is important that the system is flushed thoroughly before the appliance is fitted or left to operate (as recommended in BS 7593) in order to maintain an efficiently operating heating system. For replacement installations, the system MUST be flushed with the old boiler insitu, in order to prevent system debris. Once the system has been flushed, an inhibitor (suitable for stainless steel and aluminium heat exchanger) should be added (see section 4.18).

4.12 DRAINING TAP

These must be located in accessible positions to permit the draining of the whole system. The taps must be at least 15 mm nominal size and manufactured in accordance with BS 2879.



4.13 **AIR RELEASE POINTS**

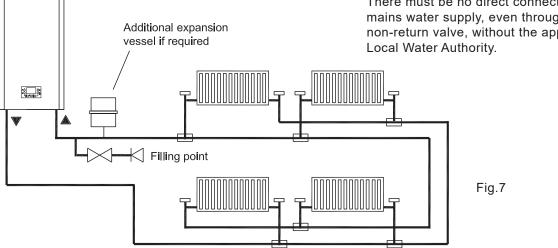
These must be fitted at all high points where air will naturally collect, and must be sited to facilitate complete filling of the system.

The appliance has an integral sealed expansion vessel to accommodate the increase of water volume when the system is heated.

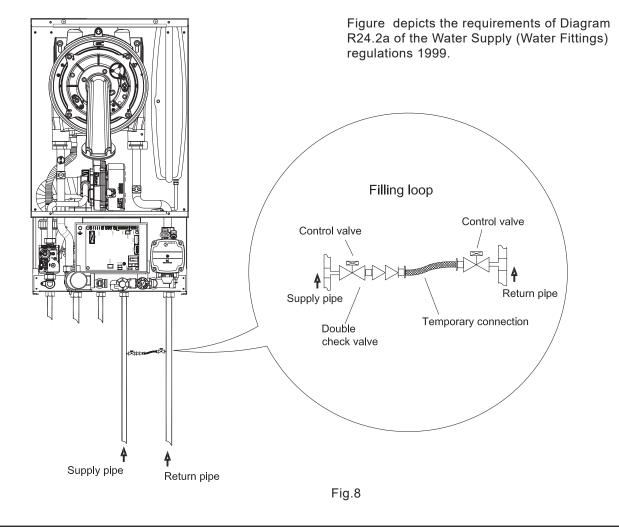
It can accept up to 7 L of expansion water If the appliance is connected to a system with an unusually high water content, calculate the total expansion (see table 3) and add additional sealed expansion capacity as appropriate (Fig. 7). In general, modern systems below 7 L should not present any problem.

MAINS WATER FEED. CENTRAL HEATING 4.14

There must be no direct connection to the mains water supply, even through a non-return valve, without the approval of the



4.15 PERMISSIBLE METHODS OF FILLING



22

Safety valve setting (bar)	3.0								
Vessel charge pressure (bar)	0.5				1.0			1.5	
Initial system pressure (bar)	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	1.0	1.5	2.0	1.5	2.0
Total water content of system				EXPANSION	VESSEL VOLU	JME (LITRES)			-
Litres	·	ſ	l.	l.	l.	ï	ſ	ï	
25 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 225 250 275 300 325 350 375 400 425 450 475 500	$\begin{array}{c} 2.1 \\ 4.2 \\ 6.3 \\ 8.3 \\ 10.4 \\ 12.5 \\ 14.6 \\ 16.7 \\ 18.7 \\ 20.8 \\ 22.9 \\ 25.0 \\ 27.0 \\ 29.1 \\ 31.2 \\ 33.3 \\ 35.4 \\ 37.5 \\ 39.6 \\ 41.6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.5\\ 7.0\\ 10.5\\ 14.0\\ 17.5\\ 21.0\\ 24.5\\ 28.0\\ 31.5\\ 35.0\\ 38.5\\ 42.0\\ 45.5\\ 49.0\\ 52.5\\ 56.0\\ 59.5\\ 63.0\\ 66.5\\ 70.0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.5\\ 12.9\\ 19.4\\ 25.9\\ 32.4\\ 38.8\\ 45.3\\ 51.8\\ 58.3\\ 64.7\\ 71.2\\ 77.7\\ 84.1\\ 90.6\\ 97.1\\ 103.6\\ 110.1\\ 116.5\\ 123.0\\ 125.9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13.7\\ 27.5\\ 41.3\\ 55.1\\ 68.9\\ 82.6\\ 96.4\\ 110.2\\ 124.0\\ 137.7\\ 151.5\\ 165.3\\ 179.1\\ 192.8\\ 206.6\\ 220.4\\ 239.2\\ 247.9\\ 261.7\\ 275.5 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.7\\ 5.4\\ 8.2\\ 10.9\\ 13.6\\ 16.3\\ 19.1\\ 21.8\\ 24.5\\ 27.2\\ 30.0\\ 32.7\\ 35.7\\ 38.1\\ 40.9\\ 43.6\\ 46.3\\ 49.0\\ 51.8\\ 54.5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4.7\\ 9.5\\ 14.2\\ 19.0\\ 23.7\\ 28.5\\ 33.2\\ 38.0\\ 42.7\\ 47.5\\ 52.2\\ 57.0\\ 61.7\\ 66.5\\ 71.2\\ 76.0\\ 80.7\\ 85.5\\ 90.2\\ 95.0\\ \end{array}$	$10.3 \\ 20.6 \\ 30.9 \\ 41.2 \\ 51.5 \\ 61.8 \\ 72.1 \\ 82.4 \\ 92.7 \\ 103.0 \\ 113.3 \\ 123.6 \\ 133.9 \\ 144.2 \\ 154.5 \\ 164.8 \\ 175.1 \\ 185.4 \\ 195.7 \\ 206.0 \\ 10000000000000000000000000000000000$	3.9 7.8 11.7 15.6 19.5 23.4 27.3 31.2 35.1 39.0 42.9 46.8 50.7 54.6 58.5 62.4 66.3 70.2 74.1 78.0	8.3 16.5 24.8 33.1 41.3 49.6 57.9 66.2 74.5 82.7 91.0 99.3 107.6 115.8 124.1 132.4 140.7 148.9 157.2 165.5
For system volumes other than those given above, multiply the system volume by he factor across	0.0833	0.140	0.259	0.551	0.109	0.190	0.412	0.156	0.331

Note: This pressure can be increased up to 1.5 bar to suit high static head situations.

If the capacity of the central heating system should exceed 110 L, an additional vessel should be installed on the return to the combination boiler from the heating system (fig. 7). Guidance on vessel sizing is given (see table 3).

Reference should be made to British Gas Publications. Draining taps should be at least 1/2" in BSP nominal size and be in accordance with BS 2879.

4.17 INSTALLATION TO AN EXISTING CENTRAL HEATING SYSTEM

The combination boiler is designed to operate on a sealed system only. Therefore if the existing system is of the open water type it will have to be modified to comply with BS 6798. Before installing a new combination boiler to an existing system, flush out the old system with a recommended descaling agent. If the boiler is installed in an existing system any unsuitable additives *MUST* be removed by thorough cleaning, and flushing out the old system with recommended descaling agent.

BS 7593:2006 details the steps necessary

to clean domestic central heating system. Also check pipework and renew any corroded pipework or fittings. Valve glands must be repacked or replaced wherever necessary and any defective controls exchanged.

Debris from the system can damage the boiler and reduce the efficiency. Failure to comply with the guidelines for the use of water treatment with the appliance will invalidate the appliance guarantee and contravene the Building Regulations.

It is recommended that you fit a primary water cleanser to the system. We recommend fitting a filter that will help remove both magnetite and non-magnetic debris.

4.18 WATER TREATMENT

This boiler has a stainless steel heat exchanger, Ravenheat recommend the use of FERNOX or SENTINEL, or other treatment products recognised by Ravenheat which must be used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

4.19 HARD WATER AREAS

If the area of installation is recognised as a hard water area, it is recommended that a suitable water treatment device is installed on the mains supply. The water hardness can be determined by using the standard test paper or by referring to local water authority.

4.20 DOMESTIC WATER

The domestic hot water must be in accordance with the relevant recommendations of BS 5546. Copper tubing to BS EN 1057 is recommended for water carrying pipework and MUST be used for pipework carrying potable water.

Important:

It is important that at installation allowance must be made for the expansion of DHW within the appliance. If the DHW inlet has a back flow prevention device fitted for example a nonreturn valve or water meter. Then additional measure should be taken in the form of a mini expansion vessel. Fitted in the cold inlet pipe between the back flow prevention device and the boiler.

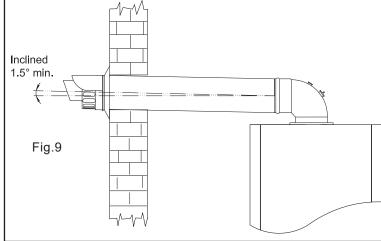
4.21 ELECTRICAL SUPPLY

Warning: this appliance must be earthed

External wiring to the appliance must be carried out by a competent person and be in accordance with the current I.E.E. Regulations and local regulations which apply. Ravenheat boiler is supplied with a connection to a 230 V ~ 50 Hz single phase supply. **The supply must be fused at 3 A.**

NOTE: The method of connection to the electricity supply MUST facilitate complete electrical isolation of the appliance, by the use of a fused, double pole isolator, having a contact separation of at least 3 mm in all poles. The point of connection to the electricity supply must be readily accessible and adjacent to the appliance except, where the appliance is installed in a bathroom.

The current electrical IEE Wiring regulations must be followed in UK.



5 INSTALLATION

5.1 WARNING

It is MOST IMPORTANT that this appliance is installed in a HORIZONTAL POSITION, with the flue air duct passing through the wall. **Make sure the flue is at a 1.5° incline, rising** from the boiler with 50 mm. Flue terminal diagram states 1.5° - 25 mm, fall back on flue (fig. 9).

5.2 DELIVERY

The appliance carton contains:

- a) Installation instructions, user instructions and Benchmark log book
- b) White paper template
- c) Guarantee card
- d) Polythene bag containing:
 - 1-15 mm gas service valve
 - 2-22 mm compression ball valves complete with 3/4" washers
 - 1-15 mm compression ball valves complete with 1/2" washers
 - 1- 15 mm compression ball valve
 - 2 fixing bolts and wall plugs

IMPORTANT NOTES:

This appliance will produce a plume of condensation in cool weather. This is due to the High Efficiency and hence low flue gas temperature of the boiler. A plume management kit is available. (see section 5.7 fig 12)

5.3 UNPACKING OF BOILER

IMPORTANT:

With regard to the Manual Handling Operations, 1992 Regulations, the following lift operation exceeds the recommended weight for a one man lift.

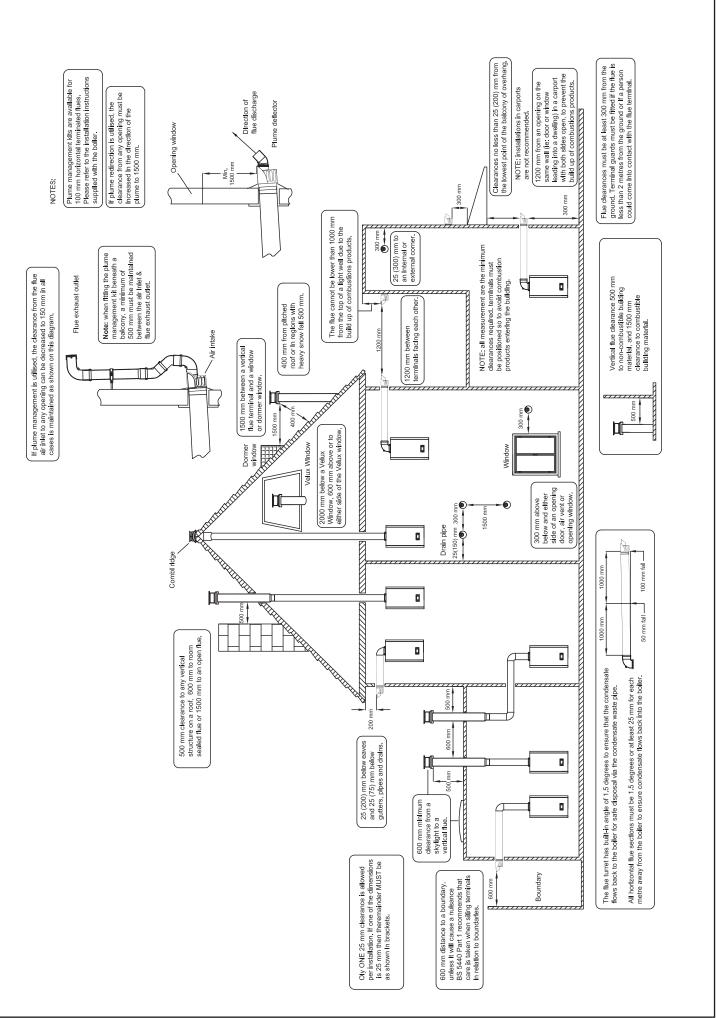
- Stand the boiler carton upright.
- Open the top of the carton.
- Rest the carton on the floor (keeping the flaps open).
- Turn the carton over with the boiler inside and then pull the carton up away from the boiler.
- Rest the boiler on its back on the floor to prepare it for installation.

5.4 POSITIONING OF THE BOILER

Unscrew the two lower screws that secure the front panel and pull forward and lift up (fig. 39).

Unscrew the 4 screws that fasten the lower grating on the casing and remove it from the bottom of the casing.

Make sure the casing and screws are put to one side in a safe place.



5.5 FLUE TERMINAL POSITION

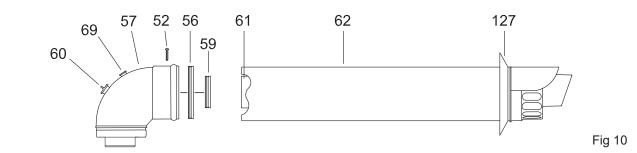
5.6 OPTIONAL EXTRAS

HORIZONTAL FLUE KIT BOX CONTAINING (Fig 10):

- 52 Self-cutting joint securing screw
- 57 Elbow header
- 59 Rubber seal Ø 60
- 56 Rubber seal Ø 100
- 60 Fumes sample point
- 61 Flue exhaust duct
- 62 Air intake duct
- 69 Air sample point
- 127 Terminal Rubber wall seal

IMPORTANT: Please lubricate the internal part of the seals before fitting.

Generally speaking, oils and greases are not suitable for the "peroxide -EPDM", therefore we suggest a correct lubrication using silicon-substances, for instance "Silikon Spray" (Arexons).



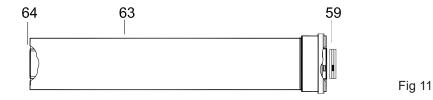
FLUE EXTENSION BOX CONTAINING (Fig. 11): 1000 mm flue extension duct as an extra cost only when requested for side and vertical flue applications.

59 - Rubber seal Ø 60

63 - Air intake duct extension

64 - Flue exhaust duct extension

WARNING: With horizontal concentric flue, the maximum flue length is 8 metres, duct extension can be used with the standard flue (see table 4).



TYPE OF FLUE SYSTEM (All types) - minimum and maximum distance TABLE 4						
Flue type	C ₁	3	C	C ₅₃ ¹		
Flue Diameter	60/100 (concentric)	80/125 (concentric)	60/100 (concentric)	80/125 (concentric)	80 mm single pipe	
Minimum length (m)	0.3 (horizontal length)	0.3 (horizontal length)	1.0 (vertical length)	1.0 (vertical length)	0.5	
Maximum length (m)	8.0	23.0	13.0	26.0	43.0	
Equivalent length of 45° bend (m)	0.5	1.25	0.5	1.25	1.25	
Equivalent length of 90° bend (m)	1.0	2.5	1.0	2.5	2.5	

5.7 PLUME MANAGEMENT KIT (Fig 12)

Max 6000 mm flue extension duct as an extra cost only when requested to reduce pluming nuisance of condensation from 60/100 horizontal concentric flue.

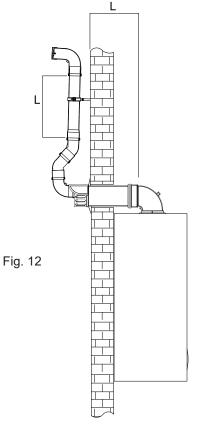
Plume Manageme	Plume Management Kit					
Maximum Length minimum length	6000 500					
Equivalent length o Equivalent length o		500 1000				
The Maximum perr measured from the flue terminal to the terminal						
6 m	x flue length must with a horizontal 100 flue of 3 m (L)	concentric				
Plume Managemer	it Kit Part No.					
Part. No.	Descrip	otion				
TER110101 (Fig. 12)	1 metre high plun n. 1 terminal be n. 1 90° elbow b n. 2 45° bend n. 1 metre 60 M n. 1 flue length b	nd end -F flue length				
CUR110050 (Fig. 12a)	45° flue exhaust	deflection bend				
CUR110100 (Fig. 12a)	90° flue exhaust	deflection bend				

IMPORTANT: Please lubricate the internal part of the seals before fitting.

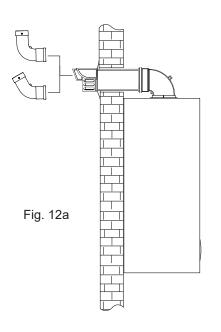
FLUE EXHAUST DEFLECTION BEND (Fig 12a)

Flue exhaust deflection bend are also available. These come in both 45° and 90° degree versions. These bends fit directly onto the flue exhaust terminal to deflect the flue gas plume in an upward or sideways direction.

Although they are not substitute for a plume kit, they can be considered useful where condensate pluming is causing a nuisance or can be used to eliminate condensate collecting on the end of the horizontal flue terminal.



L+L max 6000 mm minimum plume kit length 500 mm



5.8 INSTALLING THE APPLIANCE FOR REAR FLUE OUTLET (Fig. 13, 16, 17, 18). FOR APPLIANCE CLEARANCES SEE SECT. 4.4 AND SECT. 4.10

Use adhesive tape to attach the template to the wall, making sure that the centre line is vertical and that the clearance distance is no less than that shown in fig. 13.

- Mark the two holes for the top fixing bolts to fix the boiler on the wall as well as the centre of the flue duct.
- Detach the template from the wall.
- Use a 10 mm dia drill to make the 2 holes. Insert the plastic expansion plugs.
- Cut or core drill a 105 mm dia hole for inserting the flue duct.

Fit the elbow header into the flue flange on the top of the boiler, positioning it towards the required direction (fig 13).

Important: Make sure that the inner 60 mm diameter of the elbow header is inserted fully into the heat exchanger, and the rubber seal is correctly fitted. (Fig 17 item 65)

If using the horizontal flue duct and it is too long it can be shortened. Should it be necessary to cut the flue always cut on right angles and ensure the cut is de-burred.

Note: Add 30 mm to allow for terminal rubber wall seal (fig.10 item 127).

Insert the flue assembly locating it onto the wall.

Lift the boiler on the wall, locating onto the top two fixing bolts. Tighten the two bolts using a spanner to secure to the wall.

Working above the boiler pull the flue exhaust duct towards the boiler in order to engage tube (fig. 18 item 61) into its header.

Position flue into elbow header and push so as to locate inner and outer flue correctly ensuring a good seal is made with O-rings. Tighten the two screws on the flue flange to secure the elbow header in place

Fit the terminal rubber wall seal and if necessary terminal guard.

Extension kits are available to order for flue extension of up to a total overall length of 8 metres (fig.18).

Each extension length extends the pipe by approximately 1000 mm long up to a maximum of seven extensions.

Extensions must be installed with the widened end of the pipe and the tapered end of the flue pipe aimed towards the exhaust terminal.

IMPORTANT:

Inline flue bend - 1000 mm must be deducted from overall length for each 90°bend. Obtuse flue bend - 500 mm must be deducted from overall length for each 135° bend (see table 4).

5.9 INSTALLING THE APPLIANCE FOR SIDE FLUE OUTLET (Fig. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18)

- Attach the template to the wall with adhesive tape, making sure that the centre line is vertical and that the distance from the centre line to the nearest side wall is not less than measurement in fig.14.
- Mark the two fixing bolt securing holes on the wall and extend the axis of the flue duct hole to the side wall ensuring it is horizontal.
- Make sure flue slopes 1.5° down towards the boiler and that there is a 25 mm fall per metre of the flue length.
- Trace the centre of the flue duct hole and measure distance from the corner of the wall (fig.14), measure the distance 124 mm between the centre of flue duct hole to the corner.

Detach the template from the wall.

- Use a 10 mm. dia drill to make the 2 holes for the fixing bolts. Insert the plastic expansion plugs. Core drill a 105 mm dia. hole in the side wall for inserting the flue duct.

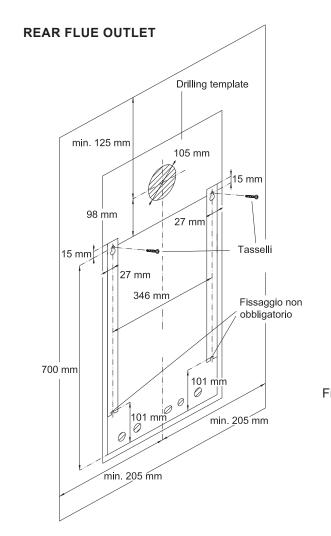
Fit the elbow header into the flue flange on the top of the boiler, positioning it towards the required direction.

Important: Make sure that the inner 60mm diameter of the elbow header is inserted fully into the heat exchanger, and the rubber seal is correctly fitted. (Fig 17 item 65)

If using the horizontal flue duct and it is too long it can be shortened.

Should it be necessary to cut the flue always cut on right angles and ensure the cut is de-burred.

Note: Add 30 mm to allow for terminal rubber wall seal (fig.10 item 127).



NOTE: The position of the appliance must provide minimum side clearances of 5mm as the side panels do not require removing for servicing. However, if the option is preferred to remove the panels then a minimum clearance of 55mm is required.

Fig 13

Insert the flue assembly into the wall, making sure it will not interfere when fixing the boiler on the wall.

Lift the boiler on the wall, locating onto the two fixing bolts. Tighten the two bolts using a spanner to secure to the wall.

Working above the boiler pull the flue duct towards the elbow in order to engage the tube into its header (fig.10). Position the flue elbow in line with the flue and push so as to locate inner and outer flue correctly. Ensuring a good seal is made with O-rings. Tighten the two screws on the flue flange to secure the elbow header in place.

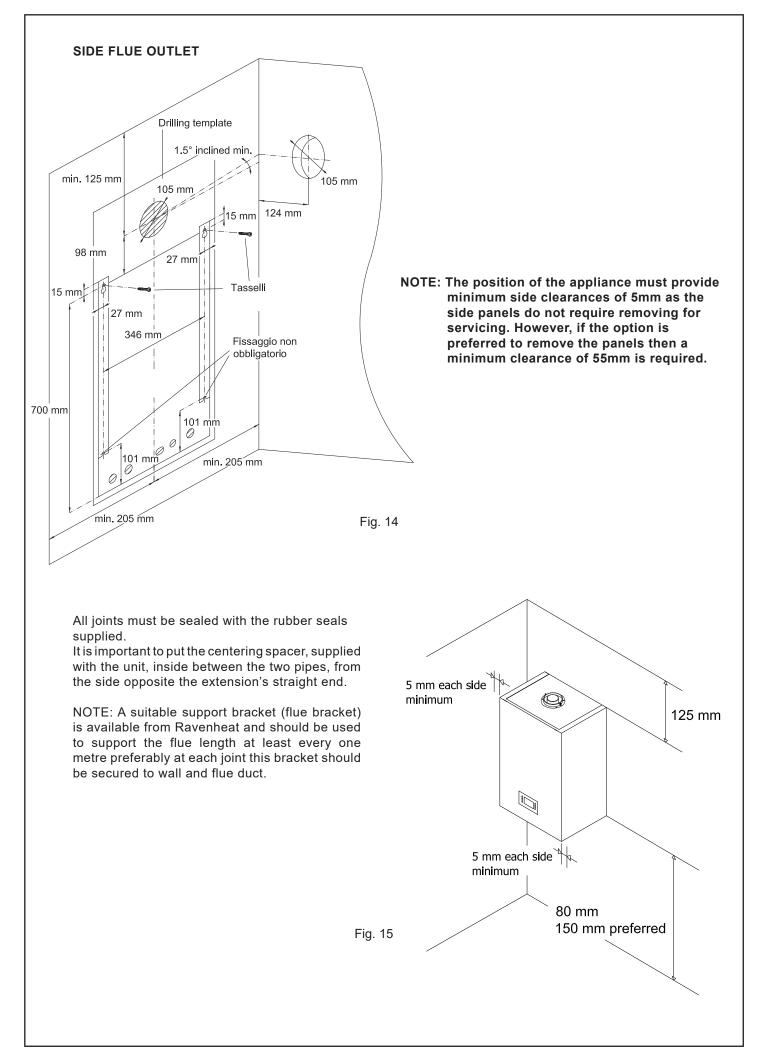
IMPORTANT:

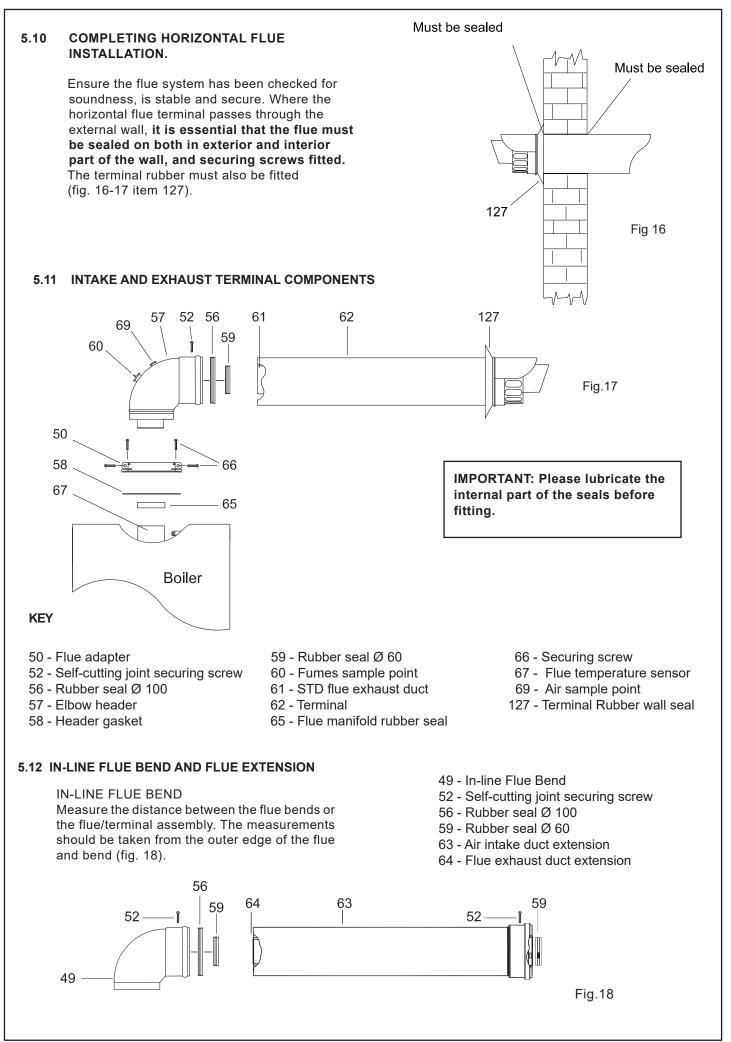
Terminal rubber wall seal must be fitted (127 fig.10 item 127).

Each extension length extends the pipe by approximately 1000 mm long up to a maximum of seven extensions. Pipe length can be established using the instructions in section 5.5. Extensions must be installed with the widened end of the air intake pipe and the tapered end of the flue pipe aimed towards the exhaust terminal. Extensions must be joined together with the standard terminal pipe, and inserted in each other as far as they can go.

If an extension must be shortened, this must be done from the straight end, and not from the widened or tapered end. To measure the pipeline properly all components must be assembled and total length measured before cutting. The straight end of the extension connects to the boiler. The flue output and air intake pipes fits into the boiler header until it stops (fig.17 - 18).

When cutting both inner and outer ducts of the extension, always ensure that the reduced end (male) of the inner and outer duct are square and to the same length.





VERTICAL FLUE INSTRUCTION ONLY (Fig. 19-20-21) 5.13 **SEE SECT. 4.10 FOR PERMISSIBLE FLUE POSITION**

IN-LINE FLUE BEND - 1000 mm MUST BE DEDUCTED FROM OVERALL LENGTH FOR EACH 90° BEND OBTUSE FLUE BEND - 500 mm MUST BE DEDUCTED FROM OVERALL LENGTH FOR EACH 135° BEND.

The vertical flue kit is intended for use where L + L = 8m Maxa horizontal flue outlet is not possible or desired. The vertical flue can be used either with a flat roof or a pitched roof (maximum pitch 60°). Where a straight vertical flue is not possible or desired, an offset vertical flue can be used in conjunction with Ga a side horizontal flue extension piece and in-line 135°/90° flue bend (fig. 19). **IMPORTANT NOTES : For greater flue** length see twin flue or concentric 80/125 • 0 • 0 flue instructions Proceed with installation as detailed in section 5 To overcome ignoring all references to horizontal flue installations. low roof or below ground Use adhesive tape to attach the template to the wall, basement making sure that the centre line is vertical and that the installations flue centre line is virtually below the point at which the flue will exit the roof. Fig. 19 Vertical standard Vertical standard Vertical standard Vertical standard flue kit (1100mm) flue kit (1100mm) flue kit (1100mm) flue kit (1100mm) 300 mm Must NOT be shortened Must NOT be shortened Must NOT be shortened Must NOT be shortened Collar Flashing Flashing Flashing Flashing plate plate plate plate 600 mr 600 mn 600 mn <u></u> 600 mm Flat roof L L L L • 0 ... Fig. 20 Straight Flue Straight Flue Offset Flue Offset Flue L = 12 m Max L = 12.0 m Max L = 10 m Max L = 11 m Max plus 2 bend 45° plus Terminal plus Terminal plus 2 bend 90° and Terminal and Terminal - Ensure that the maximum permissible flue and ensure that the gasket is correctly fitted. length is not exceeded (fig. 20 and see table 5).

- Mark the two wall fixing bolt holes - Detach the template from the wall.
- Use a 10 mm dia. drill to make the 2 holes.
- Insert plastic expansion plug.
- Screw in the two coach bolts.
- Position the flue sample point starter (straight flue header which must be fitted) and tighten the two screws on the flue flange (fig. 22 item 66),

Important: Make sure that the inner 60 mm diameter of the straight flue header is inserted fully into the heat exchanger, and the rubber seal is correctly fitted. (Fig 22 item 65)

Cut a 105 mm diameter hole through the ceiling and/or roof, at the point previously marked.

Fit a roof flashing slate to the roof, available from Ravenheat. Insert the Vertical Flue terminal assembly through the flashing slate from the outside.

Lift the boiler on the wall, locating onto the top two fixing bolts. Tighten the two bolts using a spanner to secure to the wall.

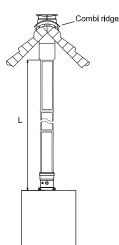
Measure the vertical distance between the top of the flue and the bottom of the flue terminal assembly (fig. 21). The measurements should be taken from the outer diameter of the flue.

NOTE: Where this length does not match any standard combination of the extensions, only the extension can be cut to the required length (fig. 23).

When cutting both inner and outer ducts of the extension, always cut on spigot side, and they must be de-burred.

ACCESSORIES CONCENTRIC FLUE 60/100 EXTRAS: TABLE 6

Part. No.	Description
COL0160050	Straight flue header / sample point 60/100
PRFE	Flue Extension 60/100 L1000
PR45FBI	45° bend 60/100
PR90FBI	90° Elbow bend 60/100
PR5023016	Horizontal terminal 60/100
TER110200	Vertical flue Terminal
TEG060050	Flashing Sleeve/Slate



Straight Flue

L = 12 m Max

plus Combi ridge

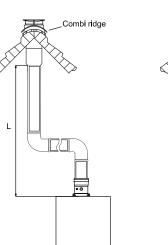
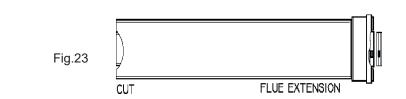


Fig. 21

Combi ridae

Offset Flue L = 11 m Max plus 2 bend 45° and Combi ridge



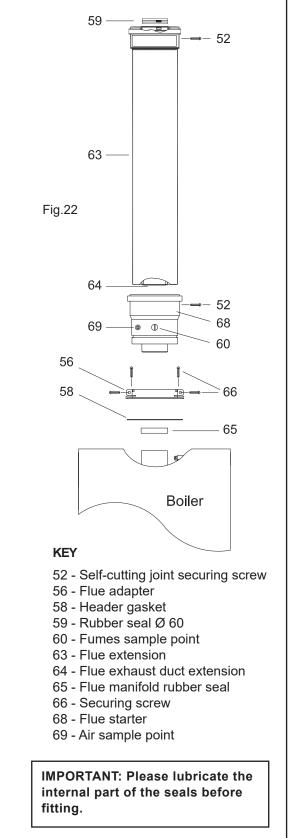
Offset Flue

L = 12 m Max

plus 2 bend 90°

and Combi ridge

Starting at the appliance end, assemble the extension duct sections, making each inner and outer (flue) joint by inserting the spigot end into the socket end of the next tube, making sure the seal rings are correctly located (fig. 22). Make sure that the entire flue is adequately supported. Use at least one bracket for each extension used. Ensure that all inner flue connections have a good fit/seal, and that the space clips in each extension are correctly positioned.



5.14 INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR TWIN FLUE PIPE (ECCENTRIC FLUE DUCT SYSTEM)

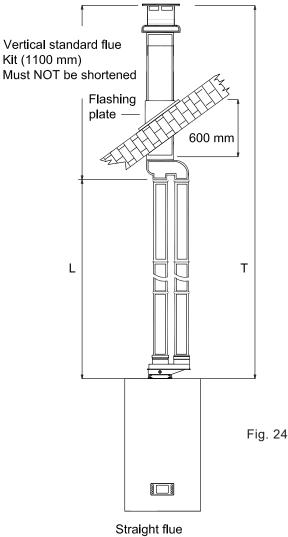


TABLE 7

Part. No	Description
SDO160050 PRO110200 CUR110150 CUR110200 GRI110050	Twin flue header F80/F80 Straight pipe L.1000 80 90° elbow bend 80 45° bend 80 Air inlet terminal 80
GRI110100	Exhaust terminal 80
TER060110	Vertical eccentric flue Terminal

5.15 TWIN FLUE INSTRUCTIONS

This part of the installation manual covers the installation and fixing instructions of the twin flue eccentric flue duct systems only. When ordering twin flue it must be stated for HE 80/98 S range.

Typical installation procedures are illustrated by the drawing (fig.24).

Remove the front panel of the case (sect.8.1). Unscrew the screws (item 66 fig. 17) on the flue adapter.

Make sure that the heat exchanger rubber seal is located, and lubricate the internal part of the seal before assembly.

Locate the header gasket on the twin flue header and push into the flue adaptor making sure that the inner plastic exhaust locates firmly in the outlet spigot of the heat exchanger, and screw the securing screws that secure the twin flue header on to the boiler. Locate the 2 x 80 mm O-rings in the twin

flue header and lubricate the internal part of the seal before assembly to ensure an easy snug fit.

Measurements and bends must be calculated correctly to ensure the maximum flue length is not exceeded.

All located O-rings must be lubricated with a silicone grease to ensure a snug fit.

NOTE: Exhaust flue must slope 1.5° down towards the boiler 25 mm/m fall per metre of flue length.

Spacing Clips

Spacing Clips are available on request should they be required.

NOTE: for eccentric vertical flue a 125 mm (5 in) diameter flashing plate will be required.

Straight flue L= 42 m max + terminal T= Max length 43 m

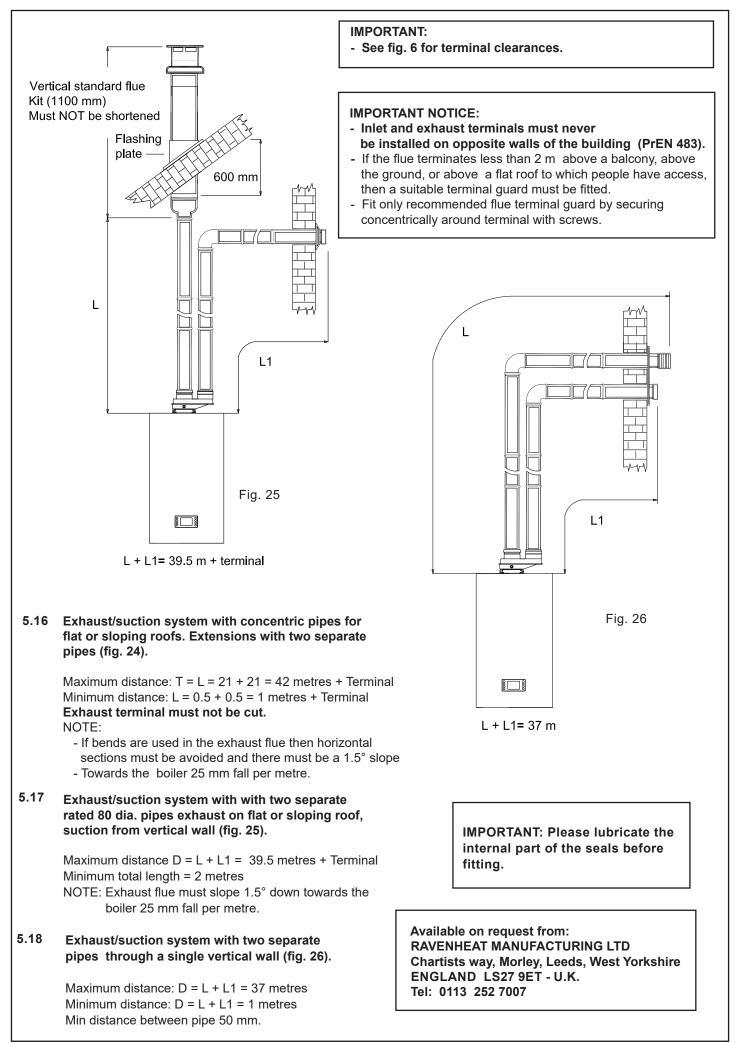
IMPORTANT: Please, lubricate the internal part of the seals before fitting.

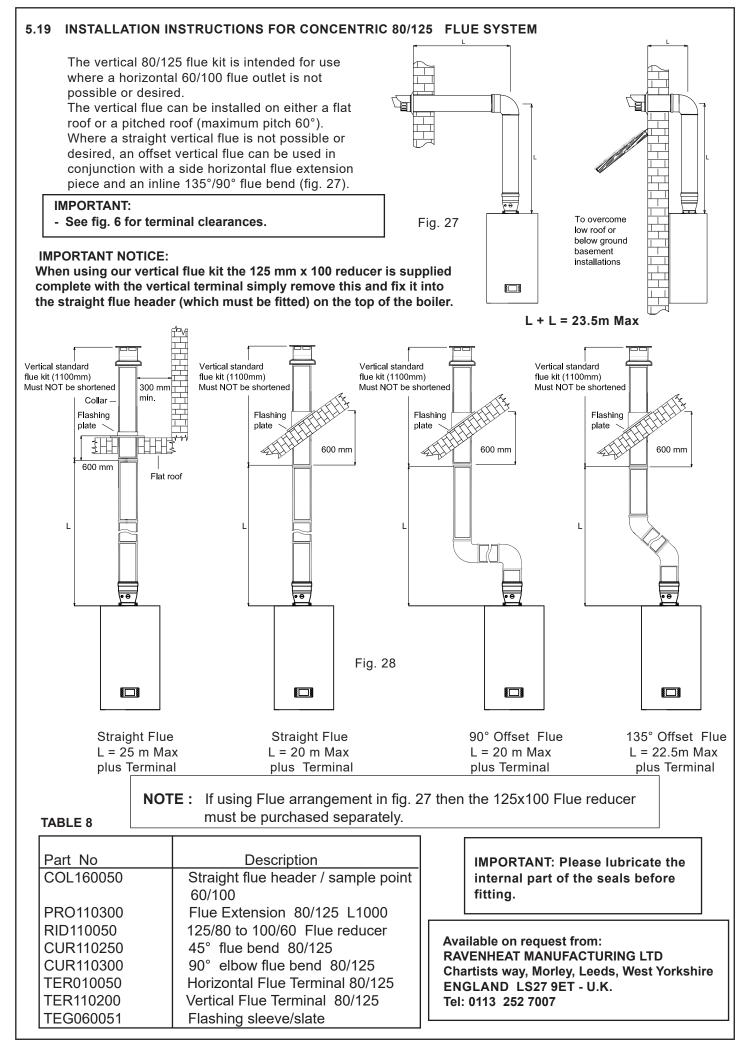
IMPORTANT:

These instructions must be read in conjunction with the main installation and servicing instructions.

As with all flues the kits must be installed taking due account of the current issue of BS 5440 parts 1 & 2 and timber frame housing DM2 is referenced to the Institute of Gas Engineers Document IGE/UP/7.

Also note that the requirements will vary depending upon the kit being installed. Guidance is provided but unless otherwise stated, always comply with the recommendations of the relevant codes of practice.





5.20 **ASSEMBLE BOILER**

5.21 Fitting valve pack

Remove plastic caps from boiler connection and fit valves as per fig. 29 using the washers provided.

It is recommended fitting the valve pack before installing the boiler on the wall.

5.22 GAS CONNECTION (Fig. 29)

A minimum working gas pressure of 20 mbar (8 in w.g.) must be available at the boiler inlet at full flow rate (37 mbar for propane). (Also see section 4.6)

Fit the gas service cock to the boiler via the union nut and connect gas pipe. Do not over tighten and use another spanner as a counter force to avoid straining internal connections. Important consult (sect 4.6).

CENTRAL HEATING CONNECTION 5.23 (Fig. 29)

Before any central heating connections are made to the boiler all system valves should be opened and the system thoroughly flushed out with cold water.

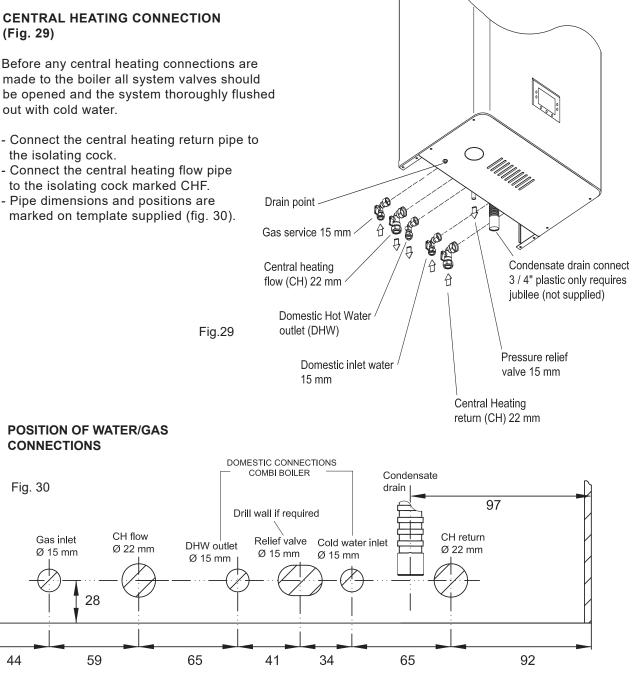
- Connect the central heating return pipe to the isolating cock.
- Pipe dimensions and positions are marked on template supplied (fig. 30).

5.25

DOMESTIC HOT WATER CONNECTION 5.24 (Fig. 29)

The domestic hot water circuit does not need a safety valve but it is essential to ensure that the pressure of the cold water supply does not exceed 10 bar. If in doubt it is advisable to install a pressure reducing valve. The minimum pressure needed to operate the domestic hot water system is 0.5 bar with a flow of approx 3 L per min. Flush out all foreign matter from the supply pipe before and after connecting to the appliance.

- Connect the 15 mm. cold water pipe to the appliance inlet.
- Connect the 15 mm. hot water pipe to the appliance outlet.



5.26 SAFETY VALVE DISCHARGE

The safety valve is located to the rear (15 mm copper) to permit a discharge pipe to be connected. When connecting ensure the discharge pipe does not restrict access. The discharge should terminate facing downward exterior to the building in a position where discharging (possibly boiling water & steam) will not create danger or nuisance, and not to cause damage to electrical components or wiring. The discharge must not be over an entrance or a window or any other type of access.

5.27 CONDENSATE DRAIN CONNECTION

The condensate drain connection is a flexible 3/4" pipe and is therefore adjustable Fig. 29.

The drain pipe should have a fall of a least 2.5° away from the boiler. Condensate should, if possible be discharged into the household internal drainage system.

If this is not practicable, discharge can be allowed into the external household drains or a purpose designed soak away.

It is recommended that any external condensate drain pipe is insulated and also must be of 40 mm (1" 1/2) diameter, through the outside wall to prevent freezing in adverse weather conditions. It is not necessary to provide air breaks or extra traps in discharge pipe as there is already a 125 mm high trap inside the boiler.

Fitting an extra trap may cause the boiler siphon to work incorrectly.

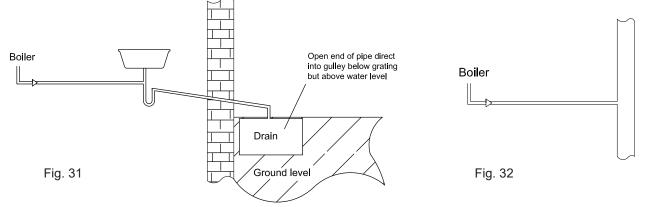
Refer to BS5546 or BS6798 for advice on disposal of boiler condensate.

Notes: ALL EXTERNAL PIPE RUNS MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BS 6798

1 - INTERNAL TO SINK WASTE UPSTREAM OF SINK WASTE TRAP

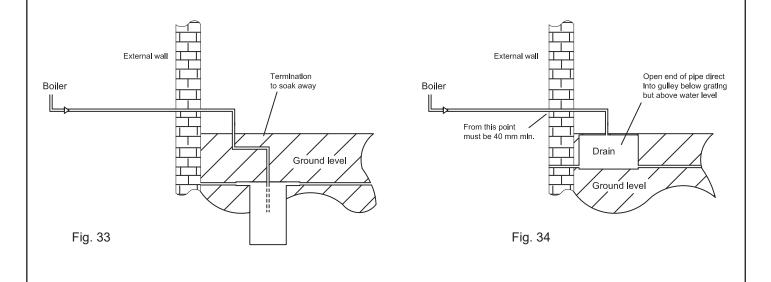
2 - INTERNAL CONNECTION TO SOIL VENT STACK

Make connection to SVP using a solvent welded saddle.



3 - TERMINATION TO SOAK AWAY

4 - TERMINATION TO DRAIN / GULLY



5.28 EXTERNAL CONTROLS

IMPORTANT:

Electricity supply must be as specified in clause (sect. 4.22).

- When controls external to the appliance are required, design of the external electrical circuits should be undertaken by a competent person. In accordance with the IEE wiring regulations.

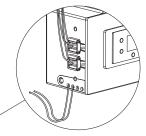
It is essential that all external controls are VOLT FREE.

Factory fitted internal wiring must not be disturbed when wiring external controls.

- To gain access to the electrical box remove the front panel of the case as described in clauses sect. 8.2.

You can slide towards the top the instrument panel box and push the retaining latches and remove the instrument panel (sect. 8.24).

- Heat resistant flexible cable is fitted between the isolator and the terminal block which is a 3 core cable of 0.75 mm² (24x0,2 mm) to BS 6500.



EXTERNAL WIRE CONTROLS See section 1.4 User parameters P008: Weather compensator control

"0" Normal remote control

"1" Ravenheat remote control

"2" Honeywell remote control

Make sure all wires to the appliance are routed away from sharp edges and hot surfaces.

The cable must be fastened with its cord anchorage and connected so that it should make the cable slip from the anchorage until the current carrying conductors

become taut before the earthing conductor. Securely tighten all terminal screws and arrange the cable with slack between the cord anchorage and the terminal block.

WARNING:

If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by a service engineer (supply cord available from Ravenheat).

5.29 OUTDOOR SENSOR

For use, consult Outdoor Sensor instructions.

6 COMMISSIONING

Each boiler has been through a rigorous operational testing procedure at our factory and should not require any further adjustment, if you are not the installer but just commissioning this boiler check that the boiler has been installed in accordance with these instructions, and the integrity of the flue system and the flue seals, as described in the flue installation section.

IMPORTANT:

Also refer to the commissioning check list attached to the front of the boiler.

6.1 GAS SUPPLY INSTALLATION

Inspect the entire installation including the gas meter, test for soundness and purge, all as described in BS 6891. In Ireland refer to IS 813:2002.

6.2 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

Preliminary electrical systems checks to ensure electrical safety shall be carried out by a competent person.

ALWAYS carry out the preliminary electrical system checks:

i.e. earth continuity, polarity, resistance to earth and short circuit, using a suitable test meter.

6.3 INITIAL FILLING OF THE SYSTEM

Open central heating flow and return valves Unscrew the cap on automatic air release valve positioned on the top of the pump housing one full turn (leave open permanently).

- Close all air release taps on the central heating system. Press the info button to display the current pressure (code E08 will display if the pressure is nil/too low).
- Gradually open stopcock at the filling point connection to the central heating system until water is heard to flow.

- Starting with the lowest radiator open each air release tap in turn. Close when the water is clear, free of bubbles and flows out. In the same way release air from any high points in the pipework.
- Continue filling the system until 1.5 bar register on digital display. Press the ESC button once again to return to the main screen.

Then turn off the filling points stopcock. - Inspect the system for water soundness

and remedy any leaks discovered.

6.4 SETTING THE HEATING SYSTEM DESIGN PRESSURE

The design pressure must be a min. 1bar and max. 1.5 bar. These figures are read on the digital display by pressing the INFO button.

The actual reading should ideally be 1 bar + the height in metres to the highest point of the system above the base of the appliance (up to max of 1.5 bar).

N.B.: The safety valve is set to lift at 3 bar (30 m/42.5 psi). To lower the system pressure to the required value unscrew the drain point (fig. 36) or drain on the heating circuit.

6.5 FILLING THE HOT WATER SYSTEM

Close all hot water draw-off taps. Open the cold water inlet cock. Slowly open each draw-off tap until clear water is discharged.

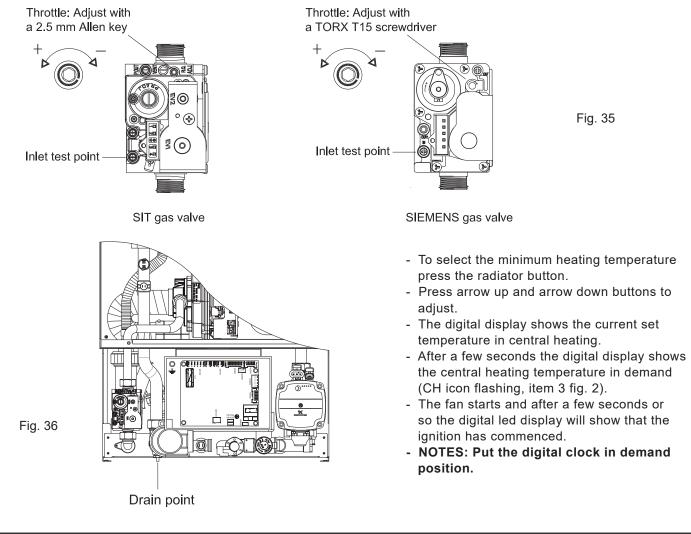
6.6 LIGHTING THE BOILER

Before lighting the boiler make sure that the heating circuit flow and return valves are open and also that the cold water input cock is open.

- If external controls are installed (E.g. time clock and thermostat) make sure that they are calling for heat.
- Select winter function, the winter icon in digital display will be flashing (item 3 fig. 2).
- To select the minimum heating temperature press the radiator button.

IMPORTANT:

Before lighting the boiler select the minimum central heating temperature. This must be left at minimum for approx 5 mins to purge air safely from the boiler.



- The ignition control will automatically make three attempts to start, if it doesn't start this may be due to air in the gas supply line. If the burner fails to light, the digital led display and fan will stop, and the display will show the lockout code (E01 depicts flame failure).
- If necessary push the boiler Reset button (item 2 fig.1) and the boiler will restart automatically.
- After the boiler has lit, allow to warm at minimum temperature setting to purge any air from the system.
- Once the system has been purged of air, set the heating temperature to the desired setting.

6.8 CHECK THE GAS PRESSURE

Check the gas mains pressure at the gas valve inlet pressure test point (fig.35) with the boiler operating at full rate.

Check with the Local Gas supplier if the pressure differs significantly from 20 mbar G20 (natural gas), 37 mbar G31 (propane). With leak detection fluid test for gas tightness of all gas components and joints.

IMPORTANT:

The Gas Valve Throttle adjuster is required to be sealed with tamper proof paint after adjustment (fig. 35).

6.9 COMBUSTION CHECK

Check all gas carrying components along with, the combustion of the appliance which should be checked as follows.

Remove the front panel of the appliance. Ensure the boiler and external controls are calling for heat. Turn on the electrical supply. open the hot water tap at maximum flow rate. Wait at least five minutes or until the unit has reached its operating temperature. Unscrew the test sample screw on the boiler elbow bend (item 60 fig. 10). Measure the level of CO_2 . Check the reading against the corresponding value in table 9.

It is essential that this test is repeated with the casing on as this will check the integrity of the flue.

If adjustment proves necessary then proceed as follows.

IMPORTANT: Any adjustment to the gas valve should only be carried out by a qualified person. Referring to the table 9, adjust the maximum level of CO_2 with the Throttle using a 2.5 mm hex on the gas valve (fig.35). Anti-clockwise to increase CO_2 . Clockwise to decrease CO_2 . After any new regulation wait to stabilise for about one minute. Replace the front cover.

TABLE 9

TYPE OF GAS	CO2 %
NAT GAS	9.0 (+0.5 / -0.5)
LPG	10.5 (+0.5 / -0.5)

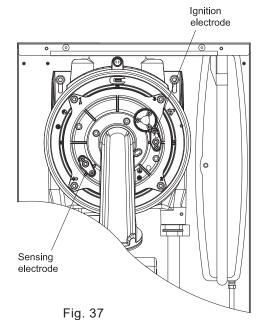
IMPORTANT: Do not insert the analyser probe into the sample point immediately or leave in long periods. This will prevent saturation of the analyser.

During the calibration function the combustion ratio may increase for a short time while the boiler performance is optimised.

The person carrying out a combustion measurement should have been assessed as competent in the use of a flue gas analyser.

The flue gas analyser used should be one meeting the requirements of BS7927 or BS-EN50379-3 and be calibrated in accordance with the analyser manufacturer's requirements.

ELECTRODES POSITION



ATTENTION IT IS A CONDITION OF THE MANUFACTURERS WARRANTY THAT THE BENCHMARK COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST IS FULLY COMPLETED AND LEFT WITH THE APPLIANCE



Once the process of commissioning the boiler is complete, the commissioning engineer MUST complete the relevant section in the Benchmark log book.

6.10 CHECKING THE FLUE SYSTEM

The flue system should be visually checked for soundness. Check all connections and fixings are secure and tight.

6.11 CHECKING THE HEATING THERMOSTAT

Allow the system to warm up and then select the C.H thermostat to ensure the main burner modulates from "high" to "low" and "low" to "off" and vice versa (scale range covers approx. $35 \degree C - 80 \degree C$, sec 1.5 key 5 to set heating temperatures).

6.12 TESTING AND REGULATING THE DOMESTIC HOT WATER SYSTEM FLOW AND CHECK THE OPERATIONAL (WORKING) INLET PRESSURE

Set up the boiler to operate at maximum rate by opening the hot tap to maximum flow. With the boiler operating at the maximum rate check the operational dynamic (working) gas pressure test complies with the requirements.

Ensure that this inlet pressure can be obtained with all other gas appliances in the property working.

Put the appliance in summer position (item1 fig. 1).

- Open a domestic hot water tap (preferably the bath tap). Ensure the cold water inlet stopcock is open and the DHW is set at maximum, press the arrow up (item 3 fig. 1) the digital display shows the set temperature, if necessary adjust with arrow up and arrow down buttons.
- After a few seconds the digital display shows water temperature in demand (D.H.W. icon flashing, item 10 fig. 2).
- If the boiler does not light check that the water flow rate is above the min. required to operate the differential pressure 2.8 L/min. (0.61 gals/min).
- The temperature of the water will depend on the rate at which it flows. If, due to high water pressure, the flow rate is too high (and the temperature too low for practical use) the flow rate may be adjusted.

It is better to set for the lowest acceptable temperature preferably at the bath tap since the user can gain higher temperatures at other restricted flow taps.

- If the cold supply is subject to large fluctuations or is above the permitted max. water pressure, a suitable pressure/flow regulator should be fitted on the cold water supply to the appliance.
- Slowly close the draw off tap to reduce the flow rate to the min (approx. 2.8 L/min).
- Select a different temperature for DHW. to ensure it operates at its various setting.
- Close the draw-off tap still further. The burner should stop when the rate falls below about 2.8 L/min (0.61 gals/min).

6.13 KEEP HOT

The boiler comes with an optional keep hot facility.

This can be switched on by a competent person.

This will result in the boiler, at any time, periodically firing to keep the water within the boiler up to temperature to reduce the time delay of hot water delivered to any hot draw off point.

- Press INFO and arrow down buttons together (item 6 and 4 fig. 1) for 5 seconds to enter in USER PARAMETERS mode.
- Use arrow up and arrow down buttons (item 3 and 4 fig. 1), to select P003, and press ENTER (item 1 fig. 1).
- Use arrow up and arrow down buttons (item 3 and 4 fig. 1) to select the followings option: "0" disabled, "1" enable, adjust if necessary and press ENTER (item 1 fig. 1) to confirm.

6.14 C.H. HIGH/LOW TEMPERATURE

The boiler comes set, in Central heating, at the 80°C flow temperature.

It is possible to adjust the max set-point to max 50°.

- Press INFO and arrow down buttons together (item 6 and 4 fig. 1) for 5 seconds to enter in USER PARAMETERS mode.
- Use arrow up and arrow down buttons (item 3 and 4 fig. 1), to select P004.
- Use arrow up and arrow down buttons (item 3 and 4 fig. 1) to select the followings option: "0" low temperature, "1" hight temperature.

6.15 RANGE RATING CENTRAL HEATING OR/AND DOMESTIC HOT WATER

The boiler comes set, in Central heating, at the MID RANGE of its output.

The boiler has already been adjusted by the manufacturer during production. If the adjustments need to be made again, observe the following procedures.

The adjustment to fan speed must be strictly in the sequence indicated, by qualified personnel only.

To check max fan speed, see tables 10/A and 10/B.

Press INFO and arrow down buttons together (item 6 and 4 fig. 1) for 5 seconds to enter in USER PARAMETERS mode.

- Use arrow up and arrow down buttons (item 3 and 4 fig. 1) to select the followings options:
 - P001 CH max fan speed.
 - P002 DHW max fan speed.
 - Press enter (item 1 fig. 1) to select CH or DHW fan speed. Adjust if necessary.

6.16 TEST MODE

It is possible to activate the test mode by USER PARAMETERS (see section 1.4) or directly by pressing the INFO and the RESET buttons together (item 6 and 2 fig. 1) for 5 seconds.

Press the arrow up and the arrow down buttons to set the maximum or minimum fan speed.

The function is enabled for maximum 15 minutes.

Press RESET to esc test mode.

6.17 INSTRUCTING THE USER

After completion of the installation and commissioning of the system, the installer should hand over to the householder by taking the following actions:

- To the Householder explain his/her responsibilities under The Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998.
- Explain and demonstrate the lighting and shutting down procedures.
- Show the user the location of the filling valve and how to top-up the system pressure correctly.
- Explain the operation of the boiler including the use and adjustment of ALL system controls which should be fully explained to the householder. This will ensure the optimum fuel economy for the household requirements of both heating and hot water consumption. Advise the User of the precautions necessary to prevent damage to the

TABLE 10/A

Range rating regulation of Central Heating								
Heat input (kW) Fan speed (rpm)								
C.H. regulations	HE 80 S	HE 98 S	HE 80 S	HE 98 S				
Maximum setting	21	25	5200 (nat gas) - 5000 (lpg)	5400 (nat gas) - 5200 (lpg)				
Minimum setting	3,7	4	1200	1200				

TABLE 10/B

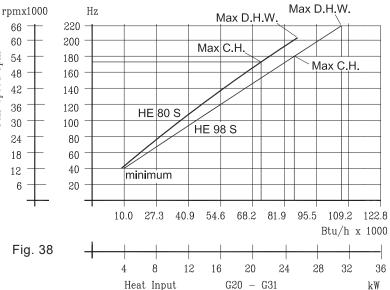
rpm

Speed

fan

Range rating regulation of Domestic water								
Heat input (kW) Fan speed (rpm)								
D.H.W. regulations	HE 80 S	HE 98 S	HE 80 S	HE 98 S				
Maximum setting	25,5	31	6200 (nat gas) - 6000 (lpg)	6600 (nat gas) - 6400 (lpg)				
Minimum setting	3,7	4	1200	1200				

RATIO BETWEEN FAN SPEED AND HEAT INPUT



system, and to the building, in the event of the system remaining inoperative during frost conditions.

- Explain the function and the use of the boiler, the summer/winter button, the ON/OFF switch and the reset of the digital display.
- Explain and demonstrate the function of the temperature controls, radiator valves etc. for the economic use of the system.
- If an external time clock is fitted, then draw attention to ensure the boiler timer is left in the manual position.
- Stress the importance of regular servicing by a qualified Heating Engineer and that a comprehensive service should be carried out AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR.
- Fill in the Benchmark log book and leave completed with the customer.
- Explain to the user how to isolate the appliance from the gas, water and electricity supplies and the locations of all drain points.

7 SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS

Ravenheat is a member of the Benchmark initiative and fully supports the aims of the programme.

Benchmark was instructed to improve the standards of installation and commissioning of central heating systems in the UK and to encourage the regular servicing of all central heating systems to ensure safety and efficiency.



Combustion testing must be carried out by competent person using a combustion analyser conforming to BS7927.

During routine servicing, and after any maintenance or change of part of the combustion circuit, the following must be checked:

- The integrity of the flue system and the flue seals.
- The integrity of the boiler combustion circuit and the relevant seals.
- The operational dynamic (working) gas inlet pressure at maximum rate.
- The gas rate.
- The combustion performance (Refer to page 65).
- Check all joints and connections in the appliance and remake any that show signs of leakage.

NOTE:

Service consumables are not covered by the warranty.

To view warranty exclusions please visit www.ravenheat.co.uk or contact us on 01132 527007.

COMPETENCE TO CARRY OUT THE CHECK OF COMBUSTION PERFORMANCE.

Please note: BS6798:2009 Specification for installation and maintenance of gas-fired boilers of rated input not exceeding 70 kW net advises that:

- The person carrying out a combustion measurement should have been assessed as competent in the use of a flue gas analyser and the interpretation of the results.
- The flue gas analyser used should be one meeting the requirements of BS7927 or BS-EN 50379-3 and be calibrated in accordance with the analyser manufacturers requirements.
- Competence can be demonstrated by satisfactory completion of the CPA1 ACS assessment which covers the use of electronic portable combustion gas analysers in accordance with BS 7967, Parts 1 to 4.

7.1 BOILER FROST PROTECTION

The appliance has a built in frost protection device that protects the boiler from freezing. With the gas and electric supplies ON and irrespective of any room thermostat setting, the frost protection device will operate the pump when the temperature falls below 10 °C and will operate the burner when the temperature falls below 5°C.

The burner will switch off when the temperature reaches 27 °C. When the frost protection device operates "AF" is displayed on the digital display.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

The system should be protected by incorporating a system frost thermostat.

To ensure continued efficient operation of the appliance it is necessary to carry out servicing and cleaning at regular intervals. The frequency of servicing and cleaning will depend upon the particular installation conditions and usage but in general, once a year is advisable.

WARNING:

Before the start of any servicing or replacement of components always isolate the electricity supply to the appliance and always turn off the appliance gas supply at the gas service cock.

The data badge is positioned low on the inside left panel.

- The following notes apply to the appliance and its controls but it should be remembered that attention must also be paid to the heating and hot water circuits with special attention to radiator valves, thermostats, clocks, leaking hot water taps etc.
- Where it is necessary to replace a gasket that relies on adhesive for securing - this adhesive will be supplied with the gasket as a spare item.
- In all cases prior to servicing, remove the front panel of the case. Operate the appliance by turning the hot water services on to a high water flow. Measurement of the products of combustion can be achieved by connection of a probe to the combustion analyser test point.

- IMPORTANT:

After completing any servicing or replacement of gas carrying components it is essential that a test for gas soundness is always carried out along with functional checks in operation.

7.2 TO INSPECT AND CLEAN THE APPLIANCE

Before carrying out the cleaning operation, cover the electrical control panel with a piece of waterproof material to protect it from debris. Inspect the heat exchanger for any blockage. Deposits of any material should be brushed away using a soft brush.

NOTE: Do not use brushes with metallic bristles.

Examine internal pipe-work connections and automatic air vent for any water leaks and rectify if necessary. Examine and remove loose debris from the combustion chamber using a soft brush and vacuum cleaner. Carefully flush, by spraying water at any remaining debris through the condensate trap.

(Ensure the water is kept away from electrical components).

Inspect the siphonic condensate trap for a blockage. Remove the cap at the base of the condensate trap. Remove any debris found. Remove the float to clean it. Any deposits should be flushed out. Reassemble and refit the condensing trap.

When refitting the cap ensure that a watertight seal is achieved, but do not use excessive force.

Examine the spark and sensing electrodes for any mechanical damage. Clean away any debris and check the spark and sensing gap.

Examine flue duct and flue manifold and ensure that there is no obstruction. Examine the gasket at the entry into the flue manifold.

It is essential that a good seal is made at the outlet to the flue manifold, renew this gasket if there is any sign of damage or deterioration.

8 REPLACEMENT OF PARTS

8.1 GENERAL

Replacement of parts must be carried out by a competent person.

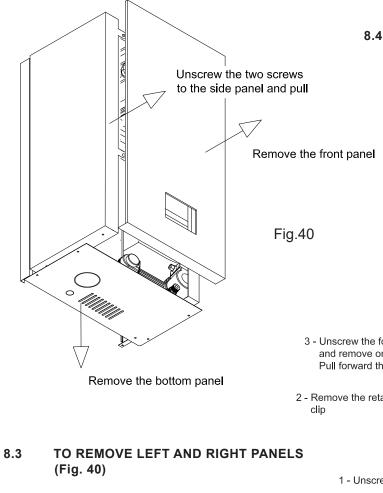
Before replacing any parts the boiler should be isolated from the mains electric supply and the gas should be turned off at the service cock on the boiler.

After replacing any parts always test for gas soundness and if necessary carry out functional test of the controls.

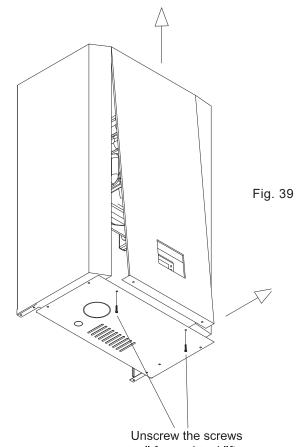
For replacement of parts, the front, and bottom panels of the boiler will need to be removed (it is not necessary to remove the side panels as all parts are accessible from the front or beneath the boiler).

8.2 TO REMOVE THE BOILER PANELS

To remove the front panel unscrew the two lower screws that secure the front panel to the boiler and lift off.



Remove the front panel (fig. 39). Unscrew the four screws to the bottom panel. Unscrew the two screws to the side panel and pull.



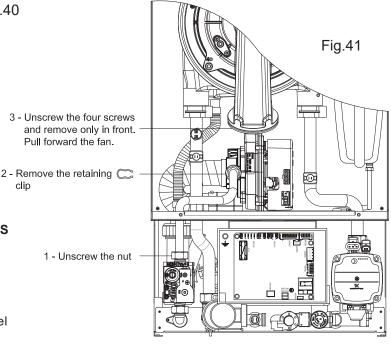
pull forward and lift up

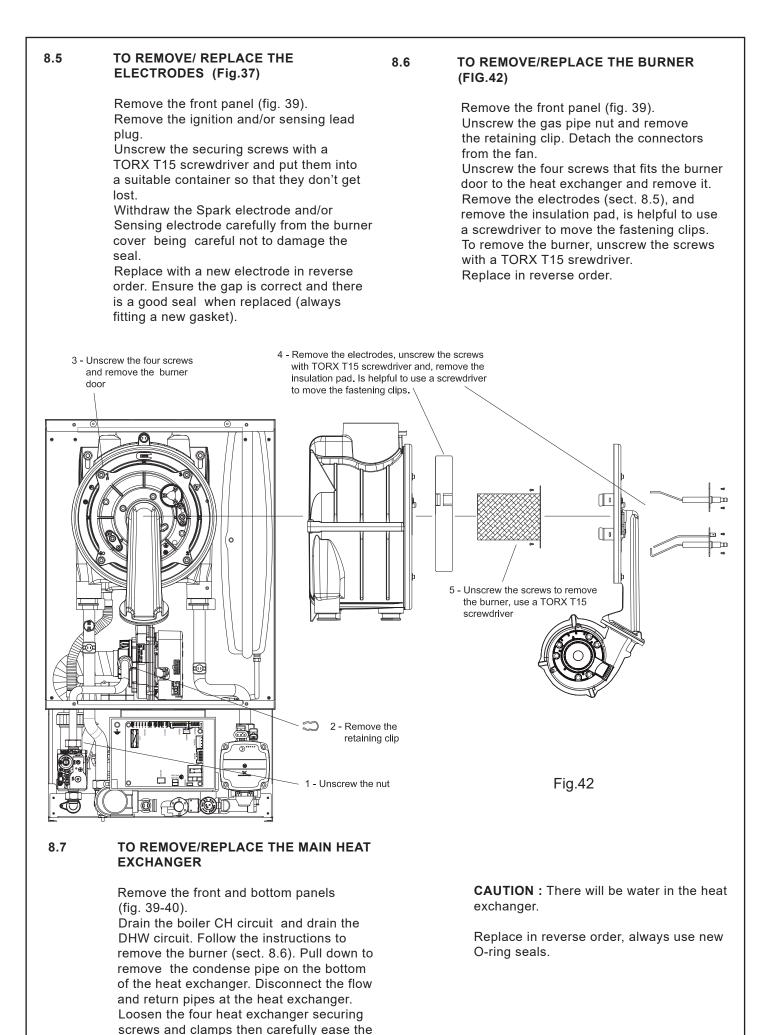
TO REMOVE/REPLACE FAN (Fig. 41)

Remove the front panel (fig. 39). Unscrew the gas pipe nut and remove the retaining clip. Detach the connectors from the fan. Unscrew the four screws that fix the fan and remove only in front screws.

Pull forward the fan.

Replace in reverse order (always fitting a new gasket).





heat exchanger out.

8.8 TO REMOVE/REPLACE EXPANSION VESSEL (Fig.43)

Remove the front and bottom panels (fig. 39-40).

Close the on/off valves for the heating circuit and drain the water at the drain point (fig.36). Unscrew the fixing bracket and the nut connecting the expansion vessel. Lift up the vessel and remove.

Replace in reverse order. Use a new gasket, taking care to ensure they are replaced correctly.

8.9 TO REMOVE/REPLACE GAS VALVE (Fig. 44)

Remove the front and bottom panels (fig. 39-40).

Unscrew the nut at the top and the four screws on the bottom of the gas valve. Replace in reverse order.

IMPORTANT:

when the gas valve is re-fitted, **check combustion** CO₂ **and adjust if necessary (see section 6.9)**.

8.10 TO REMOVE/REPLACE PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER (Fig. 44)

Remove the front and bottom panels (fig. 39-40).

Remove the panel control box (sect. 8.22).

Close off the on/off valves for CH circuit and DHW circuit and drain the boiler and drain hot water from the lowest hot water tap.

Unscrew the two allen screws that connect the DHW heat exchanger and pull it out from the boiler (fig. 46). If necessary the pipes from the flow manifold may have to be removed for easier access. Lift up the plate heat exchanger.

Replace in reverse order. NOTE: Always use new O-rings.

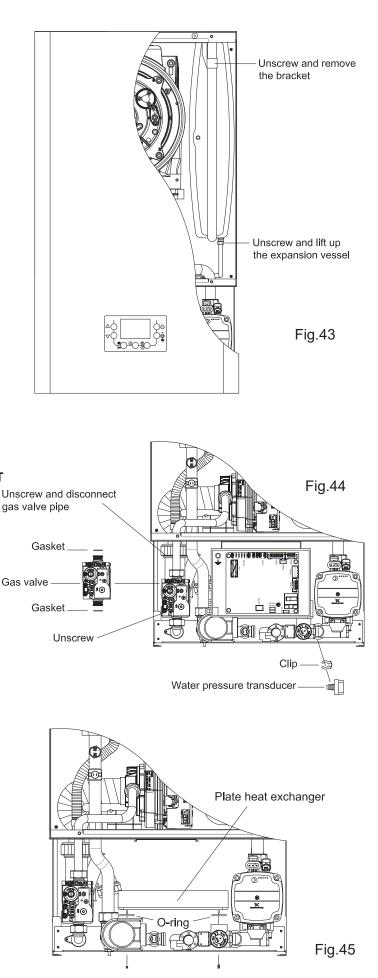
8.11 TO REMOVE/REPLACE THE WATER PRESSURE TRANSDUCER (Fig. 45)

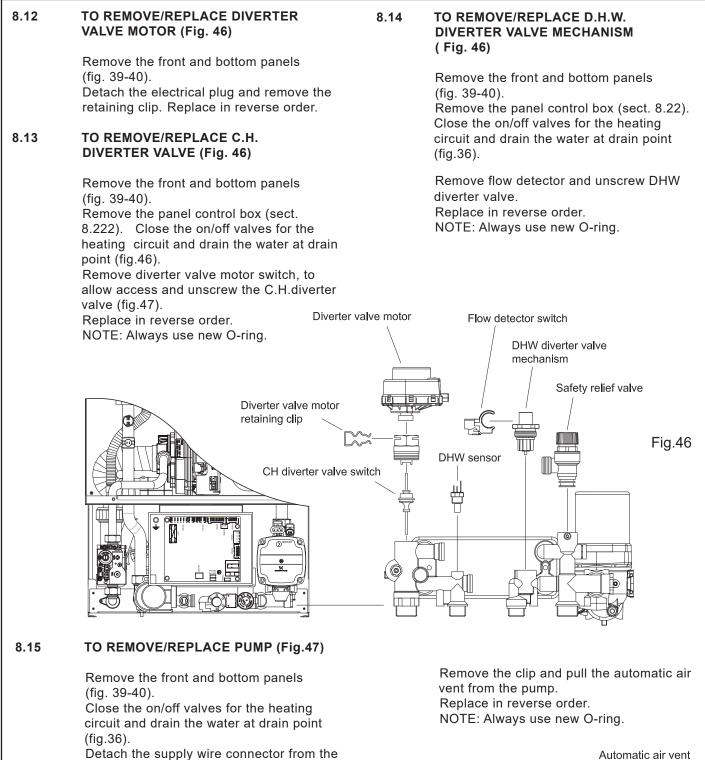
Remove the front and bottom panels (fig. 39-40). Close the on/off valves for the heating

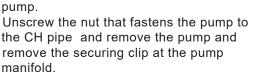
circuit and drain the water at drain point (fig.36).

Detach the wire connector, remove the securing clip.

Replace in reverse order.





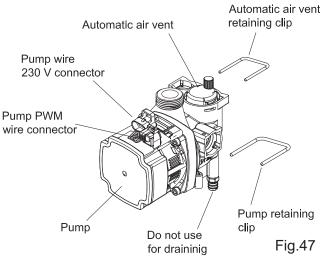


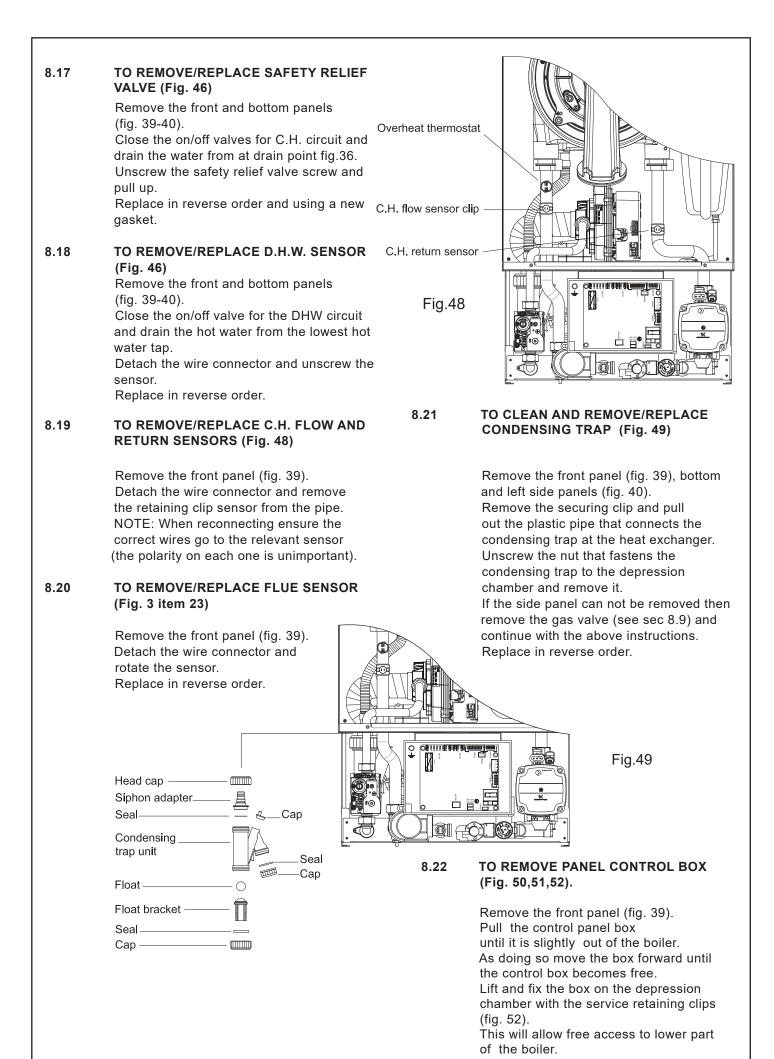
Replace in reverse order. NOTE: Always use new O-ring.

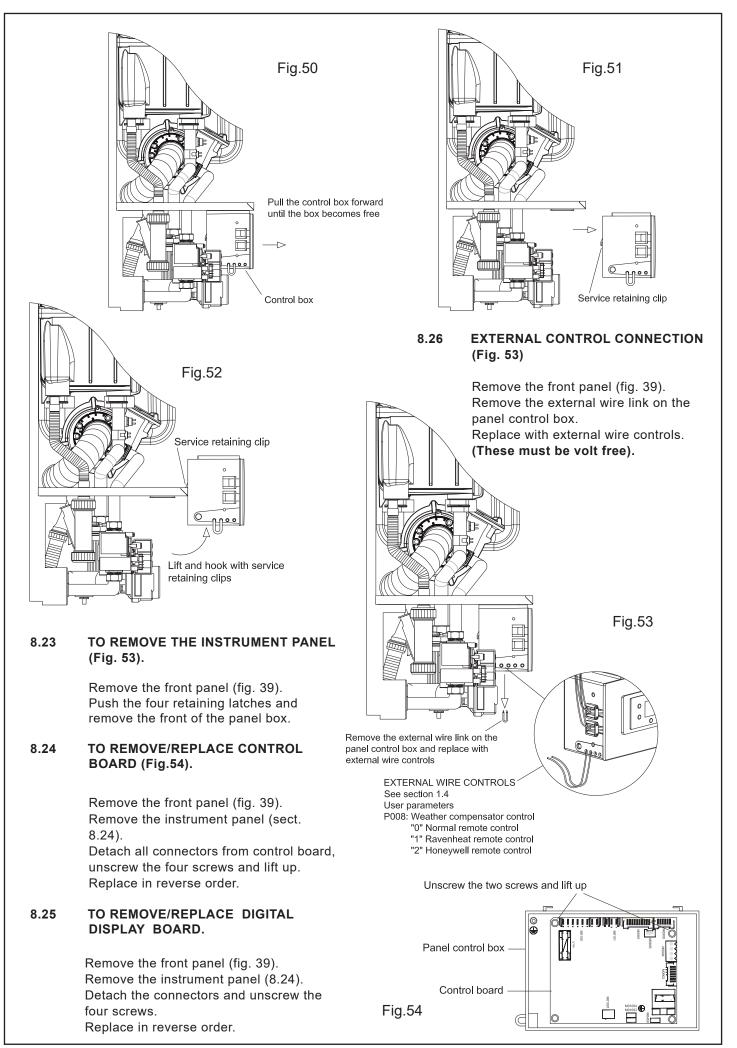
8.16 TO REMOVE/REPLACE AUTOMATIC AIR VENT (Fig. 47)

Remove the front and bottom panels (fig. 39-40).

Remove the panel control box (sect. 8.22). Close the on/off valves for C.H. circuit and drain the water from at drain point Fig.36.

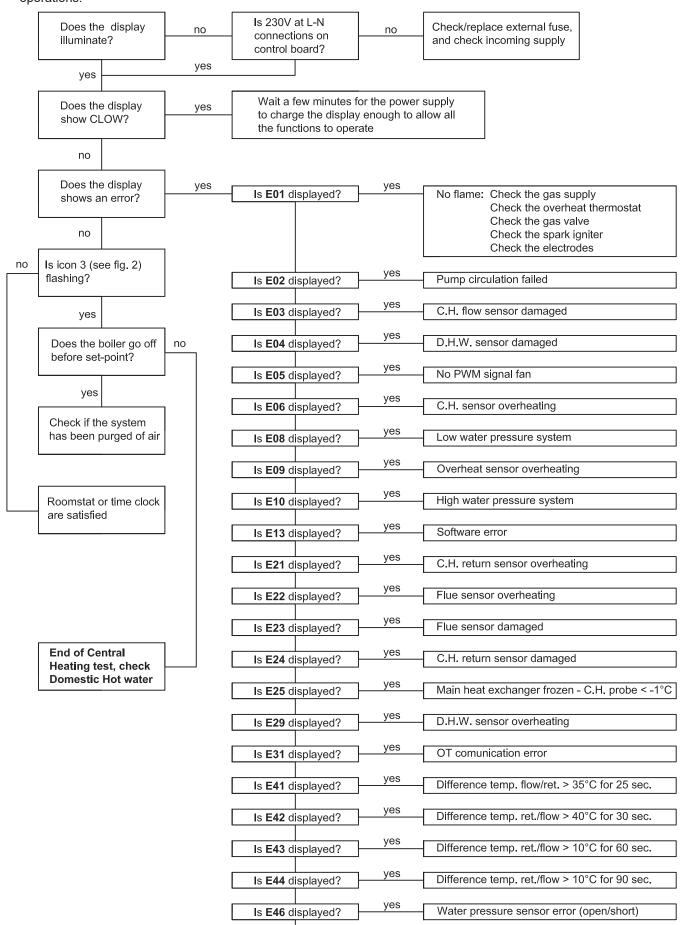






9 FAULT FINDING CENTRAL HEATING

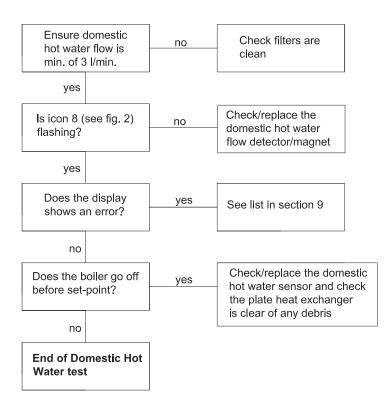
Before trying to operate the boiler make sure that: all gas supply cocks are open and the gas supply has been purged of air. The heating system pressure is at least 1 bar min to 1.5 bar max, select winter position on the digital display and set the central heating temperature to maximum. (sect. 1.5). Ensure external controls are calling for heat (room thermostat/ digital clock) and check the following appliance operations:

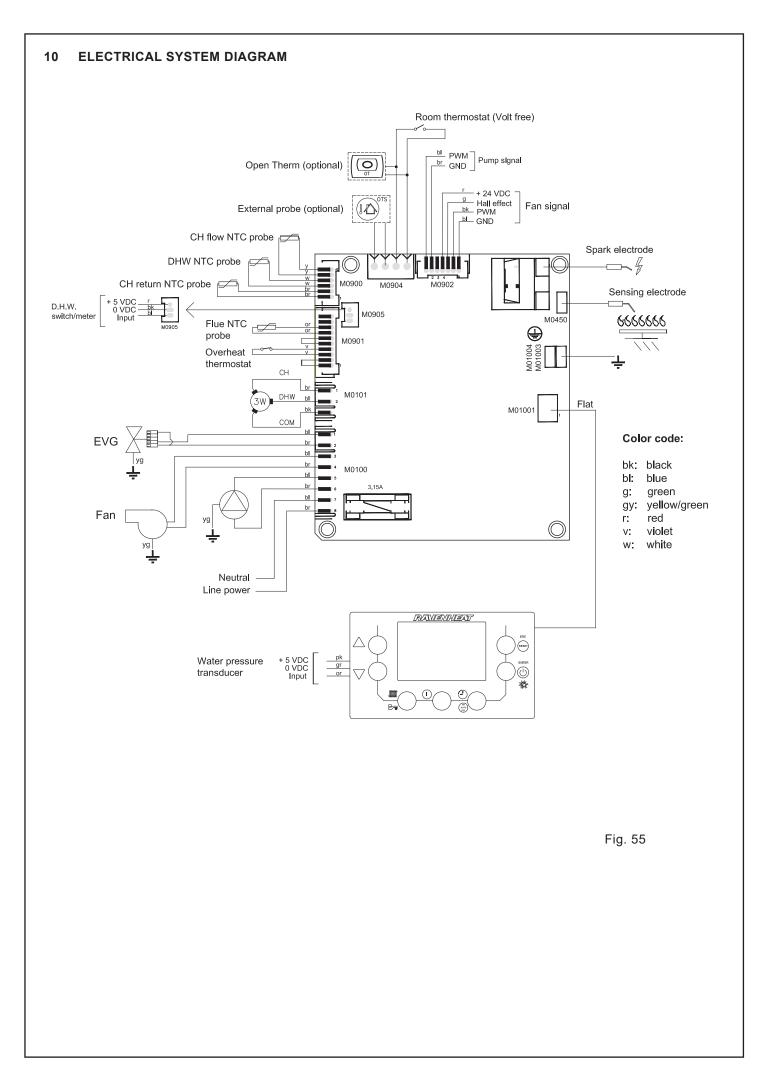


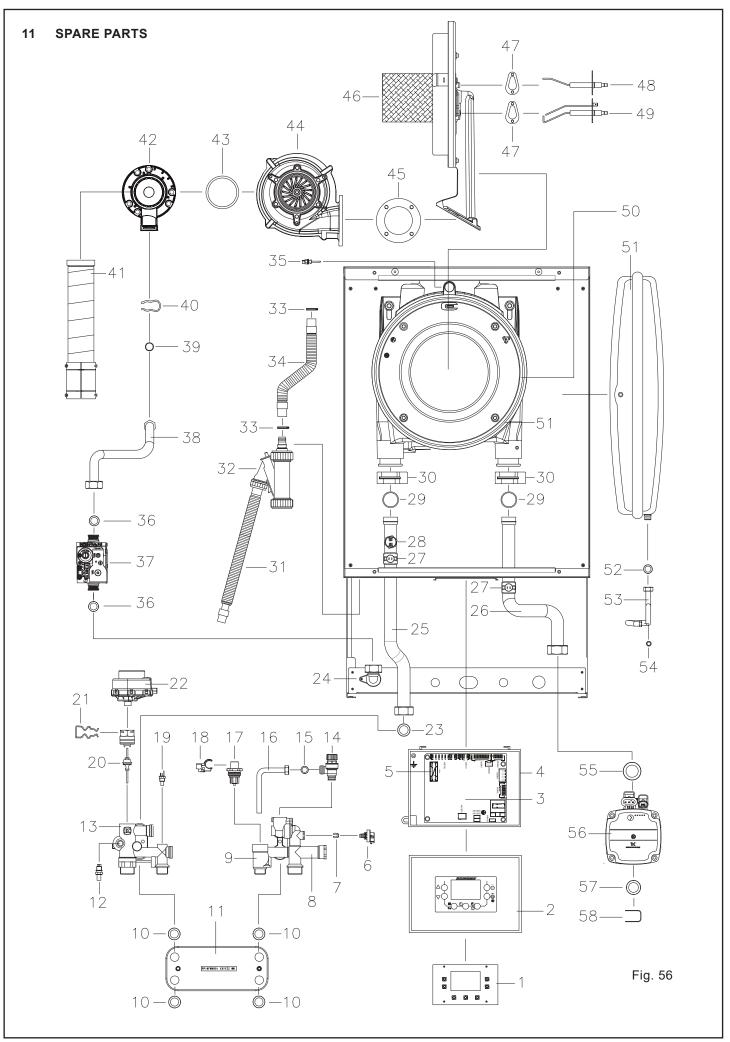
9.1 FAULT FINDING DOMESTIC HOT WATER

Before continuing see section 9, and after selecting the summer position on the digital display and setting the domestic hot water temperature to maximum (sect.1.5).

Open the domestic hot tap and check the following appliance operations:







RAVENHEAT HE 80 S - HE 98 S HIGH EFFICIENCY CONDENSING COMBINATION BOILER

SHORT LIST OF SPARE PARTS AND FLUE ACCESSORIES

Pos.	Part. No.	G.C.	Description					
		Part. No.						
1	CIR150250		Digital display					
2	PAN150070		Instrument panel with timer					
3	CIR160050		Control board					
4	SCA110051		Instrument panel box					
5	FUS010150		Internal fuse 3.15 A					
6	TRA150100		Water pressure transducer					
7	FOR150250		Water pressure transducer clip					
8	GRU150120		Return manifold					
9	GRU150100		Turbine manifold	_				
10	ORI110450		Plate heat exchanger O-ring					
11	SCA150150		HE 80 S plate heat exchanger					
11.1	SCA150200		HE 98 S plate heat exchanger					
12	VAL150250		Drain valve					
13	GRU150050		Flow manifold					
14	VAL150100		Safety relief valve					
15	5018025		1/2" gasket (GUA010200)					
16	TUB150480		Safety relief valve pipe					
17	TUR150050		Turbine					
18	RIV150050		Flow detector switch	_				
19	SON150050		D.H.W. sensor					
20	OTT150050		Diverter valve by-pass					
21	FOR150150		Diverter valve motor clip					
22	MOT150050		Diverter valve motor					
23	5018030		3/4"gasket (GUA010250)					
24	TUB160170		Gas valve inlet pipe					
25	TUB160070		Flow pipe					
26	TUB160120		Return pipe					
27	SON110100		C.H. FLOW and return sensors (SON110150)					
28	TER130050		Overheat thermostat					
29	ORI110250		Primary heat exchanger O-ring					
30	MOL160050		Primary heat exchanger clip					
31	TUB110150		Flexible condensing pipe (TUB110300)					
32	RAC110050		Condensing trap					
33	FAS150050		Condensing trap pipe hose clamp 12-22					
34	TUB160050		Condensing pipe					
35	SON130050		Temperature flow sensor					
36	GUA010260		3/4" gas valve gasket					
37	VAL150300		Gas valve					

Pos.	Part. No.	G.C.	Description							
		Part. No.								
38	TUB160170		Gas valve outlet pipe							
39	ORI160050		Air/gas mixer junction O-ring							
40	FOR150100		Air/gas mixer junction clip							
41	SIL150050		Silencer							
42	MIX150050		HE 80 S air/gas mixer							
42.1	MIX150150		HE 98 S air/gas mixer							
43	ORI110050		Air/gas mixer - fan O-ring							
44	VEN160050		Fan							
45	GUA110052		Fan - burner gasket							
46	BRU160100		Burner							
47	GUA150050		Sensing/spark electrode gasket							
48	CAN160100		Sensing electrode							
49	CAN160050		Spark electrode							
50	SCA160100		Main heat exchanger							
51	VAS150050		Expansion vessel							
52	GUA050050		3/8" gasket (GUA060111)							
53	TUB150120		Expansion vessel pipe							
54	GUA010050		1/4" gasket							
55	GUA010310		1" gasket (GUA010311)							
56	CIR150270		Pump							
57	ORI150150		Pump O-ring							
58	FOR150200		Pump clip							
/	IMP160050		Wiring harness							

Plume Management Kit (see sect. 5.6)

Part. No.	Description
TER160050	1 metre high plume kit
CUR110050	45° flue exhaust deflection bend
CUR110100	90° flue exhaust deflection bend

Accessories concentric flue 60/100 (see sect. 5.12 - Table 7)

Part. No.	Description	
COL160050	Straight flue header / sample point 60/100	
FLA110050	Flue adaptor	
PRFE	Flue Extension 60/100 L1000	
PR45FBI	45° bend 60/100	
PR90FBI	90° elbow bend 60/100	
TER160050	Horizontal terminal 60/100	
TER110200	Vertical flue Terminal	

Accessories concentric flue 80/125 (see sect. 5.18)

Part. No.	Description	
COL160050	Straight flue header / sample point 60/10	
PRO110300	Flue Extension 80/125 L1000	
RID110050	125/80 to 100/60 Flue reducer	
CUR110250	45° bend 80/125	
CUR110300	90° elbow bend 80/125	
TER010050	Horizontal Flue Terminal 80/125	
TER110200	Vertical Flue Terminal 80/125	
TEG060050	Flashing sleeve/slate	

Accessories eccentric flue 80/80 (see sect. 5.13 - 5.14 - 5.15 - 5.16 - 5.17)

Part. No.	Description
SDO160050	Twin flue header F80/80
PRO110200	Straight pipe L1000 80
CUR110150	90° elbow bend 80
CUR110200	45° bend 80
GRI110050	Air inlet terminal 80
GRI110100	Exhaust terminal 80
TER060110	Vertical eccentric flue terminal



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E-mail:	sales@ravenheat.co.uk

Ravenheat reserves the right to make changes and improvements in our products which may affect the accuracy of the information contained in this leaflet.

12 BENCHMARK COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST DETAILS

Boiler	Page	Page
Make and model1	4/17	Burner operating pressuren/a
Appliance serial no. on data badgeLeft side	panel	Central heating flow temp measure and record
Controls		Central heating return tempmeasure and record
Temperature control to heating	12	For combination boilers only
Temperature control to hot water	12	Scale reducer25
Heating zone valves	n/a	Hot water mode
Auto by-pass	22	Max. operating burner pressuremeasure and record
Boiler interlock	22	Max. operating water pressuremeasure and record
		Cold water inlet temp measure and record
For all boilers		Hot water temp measure and record
Flushing to BS7593	24	Water flow rate at max. setting measure and record
Inhibitor	25	For condensing boiler only
Central heating mode		Condensate drain
Heat inputto be calcula	ated	For all boilers: complete, sign & hand over to the customer.

NOTE TO THE INSTALLER: COMPLETE THE BENCHMARK COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST AND LEAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS WITH APPLIANCE



For assistance please call Ravenheat technical helpline: telephone: 0113 252 7007 fax: 0113 238 0229 e-mail: sales@ravenheat.co.uk

Code Of Practice

For the installation, commissioning and servicing of domestic heating and hot water products

Benchmark places responsibilities on both manufacturers and installers.* The purpose is to ensure that customers** are provided with the correct equipment for their needs, that it is installed, commissioned and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions by competent persons and that it meets the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations. Installers are required to carry out work in accordance with the following:



- Be competent and qualified to undertake the work required.
- Install, commission, service and use products in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions provided.
- Ensure that where there is responsibility for design work, the installation is correctly sized and fit for purpose.
- Meet the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations. Where this involves notifiable work be a member of a Competent Persons Scheme or confirm that the customer has notified Local Authority Building Control (LABC), prior to work commencing.
- Complete all relevant sections of the Benchmark Checklist/Service Record when carrying out commissioning or servicing of a product or system.
- Ensure that the product or system is left in a safe condition and, whenever possible, in good working order.
- Highlight to the customer any remedial or improvement work identified during the course of commissioning or servicing work.
- Refer to the manufacturer's helpline where assistance is needed.
- Report product faults and concerns to the manufacturer in a timely manner.

Customer Service

- Show the customer any identity card that is relevant to the work being carried out prior to commencement or on request.
- Give a full and clear explanation/demonstration of the product or system and its operation to the customer.
- Hand over the manufacturer's instructions, including the Benchmark Checklist, to the customer on completion of an installation.
- Obtain the customer's signature, on the Benchmark Checklist, to confirm satisfactory demonstration and receipt of manufacturer's instructions.
- Advise the customer that regular product servicing is needed, in line with manufacturers' recommendations, to ensure that safety and efficiency is maintained.
- Respond promptly to calls from a customer following completion of work, providing advice and assistance by phone and, if necessary, visiting the customer.
- Rectify any installation problems at no cost to the customer during the installer's guarantee period.

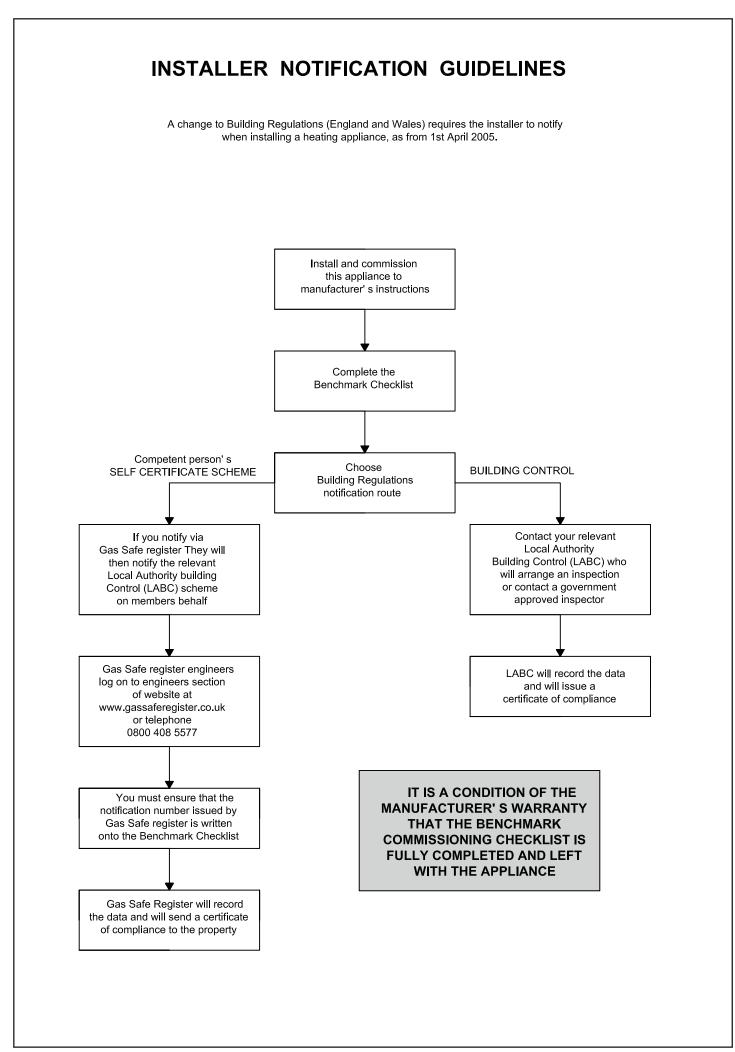
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*The use of the word "installer" is not limited to installation itself and covers those carrying out installation, commissioning and/or servicing of heating and hot water products, or the use of supporting products (such as water treatment or test equipment).

**Customer includes householders, landlords and tenants.

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Benchmark Commissioning and Servicing Section

It is a requirement that the boiler is installed and commissioned to the manufacturers instructions and the data fields on the commissioning checklist completed in full.

To instigate the boiler guarantee the boiler needs to be registered with the manufacturer within one month of the installation.

To maintain the boiler guarantee it is essential that the boiler is serviced annually by a Gas Safe registered engineer who has been trained on the boiler installed. The service details should be recorded on the Benchmark Service Interval Record and left with the householder.



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FLOWCHART FOR CO LEVEL AND COMBUSTION RATIO CHECK ON COMMISSIONING A CONDENSING BOILER

Important Preliminary Information on Checks The air gas ratio valve is factory-set and must not be adjusted DURING COMMISSIONING. If the boiler requires conversion to operate with a different gas family (e.g. conversion from natural gas to LPG) separate guidance is provided with the conversion kit supplied and this must be followed. PRIOR TO CO LEVEL AND COMBUSTION RATIO CHECK The installation instructions must have been followed, gas type verified and gas supply pressure / gas rate checked as required prior to commissioning. As part of the installation process, ESPECIALLY WHERE A FLUE HAS BEEN FITTED BY PERSONS OTHER THAN THE BOILER INSTALLER, visually check the integrity of the whole flue system to confirm that all components are correctly assembled, fixed and supported. Check that maximum flue lengths have not been exceeded and all guidance has been followed (e.g. Gas Safe Register Technical Bulletin (TB) 008 where chimney/flues are in voids).

The ECGA should be of the correct type, as specified by BS 7967.

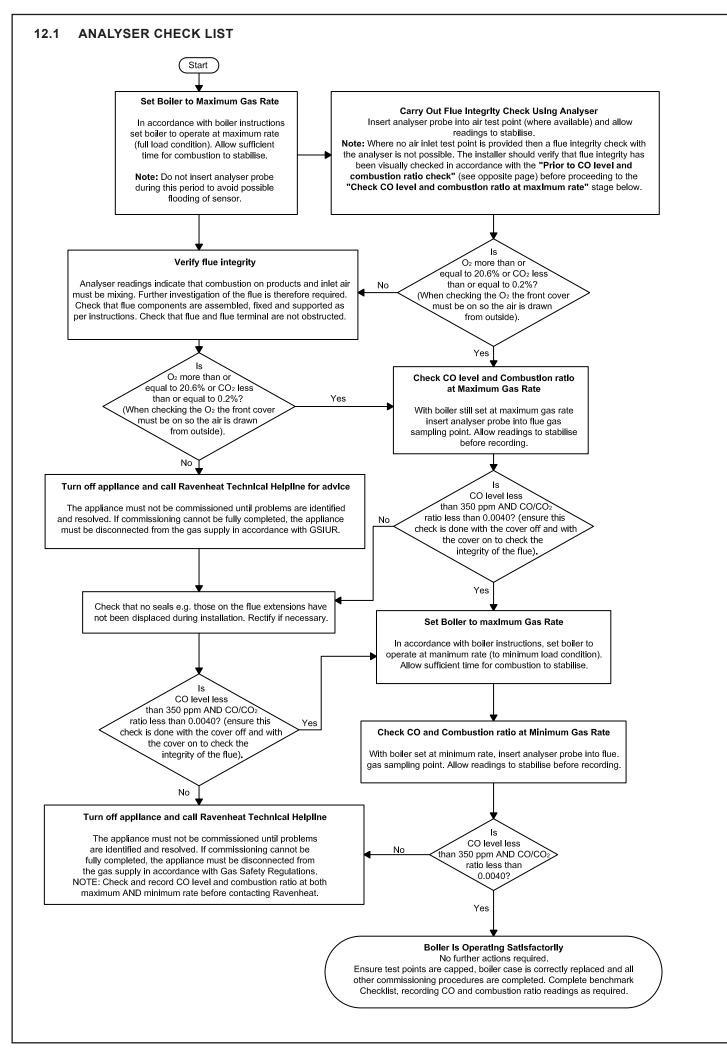
Prior to its use, the ECGA should have been maintained and calibrated as specified by the manufacturer. The installer must have the relevant competence for use of the analyser.

Check and zero the analyser IN FRESH AIR in accordance with the analyser manufacturer's instructions.

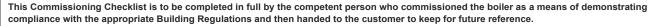
KEY: CO = carbon monoxide CO₂ = carbon dioxide O₂ = oxygen Combustion Ratio = The CO reading measured in ppm divided by the CO ₂ reading first converted to ppm ppm = parts per million

Setting to Minimum Rate:

- 1 Put the boiler in Test mode function (see section 6.16)
- 2 Create a CH demand by ensuring that the system controls are requesting heat and the boiler is set in the Winter Position.
- 3 Press the arrow down button to set the minimum fan speed.
- 5 The function is enabled for maximum 15 minutes, press reset to esc test mode.



GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST



RAVENHEAT

Failure to install and commission according to the manufacturer's instructions and complete this Benchmark Commissioning Checklist will invalidate the warranty. This does not affect the customer's statutory rights.

Customer name:				Teleph	none nur	nber:							
Address:													
Boiler make and model:													
Boiler serial number:													
Commissioned by (PRINT NAME):				Gas S	afe regis	ster numb	er:						
Company name: Telephone number:													
Company address:													
Commissioning date:													
To be completed by the customer on	receipt of a Buildi	ng Regulat	ions Compliand	ce Cert	ificate*								
Building Regulations Notification Number													
CONTROLS (tick the appropriate boxes	5)	De ave the							D			41	4 - 4
Time and temperature control to heating)	Room the	rmostat and prog	-					Progra		le room		
			Load/weather								otimum		
Time and temperature control to hot wat	ter (Sylinder the	rmostat and prog	gramme							Combir		
Heating zone valves					Fitted							Not rec	
Hot water zone valves					Fitted							Not rec	
Thermostatic radiator valves					Fitted							Not rec	
Automatic bypass to system					Fitted						1	Not rec	
Boiler interlock												Pro	vided
ALL SYSTEMS													
The system has been flushed and clean	ed in accordance w	ith BS7593	and boiler manu	ufacture	er's instr	uctions							Yes
What system cleaner was used?													
What inhibitor was used?									C	Quantit	у		litre
Has a primary water system filter been in	nstalled?									Yes			No
CENTRAL HEATING MODE measure a	and record:												
Gas rate				n³/hr			OR			1			ft³/h
Burner operating pressure (if applicable))			nbar	()R Gas ir		SUIRA					mba
Central heating flow temperature)			Ibai		JI Gas II	liet pre-	suic					۵۵۱۱۱)°
													°(
Central heating return temperature													
COMBINATION BOILERS ONLY													
Is the installation in a hard water area (a	above 200ppm)?									Yes			No
If yes, and if required by the manufactur	er, has a water scal	e reducer b	een fitted?							Yes			No
What type of scale reducer has been fitt	ed?												
DOMESTIC HOT WATER MODE Measu	ure and Record:												
Gas rate			n	n³/hr			OR						ft³/h
Burner operating pressure (at maximum	ı rate)		n	nbar C)R Gas i	nlet press	sure at i	naximur	n rate				mba
Cold water inlet temperature													°(
Hot water has been checked at all outlet	ts							Yes	5	Temp	perature	9	°(
Water flow rate													l/mii
CONDENSING BOILERS ONLY													
The condensate drain has been installed	d in accordance with	the manuf	acturer's instruc	tions a	nd/or BS	5546/BS	6798						Yes
ALL INSTALLATIONS													
	At max. rate:		CO		ppm	AND	CO/0	:0.			Ratio		
Record the following:	At min. rate: (when	e nossible)			ppm	AND	CO/C				Ratio		
The heating and hot water system comp		. ,			Phil		00/0				Auto		Yes
The boiler and associated products have					the ma	nufacture	r'e inct	uctions					Yes
							1 5 11 50	ucuOIIS					
The operation of the boiler and system of					•		with th		or				Yes
The manufacturer's literature, including		stand Selv	ice Record, nas	neeu e	:xpiaineo			custon	iei				Yes
Commissioning Engineer's Signature													
Customer's Signature													
(To confirm satisfactory demonstration a	and receipt of manuf	acturer's lite	erature)										
*All installations in England and Wales m Competent Persons Scheme. A Building								ugh a		be THE MARK O AND SERVICI	F QUALITY FOR NG OF DOMESTI		COLLECTIVE MARK
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SERVICE RECORD

It is recommended that your heating system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Interval Record is completed.

Service Provider

Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions. Always use the manufacturer's specified spare part when replacing controls.

SERVICE 01				Date:	SER	RVICE 02			Date:	
Engineer name:					Engineer	name:				
Company name:					Compan	Company name:				
Telephone No:						Telephone No:				
Gas safe	register No:	1			Gas safe	register No:	1			
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	
	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %		At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	
Commen	IS:				Commer	its:				
Signature				Signature	Signature					
SERVICE 03				Date:		VICE 04		Date:		
Engineer name:						Engineer name:				
Company name:						Company name:				
Telephone No:						Telephone No:				
Gas safe register No:					Gas safe register No:					
	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %		At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	
Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	
Commen					Commer					
Signature	!				Signatur	Signature				
-				1						
SERVICE 05			Date:		VICE 06			Date:		
Engineer name:						Engineer name:				
Company name:						Company name:				
Telephon						Telephone No:				
Gas sate	register No:	00		00.00	Gas sate	e register No:	00		00.01	
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm CO ppm	AND AND	CO ₂ %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm CO ppm	AND AND	CO ₂ %	
Common	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	002 70	Commor	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO ₂ %	
Comments: Comments:										
Signature S						2				
SERVICE 07			Date:	SER	SERVICE 08			Date:		
Engineer name:						name:				
Company name:						Company name:				
Telephone No:					Telephor	Telephone No:				
Gas safe register No:					Gas safe	Gas safe register No:				
Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	Record:	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	
Record.	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	ittecolu.	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	
Commen	s:				Commer	its:				
Signature	1				Signature	e				
SERVICE 09 Date:					SER	SERVICE 10			Date:	
Engineer name:						Engineer name:				
Company name:						Company name:				
Telephone No:						Telephone No:				
Gas safe register No:						Gas safe register No:				
	At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %		At max. rate:	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	
Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	Record:	At min. rate: (Where Possible)	CO ppm	AND	CO2 %	
Commen	is:				Commer	its:				
Signature						Signature				
*All installs	ations in England and Wale	e must be potified	l to l c	al Authority Build	na Control /L	ABC) either directly or throu		en	chmark	
	nt Persons Scheme. A Build								COLLECTIVE MARK	

THE MARK OF QUALITY FOR THE INSTALLATION, COMM AND SERVICING OF DOMESTIC HEATING AND HOT WATER